IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES [JUNE---1976] APRIL 6, 1977

Mr. Thornton (for himself and Mr. Teague) introduced the following bill; which was [read-twice-and] referred jointly to the Committees on the Judiciary and Science and Technology

A BILL

To establish a uniform Federal [policy] system for [intellectual property-arising-from-F] management, protection and utilization of the results of federally[-]sponsored scientific and technological research and development; [to-protect-and-encourage-utilization-of-such-technology] and to further the public interest of the United States domestically and abroad; and for other related purposes.

- 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives
- 2 of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- :3 That this Act, which may be cited as the "Uniform Federal
- [Intellectual-Property-Policy] Research and Development
- 5 Utilization Act of [1976] 1977"[7-is-hereby-adopted].

[Title-i--federal-intellectual-property-policy] TITLE I--POLICY

[Sec-]

Sec. 101. Sec. 102. 101. Findings.

Declaration of purpose.

[Title II--FUNCTIONS OF THE OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY AND THE FEDERAL COORDINATING COUNCIL FOR SCIENCE, ENGINEERING, AND TECHNOLOGY

[See-] Sec. 201. Federal Coordinating Council for Science, Engineering, and Technology. [202---Board-for-Intellectual-Property-]

[Title III--ALLOCATION OF PROPERTY RIGHTS IN INVENTIONS RESULTING FROM FEDERALLY[-]SPONSORED RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

CHAPTER 1. -- INVENTIONS OF CONTRACTORS

[Sec-]

Sec. 311. Criteria for the allocation of property rights in [S] subject [#] inventions.

[Other-provisions] Reporting requirements and Sec. 312. declaration of intent.

Minimum rights to Federal Government and the Sec. 313.

public. Contractor's rights. 314.

Sec. 315. Related provisions.

Sec. 316. Judicial review.

CHAPTER 2.--INVENTIONS OF FEDERAL EMPLOYEES

Sec. 321. Reporting of inventions.Sec. 322. Criteria for the allocation of rights to inventions.

Sec. 323. Application of criteria.
Sec. 324. Review of Federal agency determinations.
Sec. 325. Reassignment of rights.

Sec. 326. Incentive Awards Program.

Sec. 327. Income sharing from page 5ec. 328. Conflict of interest. Income sharing from patent licenses.

[Fitle] TITLE IV--DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PROTECTION AND LICENSING OF FEDERALLY[-]OWNED INVENTIONS

[Sec+]

Sec. 401. Sec. 402. Authorit[ies]y of Federal agencies.
Authorit[ies]y of the [Department] Secretary of
Commerce in cooperation with other Federal agencies.

Sec. 403. Authorit[ies]y of Administrator of General Services [Administration].

Sec. 404. Grants of an exclusive or partially exclusive license.

[Title V--MISCELLANEOUS

CHAPTER 1.--[OTHER-RELATED-PROVISIONS] DEFINITIONS; RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS

[Sec-]

Sec. 511. Definitions.

Sec. 512. Relationship to [antitrust] other laws.

AMENDMENT TO OTHER ACTS CHAPTER 2.

[Sec+]

Sec. 521. Identified Acts Amended

CHAPTER 3. EFFECTIVE DATE PROVISION

Sec. 531. Effective date of Act.

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1
        [Title] TITLE I--[FEDERAL-INTELLECTUAL-PROPERTY] POLICY
      [Sec-]
       [101---Findings-]
      [102:--Declaration-of-purpose:]
      [S-101---Findings-]
2
                             FINDINGS.
3
       Sec. 101. The Congress, recognizing the profound impact of
4
     science and technology on society and the interrelations
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     of scientific, technological, economic, social, political,
6
     and institutional factors, hereby finds that [:] --
7.
       [(a)--The] (1) inventions in scientific and technological
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     fields resulting from work performed under Federal
9
     research and development programs constitute a valuable
10
     national resource;
11
       [(b)--A] (2) Federal policy on the allocations of rights
12
     to inventions resulting from [F]federally[-]sponsored research
13
     and development should stimulate inventors, meet the needs
14
     of the Federal Government, recognize the equities of the
15
     Federal employee-inventor and the Federal Government
16
     contractor, and serve the public interest; and
17
       [(e)--T] (3) the public interest would be better served if
18
     greater efforts were made to obtain patent protection[7
19
     both-domestic-and-foreign, and to promote [the-interests
20
     of-the-United-States-and] the commercial use of new techno-
21
     logy resulting from [F] federally[-] sponsored research and
     development, both in the United States and foreign
22
23
     countries, as appropriate.
24
     [Sec:-102:--Declaration-of-purpose:] DECLARATION OF PURPOSE
25
       Sec. 102. It is the purpose of this Act to [:]--
26
       [(a)--E] (1) establish a uniform Federal [pelicy] system
27
     for [matters-of-intellectual-property-arising-from-F] the
28
     management and use of the results of federally[-]sponsored
29
     scientific and technological research and development;
30
                (2) provide for uniform implementation of the provisions
       [<del>{b}-P</del>]
31
     of this Act, and to make a continuing effort to monitor
32
     such implementation;
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1	[(c)To] (3) allocate rights to [contractor] inventions
2	by contractors which result from [F] federally[-] sponsored
3	research and development so as to
4	[{±}] (A) encourage the participation of the most
5	qualified and competent contractors,
6	[{2}] <u>(B)</u> foster competition,
7	[(4)] (C) reduce the administrative burdens, both for
8	the Federal agencies and its contractors[7], and
9	[(3)] (D) protect the public investment in research
10	and development by promot[e]ing the widespread
11	utilization of the inventions[7-and];
12	[(d)To] (4) allocate rights to Federal employee inventions
13	in an equitable manner;
14	[(e) P_0] (5) provide for a domestic and foreign protection
15	and licensing program to obtain commercial utilization of
16	[F] federally[-]owned inventions, with the objective of
17	strengthening the Nation's economy and expanding its domestic
18	and foreign markets; and
19	[(f)Po] (6) amend all other Acts and abolish the Executive
20	[O]orders regarding the allocation of rights to inventions
21	which result from [F] federally[-] sponsored research and develop-
22	ment and the licensing of [F] federally [-] owned patents.

