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106TII CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R.438

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 25, 1999

Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

AN ACT

- To promote and enhance public safety through use of 911 as the universal emergency assistance number, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Wireless Communica-
- 3 tions and Public Safety Act of 1999".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

- 5 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
- 6 (1) the establishment and maintenance of an 7 end-to-end emergency communications infrastructure 8 among members of the public, local public safety, 9 fire service, and law enforcement officials, emergency 10 dispatch providers, and hospital emergency and 11 trauma care facilities will reduce response times for 12 the delivery of emergency care, assist in delivering 13 appropriate care, and thereby prevent fatalities, sub-14 stantially reduce the severity and extent of injuries, 15 reduce time lost from work, and save thousands of 16 lives and billions of dollars in health care costs;
 - (2) the rapid, efficient deployment of emergency telecommunications service requires statewide coordination of the efforts of local public safety, fire service, and law enforcement officials, and emergency dispatch providers, and the designation of 911 as the number to call in emergencies throughout the Nation;
 - (3) improved public safety remains an important public health objective of Federal, State, and

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- local governments and substantially facilitates inter state and foreign commerce;
 - (4) the benefits of wireless communications in emergencies will be enhanced by the development of state-wide plans to coordinate the efforts of local public safety, fire service, and law enforcement officials, emergency dispatch providers, emergency medical service providers on end-to-end emergency communications infrastructures; and
 - (5) the construction and operation of seamless, ubiquitous, and reliable wireless telecommunications systems promote public safety and provide immediate and critical communications links among members of the public, emergency medical service providers and emergency dispatch providers, public safety, fire service and law enforcement officials, and hospital emergency and trauma care facilities.
- 18 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to encour19 age and facilitate the prompt deployment throughout the
 20 United States of a seamless, ubiquitous, and reliable end21 to-end infrastructure for communications, including wire22 less communications, to meet the Nation's public safety
 23 and other communications needs.

1 SEC. 3. UNIVERSAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER.

- 2 (a) Establishment of Universal Service Emer-
- 3 GENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER.—Section 251(e) of the
- 4 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 251(e)) is
- 5 amended by adding at the end the following new para-
- 6 graph:
- 7 "(3) Universal emergency telephone
- 8 NUMBER.—The Commission and any agency or en-
- 9 tity to which the Commission has delegated author-
- ity under this subsection shall designate 911 as the
- 11 universal emergency telephone number within the
- 12 United States for reporting an emergency to appro-
- priate authorities and requesting assistance. Such
- designation shall apply to both wireline and wireless
- telephone service. In making such designation, the
- 16 Commission (and any such agency or entity) shall
- 17 provide appropriate transition periods for areas in
- which 911 is not in use as an emergency telephone
- number on the date of the enactment of the Wireless
- Communications and Public Safety Act of 1999.".
- 21 (b) TECHNICAL SUPPORT.—The Federal Commu-
- 22 nications Commission shall provide technical support to
- 23 States to support and encourage the development of state-
- 24 wide plans for the deployment and functioning of a com-
- 25 prehensive end-to-end emergency communications infra-
- 26 structure, including enhanced wireless 911 service, on a

- 1 coordinated statewide basis. In supporting and encourag-
- 2 ing such deployment and functioning, the Commission
- 3 shall consult and cooperate with State and local officials
- 4 responsible for emergency services and public safety, the
- 5 telecommunications industry (specifically including the
- 6 cellular and other wireless telecommunications service pro-
- 7 viders), the motor vehicle manufacturing industry, emer-
- 8 gency medical service providers and emergency dispatch
- 9 providers, special 911 districts, public safety, fire service
- 10 and law enforcement officials, consumer groups, and hos-
- 11 pital emergency and trauma care personnel (including
- 12 emergency physicians, trauma surgeons, and nurses).

13 SEC. 4. PARITY OF PROTECTION FOR PROVISION OR USE

- 14 **OF WIRELESS SERVICE.**
- 15 (a) Provider Parity.—A wireless carrier, and its
- 16 officers, directors, employees, vendors, and agents, shall
- 17 have immunity or other protection from liability of a scope
- 18 and extent that is not less than the scope and extent of
- 19 immunity or other protection from liability in a particular
- 20 jurisdiction that a local exchange company, and its offi-
- 21 cers, directors, employees, vendors, or agents, have under
- 22 Federal and State law applicable in such jurisdiction with
- 23 respect to wireline services, including in connection with
- 24 an act or omission involving—

- (1) development, design, installation, operation,
 maintenance, performance, or provision of wireless
 service;
 - (2) transmission errors, failures, network outages, or other technical difficulties that may arise in the course of transmitting or handling emergency calls or providing emergency services (including wireless 911 service); and
 - (3) release to a PSAP, emergency medical service provider or emergency dispatch provider, public safety, fire service or law enforcement official, or hospital emergency or trauma care facility of subscriber information related to emergency calls or emergency services involving use of wireless services.
- 15 (b) USER PARITY.—A person using wireless 911
 16 service shall have immunity or other protection from liabil17 ity in a particular jurisdiction of a scope and extent that
 18 is not less than the scope and extent of immunity or other
 19 protection from liability under Federal or State law appli20 cable in such jurisdiction in similar circumstances of a
 21 person using 911 service that is not wireless.
- 22 (c) EXCEPTION FOR STATE LEGISLATIVE ACTION.—
 23 The immunity or other protection from liability required
 24 by subsection (a)(1) shall not apply in any State that,
 25 prior to the expiration of 2 years after the date of the

