

Susan G. L. Glovsky, a Principal with the intellectual property law firm of Hamilton, Brook, Smith & Reynolds, P.C., practices in the areas of intellectual property litigation, licensing, trademark, and patent law. She assists clients in the life science, electrical, mechanical, and consumer product industries.

Clients benefit from Ms. Glovsky's expertise in intellectual property litigation. Much of her career has been devoted to litigating complex trademark, trade dress and patent conflicts, patent interferences, and trademark opposition and cancellation proceedings. She has tried cases to juries, judges, and arbitrators and is a member of the American Arbitration Association's National Roster of Neutrals.

Ms. Glovsky has published works in the area of trademark strategy, interferences, and alternative dispute resolution. She has spoken on the acquisition and enforcement of intellectual property rights both regionally and nationally and taught the principles of trademark law as an Adjunct Professor of Law at Suffolk University Law School.

Recognized by the Boston intellectual property law community, Ms. Glovsky was elected to serve as President of the Boston Patent Law Association. She is the founder of the organization's Litigation Committee and is a founding member and current Co-Chair of the group's Committee on Contested Matters.

Ms. Glovsky is admitted to practice in Massachusetts and New York, before the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit and the United States Supreme Court. She is also registered to practice before the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

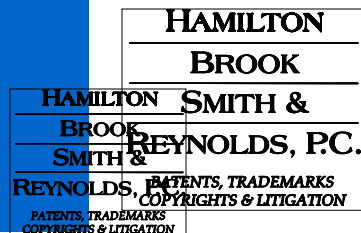
TRADEMARK LICENSING

Susan G. L. Glovsky

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What Is A “Trademark”?

**A way to distinguish goods
and services**

Trademarks

Service Marks

Certification Marks

Collective Marks



Trademark v. Trade Name

**Trademarks Distinguish
Goods and Services**

**Trade Names Distinguish
Businesses**

- Fuji Heavy Industries, Ltd
manufactures SUBARU® cars
- Coca-Cola, Co. manufactures
COCA-COLA®

Acquisition Of Trademark Rights

First to Use has Ownership and Priority

- For federal registration of distinctive marks there must be commercial use
- Exception: Intent to Use applications

Licenses v. Assignments

**Licenses are agreements
to use a licensor's
trademark**

**Assignments are absolute
grants of all rights to the
trademark**

Development Of Licensing

Historical View of Trademark Licensing

-Source Theory

Modern Rule of Trademark Licensing

-Quality Theory

First Sale Doctrine

Ingredient – Coty Doctrine

- Case Study: *Enesco Corp. v. Price/Costco Inc.*

Repaired or Used

- Case Study: *Nitro Leisure Products LLC v. Acushnet Co.*

Grey Market Goods

Formalities And Interpretation

Licenses are Contracts

Licenses can be Oral

Implied Obligations

- Case Study: *Twentieth Century
Fox Film Corp. v. Marvel
Enterprises, Inc.*

Use Only By Licensees

Ownership Rights can be Acquired and Maintained through use by a Controlled Licensee

- Licensee's use inures to the benefit of the licensor
- Licensee as a Related Company

Merger Rule

Quality Control

Trademarks Convey that the Owner is Controlling the Nature and Quality of the Goods and Services Sold under the Mark

-This imparts a duty on the licensor

- Case Study: *Enesco Corp. v. Price/Costco Inc. con't*

Naked Licensing

Licensing of a Mark Without Adequate Quality Control by the Licensor

- Case Study: *Barcamerica Intl
USA Trust v. Tyfield Importers,
Inc.*

How Much Quality Control?

**Quality must be Equal to
what the Consumer Expects**

**Level of Quality Control
Necessary Varies with the
Nature of the Product or
Service**

- Soft Drink v. Pharmaceutical

How Much Quality Control? Cont'd

**Actual Control not
Contractual Control**

Negative Options

Third Party Inspectors

Explicit Disclaimers

- Case Study: *Alpha Tau Omega
Fraternity, Inc. v. Pure Country,
Inc.*

Too Much Control: Antitrust Laws

Designation of the Source of Supplies

- Tie-Ins
- Shopping Around
- Distributors
- Case Study: *California Glazed Products, Inc. v. Burns and Russell Co. of Baltimore City*

Typical License Provisions

License Grant

Term of Agreement

Quality Control

Fees and Payments

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Typical License Provisions

**Exemptions From
Payments
Reports
Right to Audit
Delinquent Payments**

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Typical License Provisions

Termination

**Sublicensing and
Transferring of Rights**

Indemnification

**Protection of the Licensed
Mark**

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Trademark Litigation

Complaint

**Motion for Preliminary
Judgment**

**Memorandum in support
for Motion for
Preliminary Judgment**

Summons

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Trademark Litigation

**Notice of Appearance for
Defendant**

Notice of Motion Hearing

**Joint Motion for Briefing
Schedule**

**Allowed Joint Motion for
Briefing Schedule**

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Trademark Litigation

**Defendant's Opposition to
Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary
Injunction**

**Defendant's Cross Motion for
Preliminary Injunction**

**Defendant's Memorandum in
Support for Cross-Motion for
Preliminary Injunction**

**Answer to Complaint and Verified
Counterclaims**

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