1 2 3 4	[#±±±e] TITLE IIFUNCTIONS OF THE OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY AND THE FEDERAL COORDINATING COUNCIL FOR SCIENCE, ENGINEERING, AND TECHNOLOGY
	[Sec.] [201Federal-Goordinating-Gouncil-for-Science, Engineering,-and-Technology.] [202Board-for-Intellectual-Property.]
	[S-201:Federal-Coordinating-Council-for-Science; Engineering;-and-Technology:]
5	Sec. 201. (a) The Federal Coordinating Council for Science,
6	Engineering, and Technology (established by [Title-IV,
7	P.L94-282}] section 401 of the National Science and
8	Technology Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of
9	1976 (42 U.S.C. 6651)) (hereinafter in this Act referred
10	to as the "Council") shall make recommendations to the
11	Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy [(OSTP)
12	(hereinafter in this title referred to as the "Director"),
13	with regard to [-]
14	(1) [W]uniform and effective planning and administra-
15	tion of Federal programs pertaining to inventions,
16	patents, trademarks, copyrights, rights in technical
17	data, and matters connected therewith[-]:
18	(2) [#]uniform policies, regulations, guidelines, and
19	practices to carry out the provisions of this Act
20	and other Federal Government objectives in the field
21	of intellectual property[:]; and
22	(3) [W]uniformity and effectiveness of interpretation
23	and implementation by individual Federal agencies of
24	the provisions of this Act and other related Federal
25	Government policies, regulations, and practices.
26	(b) Recommendations regarding matters set forth in
27	subsection (a) which are made by the [GOUNGIE] Council and
28	adopted by the Director [will-be-promulgated] shall be
29	transmitted to [the] Federal agencies through appropriate
30	channels.
31	(c) In order to carry out the responsibilities set
32	forth in subsections (a) and (b), the [EOUNCIE] Council is
33	authorized to
34	(1) [A]acquire data and reports from [the] Federal

1	agencies on the interpretation and implementation
2	of this Act and related policies, regulations, and
3	practices[-];
4	(2) [R] review on its own initiative, or upon request
5	by a Federal agency, Federal agency implementation
6	of the provisions of this Act[-];
7.	(3) [A] analyze on a continuing basis data acquired
8	by the [EOUNCIL;
9	(4) [6] consider problems and developments in the
10	fields of inventions, patents, trademarks, copyrights,
11	rights in technical data, and matters connected
12	therewith and the impact [of-such] thereof on Federal
13	Government policy or uniform accommodation or
14	implementation by Federal agencies[:]; and
15	(5) [P]publish annually a report on [COUNCIL
16	efforts, findings, and recommendations made under this
17	section.
18	[S-202:Board-for-Intellectual-Property:
19	The-Director-shall-establish-or-designate-a-Board-or
20	Boards-for-intellectual-property-(hereinafter-referred
21	to-as-the-"BOARD")-as-required,-to-make-approvals-and
22	determinations-and-to-hear-appeals-as-provided-for-in
23	this-ActIn-exercising-its-authority-and-in-developing
24	its-rules-and-procedures,-the-BOARD-shall-consult-with
25	the-COUNCIL-and-such-Federal-agencies-as-may-be
26	appropriateThe-BOARD-may-perform-any-and-all-acts,
27	and-issue-such-orders,-not-inconsistent-with-the-Act,
28	as-may-be-necessary-in-the-execution-of-its-functions.
29	Decisions-of-the-BOARD-under-Sections-311.(b)(2)(6),
30	(D),-(E)-and-(F)-of-this-Act,-shall-be-appealable-to
21	the United Chales Court of Cirima 1

1 2 3	[Title IIIALLOCATION OF PROPERTY RIGHTS IN INVENTIONS RESULTING FROM FEDERALLY[-]SPONSORED RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
4	CHAPTER 1INVENTIONS OF CONTRACTORS
	[Sec.] [311:Criteria-for-the-allocation-of-property-rights in-Subject-Inventions.] [312:Other-provisions.]
	[S-311Criteria-for-the-allocation-of-property-rights in-Subject-Inventions-]
5	CRITERIA FOR THE ALLOCATION OF PROPERTY RIGHTS IN
6	SUBJECT INVENTIONS
7	Sec. 311. The allocation of property rights in [5] subject
8	[] inventions shall be determined by uniform regulations,
9	issued by the Administrator of General Services and the
10	Secretary of Defense, employing a single patent rights clause
11	in all instances except as may be provided in such regulations,
12	subject to the minimum rights acquired under [8] section
13	[311.(b)(2)] 313(a)(2), or as provided in [5] section [312-(e)]
14	315(d). Such a patent rights clause shall include the
15	provisions [for-the-following:] required by section 312,
16	313, 314, and subsections (a), (b), and (c) of section 315.
17	[(a)Reporting-requirements-and-declaration-of-intent]
18	REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND DECLARATION OF INTENT
19	Sec. 312. The contractor shall promptly provide the sponsoring
20	Federal agency with (1) a disclosure of each [5]subject
21	[#] invention which is or may be patentable under the laws
22	of the United States; (2) an election whether the con-
23	tractor intends to file a patent application on the
24	[6] subject [1] invention; and (3) if the contractor elects to
25	file, a declaration of the contractor's intent to com-
26	mercialize or otherwise achieve the widespread utiliza-
27	tion of the invention by the public. The Federal
28	Government [may] shall withhold publication or release to
29	the public of information disclosing such invention for a
30	reasonable time in order for a patent application to be
31	

1	[-(b)Minimum-rights-to-the-Federal-Government-and-the
2	public]
3	MINIMUM RIGHTS TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AND
4	THE PUBLIC
5	Sec. 313. (a) Each Federal agency shall acquire on behalf
6	of the Federal Government at the time of contracting[+]
7	(1) [Where] an agreement that, if the contractor
8	elects not to file a patent application on a [6] subject
9	[] invention in any country, title to such an invention[s7]
10	shall be assigned to the Federal Government, subject to
11	[any-revocable-or-irrevocable-nonexclusive-license-which
12	the-contractor-may-be-permitted-to-retain] the rights
13	retained by the contractor under section 314; and
14	(2) [Where] an agreement that, if the contractor elects
15	to file a patent application in accordance with [sub-
16	section-(c):] section 314
17	[-{B}A] (A) the Federal agency shall have a nonexclusive,
18	nontransferable, irrevocable, paid-up license to practice
19	or have practiced for the Federal Government any [5] subject
20	[#]invention throughout the world by or on behalf of
21	the Federal Government (including any Federal agency),
22	and [it] may [acquire], if provided in such agreement,
23	have additional rights to sublicense any State or domestic
24	local government or to sublicense any foreign
25	government pursuant to foreign policy considera-
26	tions, or any existing or future treaty or
27	agreement when the Federal agency determines it
2.8	would be in the national interest to acquire such
29	additional rights[-];
30	[{A}](B) [T]the Federal agency shall have the right to
31	require periodic written reports at reasonable intervals
32	and [particularly], when specifically requested by [the
33	Federal] such agency, reports on the commercial use or
34	other form of utilization by the public that is being
35	made or is intended to be made of any [5] subject [\frac{x}{2}] invention