1	enactment of this Act, enacts a statute that specifically
2	refers to this section and establishes a different standard
3	of immunity or other protection from liability with respect
4	to an act or omission involving development, design, instal-
5	lation, operation, maintenance, performance, or provision
6	of wireless service (other than wireless 911 service). The
7	enactment of such a State statute shall not affect the im-
8	munity or other protection from liability required by such
9	subsection (a)(1) with respect to acts or omissions occur-
10	ring before the date of the enactment of such State stat-
11	ute.
12	SEC. 5. AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE CUSTOMER INFORMA-
13	TION.
14	Section 222 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
15	U.S.C. 222) is amended—
16	(1) in subsection (d)—
17	(A) by striking "or" at the end of para-
18	graph (2);
19	(B) by striking the period at the end of
20	paragraph (3) and inserting a semicolon;
21	(C) by adding at the end the following new
22	paragraphs:
23	"(4) to provide call location information con-
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	cerning the user of a commercial mobile service (as

1	"(A) to a public safety answering point,
2	emergency medical service provider or emer-
3	gency dispatch provider, public safety, fire serv-
4	ice, or law enforcement official, or hospital
5	emergency or trauma care facility, in order to
6	respond to the user's call for emergency serv-
7	ices;
8	"(B) to inform the user's legal guardian or
9	members of the user's immediate family of the
10	user's location in an emergency situation that
11	involves the risk of death or serious physical
12	harm; or
13	"(C) to providers of information or data-
14	base management services solely for purposes of
15	assisting in the delivery of emergency services
16	in response to an emergency; or
17	"(5) to transmit automatic crash notification
18	information as part of the operation of an automatic
19	crash notification system.";
20	(2) by redesignating subsection (f) as sub-
21	section (h) and by inserting before such subsection
22	the following new subsections:
23	"(f) AUTHORITY TO USE WIRELESS LOCATION IN-
24	FORMATION.—For purposes of subsection (e)(1), without
25	the express prior authorization of the customer, a cus-

tomer shall not be considered to have approved the use 2 or disclosure of or access to— "(1) call location information concerning the 3 user of a commercial mobile service (as such term is 4 5 defined in section 332(d)), other than in accordance with subsection (d)(4); or 6 "(2) automatic crash notification information to 7 8 any person other than for use in the operation of an 9 automatic crash notification system. 10 "(g) Subscriber Listed and Unlisted Informa-TION FOR EMERGENCY SERVICES.—Notwithstanding sub-11 12 sections (b), (c), and (d), a telecommunications carrier that provides telephone exchange service shall provide information described in subsection (h)(3)(A) (including information pertaining to subscribers whose information is unlisted or unpublished) that is in its possession or control (including information pertaining to subscribers of other 17 carriers) on a timely and unbundled basis, under nondiscriminatory and reasonable rates, terms, and conditions to providers of emergency services, and providers of emergency support services, solely for purposes of delivering 21 or assisting in the delivery of emergency services."; 22 23 (3) in subsection (h)(1)(A) (as redesignated by paragraph (2)), by inserting "location," after "des-24 tination,"; and 25

1	(4) in such subsection (h), by adding at the end
2	the following new paragraphs:
3	"(4) Public safety answering point.—The
4	term 'public safety answering point' means a facility
5	that has been designated to receive emergency calls
6	and route them to emergency service personnel.
7	"(5) Emergency services.—The term 'emer-
8	gency services' means 911 emergency services and
9	emergency notification services.
10	"(6) Emergency notification services.—
11	The term 'emergency notification services' means
12	services that notify the public of an emergency.
13	"(7) EMERGENCY SUPPORT SERVICES.—The
14	term 'emergency support services' means informa-
15	tion or data base management services used in sup-
16	port of emergency services.".
17	SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.
18	As used in this Act:
19	(1) The term "State" means any of the several
20	States, the District of Columbia, or any territory or
21	possession of the United States.
22	(2) The term "public safety answering point"
23	or "PSAP" means a facility that has been des-
24	ignated to receive emergency calls and route them to
25	emergency service personnel.

1	(3) The term "wireless carrier" means a pro-
2	vider of commercial mobile services or any other
3	radio communications service that the Federal Com-
4	munications Commission requires to provide wireless
5	emergency service.
6	(4) The term "enhanced wireless 911 service"

- (4) The term "enhanced wireless 911 service" means any enhanced 911 service so designated by the Federal Communications Commission in the proceeding entitled "Revision of the Commission's Rules to Ensure Compatibility with Enhanced 911 Emergency Calling Systems" (CC Docket No. 94–102; RM–8143), or any successor proceeding.
- 13 (5) The term "wireless 911 service" means any 14 911 service provided by a wireless carrier, including 15 enhanced wireless 911 service.

Passed the House of Representatives February 24, 1999.

Attest:

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JEFF TRANDAHL,

Clerk.