[The-right-of] the Federal agency shall have the (C) 2 right to require the contractor to grant a nonexclusive, partially exclusive, or exclusive license to a 3 responsible applicant or applicants in any field 5 of use [of] to the [S] subject [H] invention, upon terms reasonable under the circumstances, or, if the 7 contractor refuses, to grant such licenses itself[7 8 or-to-require-an-assignment-of-the-Subject-Envention 9 to-the-Federal-Government, if the [Federal] agency 10 determines such action is necessary because the contractor has not taken, or is not expected to take 11 12 within a reasonable time, effective steps to achieve 13 practical application of the [S] subject [#] invention 14 in such field of use [--- Such-determination-of-the 15 Federal-agency-may-be-appealed-to-the-BOARD-]; 16 (D) [The-right-of-the-BOARD] the Federal agency shall) 17 have the right to require the contractor to grant a 18 nonexclusive, partially exclusive, or exclusive license 19 to a responsible applicant or applicants, upon terms 20 reasonable under the circumstances, or [to-determine-21 that-the-Federal-agency-should-grant-such-a-license 22 itself--fellowing-a-hearing-upon-notice-thereof-to-the 23 public,-upon-a-petition-by-an-interested-person justifying-such-hearing,-if-the-BOARD-determines, 24 upon-review-of-such-material-as-the-BOARD-deems 25 26 relevant,-and-after-the-contractor-or-such-other 27 interested-person-has-had-the-opportunity-to-provide such-relevant-and-material-information-as-the-BOARD 28

may-require], if the contractor refuses, to grant such

a license itself if the agency determines, in accordance

with subsection (b), that such action is necessary[:] --

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1 (i) to alleviate health, safety, or 2 welfare needs[7-provided] which are not reasonably 3 satisfied by the contractor [and/or] or its licensees; [are-not-satisfying-such-needs-consistent-with 5 conditions-reasonable-under-the-circumstances;-or] [to-the-extent-that-the-Subject-Invention 7 is-required] to meet requirements for public use 8 by Federal regulation[7-provided] which are not 9 reasonably satisfied by the contractor [and/or] 10 or its licensees; or [are-not-satisfying-market 11 needs-created-by-the-Federal-regulations 12 consistent-with-conditions-reasonable-under 13 the-circumstances.] 14 (iii) because the exclusive rights to such subject 15 invention in the contractor have tended substantially 16 to lessen competition or to result in undue market 17 concentration in any section of the United States 18 in any line of commerce to which the technology 19 relates, or to create or maintain other situations 20 inconsistent with the antitrust laws; and 21 [fE)---The-right-of-the-BOARD-to-require 22 the-contractor-to-grant-a-nonexclusive,-partially 23 exclusive, -or -exclusive -license -to -a -responsible 24 applicant-or-applicants,-upon-terms-reasonable-under 25 the-circumstances,-or-to-determine-that-the-Federal 26 agency-should-grant-such-a-license-itself,-following 27 a-hearing-upon-notice-thereof-to-the-public,-upon-a petition-by-an-interested-person-justifying-such 28 29 hearing,-if-the-BOARD-determines,-upon-review-of-such 30 material-as-the-BOARD-deems-relevant,-and-after-the 31 contractor-or-other-interested-person-has-had-the 32 opportunity -- to-provide-such-relevant-and-material 33 information-as-the-BOARD-may-require,-that-the 34 exelusive-rights-to-such-Subject-Invention-in-the 35 contractor-has-tended-substantially-to-lessen 36 competition-or-to-result-in-undue-market-concentration

in-any-section-of-the-United-States-in-any-line-of 2 commerce-to-which-the-technology-relates,-or-to 3 create-or-maintain-other-situations-inconsistent 4 with-the-antitrust-laws-[(F)--The-right-of-the-BOARD7](E) the Federal agency 6 shall have the right, commencing ten years from the 7 date the [5] subject [1] invention was made or [five] 8 seven years after first public use or on sale in the 9 United States, whichever occurs first[7] (excepting 10 that time before Federal regulatory agencies necessary 11 to obtain premarket clearance), to require the 12 contractor to grant a nonexclusive, partially 13 exclusive, or exclusive license to a responsible 14 applicant or applicants, upon terms reasonable 15 under the circumstances, or _ [to-determine-that-the 16 Federal-agency-should] if the contractor refuses, 17 to grant such a license itself[7-following-a-hearing 18 upon-notice-thereof-to-the-public,-upon-a-petition-by 19 a-prospective-licensee-who-has-attempted-unsuccessfully 20 to-obtain-such-a-license-from-the-contractor-and 21 justifying-such-a-hearing,-if-the-BOARD-determines,] 22 (in view of the factors set forth in [5] section 23 [312-] 315(b))[7] that such licensing would best 24 support the overall purposes of this Act[-], except 25 that this subparagraph shall not apply to contractors 26 ... who are small business firms as defined by the Small 27 Business Administration. 28 [+3}--Prior-to-any-action-pursuant-to-Sections 29 311.(b)(2)(D),-(E),-and-(F),-the-BOARD-shall-consult 30 with-the-Federal-agency-involved: 31 The determinations required under subparagraphs (D) and 32 (E) to be made in accordance with this subsection shall be 33 made upon the basis of such information as may be presented

- T	er the contractor, any interested person, or any rederal
2	agency. Such determination shall be made after public
3	notice and opportunity for hearing if
4	(1) in the case of subparagraph (D), such a hearing
5	is requested by any interested person justifying such a
6	hearing; and
7	(2) in the case of subparagraph (E), such a hearing
8	is requested by a prospective licensee, who has attempted
9	unsuccessfully to obtain such a license from the contractor,
10	justifying such a hearing.
11	CONTRACTOR'S RIGHTS
12	[(c)Contractor's-rights] Sec. 314. The contractor shall
13	retain a defeasible title to only those [S]subject [H]invention
14	(including the right to license or assign all or part
15	of its interests therein) on which the contractor files
16	a United States patent application and declares its intent
17	to achieve practical application of the [S]subject [I]invention
18	Such title in the contractor shall permit the contractor to
19	retain exclusive commercial rights to the invention subject
20	to all the rights granted to the Federal Government
21	in [sub]section [{b}+{2}] 313(a)(2). The contractor's employee
22	inventor may also retain [the] contractor's rights under
23	this subsection with permission of the contractor at the
24	discretion of the sponsoring Federal agency. The contractor
25	shall also retain a nonexclusive, royalty-free license under
26	all other reported subject inventions, which license shall
27	be revocable only to the extent necessary for the Federal
28	Government to grant an exclusive license in accordance with
29	the provisions of section 404, under any patent which may
30	issue thereon.
31	[8-312:Other-provisions-]
32	RELATED PROVISIONS
33	[(a)Extension-of-contractor-s-exclusive-commercial
34	rights:] Sec. 315. (a) Each sponsoring Federal agency,
35	for good cause shown by the contractor, may extend the period
36	of the contractor's exclusive commercial rights provided

1 for in [5] section [311.(b)(2)(F)] 313(a)(2)(E) following public 2 notice [to-the-public] and an opportunity for filing written 3 objections. The grant of such an extension shall be based upon a determination by the Federal agency, upon review 5 of such material as it deems relevant, and after the 6 contractor [and] or any other interested person[s-have] 7 or Federal agency has had an opportunity to provide such 8 relevant and material information as the Federal agency may 9 require, that such extension would best support the overall 10 purposes of this Act. [The-Federal-agency-determination 11 may-be-appealed-to-the-BOARD-by-the-contractor-or-an 12 interested-person-involved-in-such-determination.] 13 [BOARD-considerations.] In determining whether the right to require licensing or the right of the 14 15 Federal agency to license set forth in [S] section 16 [311-(b)-(2)-(F)] 313(a)(2)(E) should be exercised, the 17 [BOARD] Federal agency may consider, among others, the 18 following type of factors, as appropriate: 19 (1) [T] the relative contributions of the Federal 20 Government and the contractor or its assignees or 21 licensees, if any, to the making and commercialization 22 of the [6] subject [1] invention; 23 (2) [T] the relative contributions of the Federal 24 Government and the contractor or its assignees or 25 licensees, if any, to the field of technology to 26 which the [S] subject [H] invention relates; 27 (3) [T] the degree to which utilization of the 28 [S] subject [I] invention has satisfied the purposes of 29 the program under which the [S]subject [H]invention was 30 made; 31 [T] the type and scope of the [S] subject [I] invention (4) and the magnitude of the problem it solves; 32 [T] the effect of such licensing on competition 33 (5)and widespread utilization of the [5] subject [1] invention; 34 [T] the effect of such licensing on incentives 35

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to commercialize this and other [S] subject [H] inventions;

1 [T] the extent to which the [S] subject [E] invention is 2 concerned with the public health, safety or welfare; 3 and 4 [T] the effect of such licensing in assisting (8)5 small businesses and minority business enterprises[7 6 as-well-as] and in improving conditions within 7 economically depressed, low-income, and labor 8 surplus areas. 9 When it is determined that the right to require 10 licensing or the right of the Federal agency to license 11 should be exercised[7-the-BOARD] pursuant to subparagraph 12 (C), (D), or (E) of section 313(a)(2), the Federal agency 13 may specify terms and conditions, including royalties to 14 be charged, if any, and the duration and field of use of 15 the license[-], if appropriate. 16 [(c)--Alternative-criteria-for-the-allocation-of 17 property-rights-in-Subject-Inventions.] 18 (d) (1) The [H]head of a Federal agency may deviate on a 19 case-by-case basis from the single patent rights 20 clause normally used pursuant to section 311, provided 21 that such deviation[s] shall be published in the Federal 22 Register and [reported] transmitted to the [COUNCIL] 23 Council for [review-in-accordance-with-its-responsibility] 24 performance of its functions under [5] section 201[-(a)] 25 of this Act. The regulations adopted pursuant to [5] section 311 26 27 may permit deviation to the minimum rights acquired 28 under [5] section [311.(b)(2)]313(a)(2) on a class basis in[:]--29 contracts involving cosponsored, cost 30 sharing, or joint venture research when the con-31 tractor is required to make a substantial contri-32 33 bution of funds, facilities, or equipment to the 34 work performed under the contract; and (B) special contracting situations such as 35 36 Federal price or purchase supports and Federal loan or loan guarantees. 37

<u> </u>	(3) NO deviation under this subsection shall walve
2	in whole or in part, the minimum rights to be secured
3	for the Federal Government set forth in [8] section
4	[311-(b)-(2)-(E)] 313(a)(2)(D)(iii).
5	JUDICIAL REVIEW
6	Sec. 316. Any person adversely affected by a Federal
7	agency determination made under subparagraph (C), (D), or
8	(E) of section 313(a)(2) or under subsection (a), (b), or
9	(c) of section 315 may, at any time within sixty days after
10	the determination is issued, file a petition to the United
11	States Court of Claims which shall have jurisdiction to
12	determine the matter de novo and to affirm, reverse, or
13	modify as appropriate, the determination of the Federal agency.
3.4	
14	CHAPTER 2INVENTIONS OF FEDERAL EMPLOYEES
	[Sec.] [321:Reporting-of-inventions:]
	[322Eriteria-for-the-allocation-of-rights-to -inventions:]
	[323Application-of-criteria.] [324Review-of-Federal-agency-determinations.]
	[325:Reassignment-of-rights:] [326:Incentive-Awards-Program:]
	[327:Income-sharing-from-patent-licenses: [328:Conflict-of-interest:]
	[S-321Reporting-of-inventions.]
15	REPORTING OF INVENTIONS
16	Sec. 321. All inventions made by Federal employees while
17	under the administrative jurisdiction of a Federal agency
18	shall be reported to the designated authority of that Federal
19	· agency
20	[\$-322Criteria-for-the-allocation-of-rights-to-inventions-]
21	CRITERIA FOR THE ALLOCATION OF RIGHTS TO
22	INVENTIONS
23	Sec. 322. Subject to prescribed rules and regulations issued
24	by the Commissioner of the United States Patent and Prademark
25	Office, each Federal agency shall determine the respective
26	rights of the Federal Government and of the Federal employee-
27	inventor in and to any invention made by a Federal employee
28	while under the administrative jurisdiction of such agency,
29	in accordance with the following criteria:

- 1 (a) The Federal Government shall obtain, subject to
- subsection (c), the entire right, title and interest
- 3 in and to all inventions made by any Federal employee
- 4 which bear a relation to the duties of the Federal
- 5 employee-inventor, or are made in consequence of his
- 6 employment;
- 7 (b) A Federal employee shall be entitled to retain
- 8 the entire right, title and interest in and to any
- 9 invention made by the employee-inventor, subject to a
- 10 nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable, paid-up
- 11 license to practice or have practiced for the Federal
- 12 Government any such invention throughout the world by
- 13 or on behalf of the Federal Government (including any
- 14 Federal agency) in any case where the invention does not
- 15 bear a relation to the duties of the employee-inventor
- 16 or was not made in consequence of his employment, but
- 17 was made with a contribution by the Federal Government
- 18 of facilities, equipment, materials, funds, or informa-
- 19 tion, or of time or services of other Federal employees
- on official duty[7-and-further7-t]. The Federal agency
- 21 may acquire additional rights to sublicense any State or
- 22 domestic local government or to sublicense any foreign
- 23 government pursuant to foreign policy considerations, or
- 24 any existing or future treaty or agreement, where the
- 25 Federal agency determines it would be in the national
- 26 interest to acquire such additional rights;
- 27 (c) The Federal employee may obtain the entire right,
- 28 title, and interest in and to an invention in any country,
- 29 subject to the license and sublicensing rights set forth
- 30 in subsection (b), where the Federal agency determines that
- 31 there is insufficient interest in the invention to justify
- 32 seeking patent protection in that country, although the
- 33 Federal Government may have taken title to the invention
- 34 or may be entitled to the entire, right, title and
- 35 interest therein under subsection (a), [provided-lowever,]
- 36 except that nothing in this paragraph shall prevent a Federal

1	agency from publishing or dedicating to the public such an
2	invention if it is in the public interest[7-and].
3	(d) A Federal employee shall be entitled to retain
4	the entire right, title, and interest in and to any
5	invention made by the employee in any case not
6	falling within subsection[s] (a), (b), or (c).
7	(e) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, a
8	Federal agency may enter into agreements with other public
9	or private parties wherein future or identified inventions
10	falling within the criteria of subsection (a) and made in
11	performance of cosponsored, cost-sharing, or joint venture
12	research involving a substantial contribution of funds,
13	facilities, equipment, or employees by such parties, may be
14	allocated in a manner satisfying the contribution of such
15	parties.
16	[S-323:-Application-of-criteria-]
17	APPLICATION OF CRITERIA
18	Sec. 323. (a) In applying the criteria of [S] section 322
19	to the fact and circumstances relating to the making of any
20	particular invention[7]—
21	(1) it shall be presumed that an invention falls
22	within the criteria of [S]section 322[-](a) when made by
23	a Federal employee who is employed or assigned to
24	(A) invent or improve or perfect any art, machine,
25	manufacture, or composition of matter,
26	(B) conduct or perform research[7] or development work
27	or both,
28	(C) supervise, direct, coordinate, or review
29	[F] federally[-] financed or conducted research[7] or
30	development work, or both, or
31	(D) act in a liaison capacity among Federal or
32	non-Federal agencies[,] or individuals engaged in
33	such work; and

1	(2) it shall be presumed that an invention falls
2	within the criteria of [S] section 322[-] (b) when made
3	by any other Federal employee.
4	(b) Either presumption [of] required by subsection (a)
5	may be rebutted by the facts or circumstances [attendant
6	upon] of the conditions under which any particular invention
7	is made.
8	[S-324:Review-of-Federal-agency-determinations:]
9	REVIEW OF FEDERAL AGENCY DETERMINATIONS
10	Sec. 324. Federal agency determinations regarding the
11	respective rights of the Federal Government and the Federal
12	employee-inventor are to be reviewed in accordance with
13	prescribed rules and regulations issued pursuant to
14	[S]section 322 [where] whenever
15	(1) the Federal agency determines not to acquire
16	all right, title and interest in an invention, or
17	(2) the Federal employee-inventor who is aggrieved by
18	the determination requests such a review.
19	[S-325Reassignment-of-rights.]
20	REASSIGNMENT OF RIGHTS
21	Sec. 325. [Where] Whenever a Federal agency finds on the
22	basis of new evidence that it has acquired rights in an
23	invention greater than the Federal Government is entitled to
24	assert under the criteria of [S] section 322, the Federal
25	agency shall adjust such inequity by granting [greater] such
26	rights to the Federal employee-inventor as may be necessary t
27	correct the inequity.
28	[S-326:-Incentive-Awards-Program:]
29	INCENTIVE AWARDS PROGRAM
30	Sec. 326. (a) Incentive Awards may be granted to Federal
31	employee-inventors in order to[:]
32	(1) [M]monetarily reward or otherwise recognize
33	Federal employees for inventions; and
34	(2) [5]stimulate inventive creativeness and encourage
35	Federal employees to disclose their inventions

2	of related technology.
3	(b) These awards shall be granted pursuant to the
4	provisions of [Title-57-Chapter-45] chapter 45 of title 5 and
5	[Title-10,-Chapter-57,] chapter 57 of title 10, United States
6	Code, and in accordance with [implementing] regulations
7	issued thereunder except as modified [herein] by this Act.
8	[Existing-statutory-provisions-for-awards-shall-remain-unaffed
9	by-this-section-]
10	(c) The amount of the award for an invention [will] shall
11	be based on[+]
12	(1) [T] the extent to which the invention advances the
13	state of the art;
14	(2) $[T]$ the scope of the application of the invention;
15	(3) [T]the importance of the invention in terms of
16	its value and benefits to the Federal Government;
17	and
18	(4) [T] the extent to which the invention has achieved
19	utilization by the public.
20	(d) Awards of up to \$10,000 for an invention [of-up-to
21	\$ θ_7 000] may be granted by the [H]head of a Federal agency.
22	Awards in excess of \$10,000 but [not-in-excess-of-\$50,000]
23	<u>less than \$35,000</u> may be granted —
24	(1) for Federal civilian employees by the [H]head of
25	the Federal agency with the approval of the Civil
26	Service Commission[7];
27	(2) for members of the Armed Forces with the
28	approval of the Secretary of Defense[7 and];
29	(3) for members of the United States Coast
30	Guard when not operating as a service in the
31	Navy with the approval of the Secretary of
32	Transportation[7]:

and [thus-to] thereby enhance the transfer and utilization

1 for members of the Commissioned Corps of the United States Public Health Service with the approval 2 3 of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare; and (5) for members of the Commissioned Corps of the 5 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration with 6 the approval of the Secretary of Commerce, 7 upon recommendation that the invention is highly exceptional 8 and unusually outstanding. Awards in excess of [\$59,999]9 \$35,000 may be made in those instances where the [H]head of 10 the Federal agency, based upon the value and benefit of the 11 inventor's contribution, recommends to the Chairman of the 12 Civil Service Commission and the Director of the Office of 13 Management and Budget that a Presidential award be made. 14 Upon endorsement of both the Chairman of the Civil Service 15 Commission and the Director of the Office of Management 16 and Budget and approval by the President, an award in 17 excess of [\$50,000] \$35,000 and an honorary recognition, may 18 be granted as deemed appropriate. 19 A cash award under this section is in addition 20 to the regular pay of the recipient. Acceptance of 21 a cash award under this section constitutes an agreement 22 that any use by the Federal Government of an idea, method, 23 or device for which the award is made does not form the 24 basis of a further claim of any nature against the 25 Federal Government by the recipient, his heirs, or 26 assigns. 27 (f) A cash award and expense for honorary recognition 28 of a Federal employee-inventor shall be paid from the 29 fund or appropriation of the Federal agency primarily 30 The [H]head of the Federal agency shall determine benefiting. 31 the amount to be paid by [each] the Federal agency for Federal 32 agency awards and the President shall determine the 33 amount of the award to be paid by each Federal agency 34 for Presidential awards made under subsection (d).

1	(g) Nothing contained in this section shall be
2	construed to limit the discretionary power of the Federal
3	agency to grant or not grant an incentive award under
4	this section.
5	[S-327:Income-sharing-from-patent-licenses.]
6	INCOME SHARING FROM PATENT LICENSES
7	Sec. 327. In addition to awards as provided in [6] section
8	326, in instances where a Federal agency grants income bearing
9	patent licenses for an invention, such Federal agency
10	may share the income received with the Federal employee-
11	inventor.
12	[\$-328Conflict-of-interest.]
13	CONFLICT OF INTEREST
14	Sec. 328. Determinations of an appointing official pursuant
15	to [S]section 208(b) of [T]title 18, United States Code,
16	regarding the promotion of a Federal employee's invention by
17	such employee shall be subject to regulations prescribed by
18	the Secretary of Commerce with the concurrence of the Civil
19	Service Commission and the Attorney General.

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[Title] TITLE IV--DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PROTECTION AND LICENSING
                       OF FEDERALLY[-]OWNED INVENTIONS
     [Sec-]
      [401:--Authorities-of-Federal-agencies.]
      [402---Authorities-of-the-Department-of-Commerce
             in-cooperation-with-other-Federal-agencies-]
      [403---Authorities-of-General-Services-Administration-]
      [404---Grants-of-an-exclusive-or-partially-exclusive
             license.]
     [S-401---Authorities-of-Federal-agencies-]
3
                    AUTHORITY OF FEDERAL AGENCIES
4
       Sec. 401.
                  [The] Federal agencies are authorized[:] to --
       [(a)--To] (1) apply for, obtain and maintain patents or
6
     other forms of protection in the United States and in foreign
7
     countries on inventions in which the Federal Government
8
     owns a right, title or interest;
9 -
       [th)--To] (2) promote the licensing of inventions covered by
10
     [F]federally[-]owned patent applications, patents, or other
11
     forms of protection obtained with the objective of
12
     maximizing utilization by the public of the inventions
13
     covered thereby[.];
14
       [(e)--To] (3) grant nonexclusive, exclusive, or partially
15
     exclusive licenses under [F]federally[-]owned patent applica-
16
     tions, patents or other forms of protection obtained,
17
     royalty-free or for royalties or other consideration,
18
     and on such terms and conditions including the grant to
19
     the licensee of the right of enforcement pursuant to the
20
     provisions of [Fitle-357-Chapter-287-WSC7] chapter 28 of
21
     title 35, United States Code, as deemed appropriate in
22
     the public interest[-];
23
       [-(d)--To]
                  (4) make market surveys and other investigations
24
     for determining the potential of inventions for domestic
25
     and foreign licensing and other forms of utilization;
26
     [to] acquire technical information and engage in negotiations
27
     and other activities for promoting the licensing and
28
     the purpose of enhancing their marketability and
29
     public utilization[.];
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       [(e)--To] (5) withhold publication or release to the public
2
     information disclosing any invention in which the Federal
3
     Government owns or may own a right, title, or interest for a
4
     reasonable time in order for a patent application to be filed[-];
5
       [(f)-To] (6) undertake the above and all other suitable
6
     and necessary steps to protect and administer rights to
7
     inventions on behalf of the Federal Government either
8
     directly or through contract;
9
       [+q+-To] (7) transfer custody and administration, in
10
     whole or in part, to the Department of Commerce or to
11
     other Federal agencies, of the right, title, or interest
12
     in any invention for the purpose of administering the
13
     authorities set forth in [subsections-(a)] paragraphs (1)
14
     through [{d}] (4), without regard to the provisions of the
15
     Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949
16
     (40 U.S.C. 471); and
17
       [(h)--To] (8) designate the Department of Commerce as
18
     recipient of any or all funds received from fees, royalties,
19
     or other management of [F] federally [-] owned inventions
20
     authorized under this Act.
21
     [5-402---Authorities-of-the-Department-of-Commerce-in
22
              cooperation-with-other-Federal-agencies-]
23
              AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF COMMERCE IN
24
               COOPERATION WITH OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES
25
       Sec. 402. The [Department] Secretary of Commerce is
26
     authorized in cooperation with other Federal agencies to:
        [(a)--To] (1) coordinate a program for assisting all
27
28
     Federal agencies in carrying out the authorit[ies]y set
29
     forth in [6] section 401;
        [(b)--To] (2) publish notification of all [F]federally[-]
30
31
     owned inventions that are available for licensing;
        [(c)--To] (3) evaluate inventions referred by Federal
32
33
     agencies, and patent applications filed thereon, in order
     to identify those inventions with the greatest commercial
34
35
     potential and to insure promotion and utilization by the
36
     public of inventions so identified;
```

1	[(d)To] (4) assist the Federal agencies in seeking and
2	maintaining protection on inventions in the United States
3	and in foreign countries, including the payment of fees
4	and costs connected therewith;
5	[(e)To] (5) accept custody and administration, in whole
6	or in part, of the right, title, and interest in any
7	invention for the purposes set forth in [8] sections 401[-(a)](1)
8	through [(d), with the approval of the Federal agency
9	concerned without regard to the provisions of the
10	Federal Property and Administrative Service Act of
11	1949 (40 U.S.C. 471);
12	[\frac{f}To}] (6) receive funds from fees, royalties, or other
13	management of [F]federally[-]owned inventions authorized
14	under this Act[7-provided7-however7-that] but such funds
15	[will] shall be used only for the purpose of this Act; and
16	[(g) To] (7) undertake these and such other functions either
17	directly or through contracts as are necessary and
18	appropriate to accomplish the purposes [of-Witle-IV]
19	of this [Act] title.
20	[S-403Authorities-of-the-General-Services-Administration.]
21	AUTHORITY OF THE ADMINISTRATOR OF GENERAL SERVICES
22	Sec. 403. The Administrator of General Services is authorized
23	to promulgate regulations specifying the terms and conditions
24	upon which any [F] federally[-]owned invention may be licensed
25	on a nonexclusive, partially exclusive, or exclusive basis.
26	[S-404:-Grants-of-an-exclusive-or-partially-exclusive-license:]
27	GRANTS OF AN EXCLUSIVE OR PARTIALLY EXCLUSIVE
28	<u>LICENSE</u>
29	Sec. 404. (a) Federal agencies may grant exclusive or
30	partially exclusive licenses in any invention covered by a
31	[F] federally[-]owned domestic patent or patent application only
32	if, after <u>public</u> notice [to-the-public] and opportunity for
33	filing written objections, it is determined that[:]
34	(1) [T] the interests of the Federal Government
35	and the public will best be served by the proposed

license, in view of the applicant's intentions,

plans, and ability to bring the invention to

3 practical application or otherwise promote the

4 invention's utilization by the public;

(2) [T] the desired practical application has not been achieved, or is not likely expeditiously to be achieved, under any nonexclusive license which

8 has been granted, or which may be granted, on the

9 invention;

- (3) [E]exclusive or partially exclusive licensing is a reasonable and necessary incentive to call forth the investment of risk capital and expenditures to bring the invention to practical application or otherwise promote the invention's utilization by the public; and
 - (4) [\Partial The proposed terms and scope of exclusivity are not greater than reasonably necessary to provide the incentive for bringing the invention to practical application or otherwise promote the invention's utilization by the public;

[provided] except that[7] a Federal agency shall not grant such exclusive or partially exclusive license if it determines that the grant of such license will tend substantially to lessen competition or result in undue concentration in any section of the country in any line of commerce to which the technology to be licensed relates, or to

27 create or maintain other situations inconsistent with

28 the antitrust laws.

(b) After consideration of whether the interests of the Federal Government or United States industry in foreign commerce will be enhanced, Federal agencies may grant exclusive or partially exclusive licenses in any invention covered by a foreign patent application or patent after public notice [to-the-public] and opportunity

35 for filing written objections[;-provided] except that, a

36 Federal agency shall not grant such exclusive or partially

- 1 exclusive license if it determines that the grant of such
- 2 license will tend substantially to lessen competition
- 3 or result in undue concentration in any section of the
- country in any line of commerce to which the technology
- to be licensed relates, or to create or maintain other
- situations inconsistent with the antitrust laws.
- 7 (c) The Federal agency shall maintain a record of
- 8 determinations to grant exclusive or partially exclusive
- 9 licenses.
- 10 (d) Any grant of an exclusive or partially exclusive
- license shall contain such terms and conditions as the
- 12 Federal agency may determine to be appropriate for the
- 13 protection of the interests of the Federal Government
- 14 and the public, including provisions for the following:
- 15 (1) [P]periodic written reports at reasonable
- intervals including, [and] when specifically requested
- by the Federal agency, [on] the extent of the commercial
- or other use by the public that is being made or
- is intended to be made of the invention;
- (2) [A] a nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable,
- paid-up license to practice or have practiced
- for the Federal Government the licensed invention
- throughout the world by or on behalf of the Federal
- Government (including any Federal agency), and
- the additional right to sublicense any State
- or domestic local government or to sublicense any
- foreign government pursuant to foreign policy
- considerations, or any existing or future treaty
- or agreement if the Federal agency determines it
- 30 would be in the national interest to retain such
- 31 additional rights; [and]
- 32 (3) [T] the right [in] of the Federal agency to terminate
- 33 such license in whole or in part unless the
- 34 licensee demonstrates to the satisfaction of the
- Federal agency that the licensee has taken
- 36 effective steps, or within a reasonable time

[thereafter] is expected to take such steps, [necessary]
to accomplish substantial commercial or other use
of the invention by the public[-]; and

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[\P] the right in the Federal agency, commencing three years after the grant of a license, to require the licensee to grant a nonexclusive or partially exclusive license to a responsible applicant or applicants, upon terms reasonable under the circumstances, and in appropriate circumstances to terminate the license in whole or in part, [following-a-hearing upon] after public notice [thereof-to-the-public] and opportunity for a hearing, upon a petition by an interested person justifying such hearing, if the Federal agency determines, upon review of such material as it deems relevant, and after the licensee, or other interested person, has had the opportunity to provide such relevant and material information as the Federal agency may require, that such license has tended substantially to lessen competition or to result in undue concentration in any section of the country in any line of commerce to which the technology relates, or to create or maintain other situations inconsistent with the antitrust laws.

[Title] TITLE V--MISCELLANEOUS CHAPTER 1.--[OTHER-RELATED-PROVISIONS] DEFINITIONS; 2 RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS [Sec-] [511:--Befinitions-] [512---Relationship-to-antitrust-laws-] [S-511---Definitions] 4 DEFINITIONS 5 Sec. 511. As used in this Act--6 The term "Federal agency" means an "executive agency" 7 as defined by [8] section 105 of [P]title 5, United States Code, and the military departments defined by [5] section 102 of 9 [T] title 5, United States Code. 10 The term "Federal employees" means all employees 11 as defined in [5-W-S-C-] section 2105 of title 5, United 12 States Code, and members of the uniformed services [shall-be 13 subject-to-the-provisions-of-this-Act]. 14 (c) The term "contract" means any contract, [or] grant, 15 or agreement entered into between any Federal agency and any 16 person for the performance of experimental, developmental, 17 or research work substantially funded by the Federal Govern-18 Such term includes any assignment, substitution of 19 parties, or subcontract of any [tier] type entered into for 20 the performance of experimental, developmental, or research 21 work under a contract. 22 The term "contractor" means any person [and-any 23 public-or-private-corporation,-partnership,-firm, 24 association, -institution, -or-other-entity] (as defined in 25 section 1 of title 1, United States Code) that is a 26 party to the contract. 27 (e) The term "invention" means any invention or discovery 28 and includes any art, method, process, machine, manufacture, 29 design, or composition of matter, or any new and useful 30 improvement thereof, or any variety of plant, which is or 31 may be patentable or otherwise protectable under the laws 32 of the United States.

- (f) The term "[S]subject [#]invention" means any invention
 or discovery of the contractor conceived or first actually
- 3 reduced to practice in the course of or under a contract.
- 4 (g) The term "practical application" means to manu-
- facture in the case of a composition or product, to
- operate in the case of a process, or to operate in the
- 7 case of a machine or system, and, in each case, under
- such conditions as to establish that the invention is
- being worked and that its benefits are available to the
- 10 public either on reasonable terms or through reasonable
- 11 licensing arrangements.

- (h) The term "person" means any individual, partnership,
- 13 corporation, association, institution, or other entity.
- (i) The term "made", when used in relation to any
- invention, means the conception or first actual reduction
- 16 to practice of such invention.
 - (j) The term "antitrust law" means--
- 18 (1) the Act entitled "An Act to protect trade
- and commerce against unlawful restraints and
- monopolies', approved July 2, 1890 (15 U.S.C. 1
- et seq.), as amended;
- (2) the Act entitled "An Act to supplement existing
- laws against unlawful restraints and monopolies,
- and for other purposes", approved October 15, 1914
- 25 (15 U.S.C. 12 et seq.) as amended;
- 26 (3) the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C.
- 27 41 et seq.), as amended;
- 28 (4) sections 73 and 74 of the Act entitled "An
- 29 Act to reduce taxation to provide revenue for
- the Federal Government, and for other purposes",
- 31 approved August 27, 1894 (15 U.S.C. 8 and 9), as
- 32 amended; and
- 33 (5) the Act of June 19, 1936, chapter 592 (15
- 34 U.S.C. 13, 13a, 13b, and 21a).

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2	RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS
3	Sec. 512. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to convey
4	to any individual, corporation, or other business organization
5	immunity from civil or criminal liability, or to create defenses
6	to actions, under the Antitrust Laws.
7	CHAPTER 2AMENDMENT TO OTHER ACTS
	[Sec.] [521Identified-Acts-Amended.]
	[S-521Identified-Acts-Amended-]
8	IDENTIFIED ACTS AMENDED
9	Sec. 521. The following [identified] Acts are hereby amended
10	as [set-forth-below] follows:
11 12 13	(a) [Section-10-(a)-of-the-Act-of-June-29,-1935,-as added-by-Witle-1-of-the-Agricultural-Research and-Marketing-Act-of-August-14,-1946] Section 10(a)
14	of the Act of June 29, 1935, as added by [T]title 1 of the
15	Act of August 14, 1946 (7 U.S.C. 427i(a); 60 Stat. 1085) is
16	amended by striking out the following: "Any contracts
17	made pursuant to this authority shall contain requirements
18	making the results of research and investigations available
19	to the public through dedication, assignment to the
20	Government, or such other means as the Secretary shall
21	determine." [{Amends-7-U-6-6-427i(a}-+]
22 23	(b) [Section-205(a)-of-the-Agricultural-Research-and Marketing-Act-of-August-147-1946] Section 205(a)
24	of the Act of August 14, 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1624(a); 60 Stat.
25	1090[7-as-amended]) is amended by striking out the following
26	[language]: "Any contract made pursuant to this section
27	shall contain requirements making the result of such
28	research and investigations available to the public by
29	such means as the Secretary of Agriculture shall determine."
30	[-{Amends-7-U-5-61624-(a})]
31 32	(c) [Section-501(c)-of-the-Federal-Coal-Mine-Health and-Safety-Act-of-1969] Section 501(c) of the Federal
33.	Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969 ([P-h91-173] 30 U.S.C.
34	951(c); 83 Stat. 742) is amended by striking out the following
35	[language thereof]: "No research, demonstrations, or experiment

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     shall be carried out, contracted for, sponsored, cosponsored,
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     or authorized under authority of this Act, unless all information,
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     uses, products, processes, patents, and other developments
4
     resulting from such research, demonstrations, or experiments
     will (with such exception and limitation, if any, as the
б
     Secretary or the Secretary of Health, Education, and
7
     Welfare may find to be necessary in the public interest)
     be available to the general public." [{Amends-30-U-S-C-
9
     95±(e)-)]
10
            [Section-106(c)-of-the-National-Traffic-and-Motor
       (d)
11
             Vehicle-Safety-Act-of-1966} Section 106(c) of the
12
     National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1966
13
     ([P-b--89-563] 15 U.S.C. 1395(c); 80 Stat. 721) is repealed.
14
     [(Amends-15-U-5-C--1395(c)-)]
15
            [Section-12-of-the-National-Science-Foundation
16
             Act-of-1950]
                          Section 12 of the National Science
17
     Foundation Act of 1950 ([P.b.-90-407,]42 U.S.C. 1871(a);
18
     82 Stat. 360) is repealed. [{Amends-42-U-S-C--1871(a}--)]
19
            [Section-152-of-the-Atomic-Energy-Act-of-1954] Section
20
     152 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 ([P-b--83-703] 42 U.S.C.
21
     2182; 68 Stat. 943) is repealed. [{Amends-42-U-S-C--2182-}]
22
            [The-National-Aeronautics-and-Space-Act-of-1958] The
23
     National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 ([P-b--85-5687]
24
     72 Stat. 426[;-as-amended]) is amended [by] --
25
          (1) by repealing section 305 thereof[7] (42 U.S.C. 2457):
26
          [p]Provided, however, [t]That subsections (c), (d), and
27
          (e) of [said] such section [305] shall continue to be
28
          effective with respect to any application for patents in
29
          which the written statement referred to in subsection (c)
30
          of [said] such section [305] has been filed or requested
31
          to be filed by the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks
3.2
          prior to the effective date of this Act [{amends-42-U-5-6-
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2457)1;

by striking out, [the-following-language] in subsection 1 2 306(a) thereof[\div --{ \pm }] 42 U.S.C. 2458(a)), "(as defined 3 by section 305)"; and [{2}] by striking out "the Inventions 4 and Contributions Board, established under section 305 of 5 this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof [the-following 6 łanguage]: "an Inventions and Contributions Board which 7 shall be established by the Administrator within the 8 Administration" [amends-42-8-6--2458]; 9 (3) by inserting at the end of section 203[-](c) thereof 10 (42 U.S.C. 2478(a); the following new subparagraph: 11 "(14) [P]to provide effective contractual provisions 12 for the reporting of the results of the activities of the 13 Administration, including full and complete technical 14 reporting of any innovation made in the course of or under 15 any contract of the Administration."; 16 (4) by inserting at the end of section 203 thereof 17 (42 U.S.C. 2478) the following new subsection: 18 "(d) For the purposes of chapter 17 of title 35 of the 19 United States Code the Administration shall be considered a 20 defense agency of the United States." [{amends-42-U-S-C-21 2478); and 22 (5) by striking out the following [from] in such 23 section [203-thereof]: "(including patents and rights 24 thereunder) ". [{Amends-42-U-S-C--2473-}] 25 [Section-6-of-the-Coal-Research-and-Development (h) 26 Act-of-1960] Section 6 of the Coal Research and Development 27 Act of 1960 ([P-b--86-599] 30 U.S.C. 666; 74 Stat. 337) is 28 repealed. [{Amends-30-U-S-C--666-}] 29 [Section-4-of-Helium-Act-of-Amendments-of-1960] Section 30 4 of Helium Act Amendments of 1960 ([P-b--86-777] 50 U.S.C. 167b; 31 74 Stat. 920) is amended by striking out the following [language-thereof]: "Provided, however, [t] That all research 32

contracted for, sponsored, cosponsored, or authorized under authority of this Act shall be provided for in such a manner

35 that all information, uses, products, processes, patents, and

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     other developments resulting from such research developed
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     by Government expenditure will (with such exceptions and
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      limitations, if any as the Secretary may find to be necessary
      in the interest of national defense) be available to the
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     general public: And provided further, [t] That nothing
6
     contained herein shall be construed as to deprive the
7
     owner of any background patent relating thereto to such
8
      rights as he may have thereunder." [{Amends-50-U-S-6-
9
      167b.) and by inserting in lieu thereof a period.
10
             [Subsection-(b)-of-Section-4-of-the-Saline
        (1)
11
              Water-Conversion-Act-of-1961
12
        Subsection-(b)-of-section-4-of-the-Saline-Water
13
     Conversion-Act-of-1961-(P.L.-87-295,-75-5tat--628),-as
14
      amended-by-Subsection-(d)-of-Section-6-of-the-Saline-Water
15
      Conversion-Act-of-1971;-P-b--92-60;-is-repealed---(Amends
16
      42-U-S-C--1954(b)-)
17
         (k)--Section-32-of-the-Arms-Control-and-Disarmament
18
              Act-of-1961] Section 32 of the Arms Control and
19
      Disarmament Act of 1961 ([P-L--87-297] 22 U.S.C. 2572;
20
      75 Stat. 634) is repealed. [{Amends-22-U-5-C--2572-}]
21
       [(1)--Section-303-of-the-Water-Resources-Act-of-1964
22
        Section-303-of-the-Water-Resources-Act-of-1964
      (P.b.-88-3797-78-Stat.-332)-is-repealed.--(Amends-42
23
24
     U-S-C--1961c-3-)
        (m)--Subsection-(e)-of-Section-302-of-the-Appalachian
Regional-Development-Act-of-1965]
25
26
27
            Subsection (e) of section 302 of the Appalachian
28
     Regional Development Act of 1965 ([P.b.-89-4] 40 U.S.C.
29
     App. 302(e); 79 Stat.5; [as-amended]) is repealed.
                                                           [<del>{</del>Amends
30
      40-U-S-C--App--302(e)-)]
31
        [+n+--Subsection-(c)-of-Section-204-of-the-Solid
32
              Waste-Disposal-Act]
33
        (1) Subsection (c) of section 203 of the Solid Waste
34
      Disposal Act ([P-b--89-272] 42 U.S.C. 3253(c); 79 Stat. 997)
35
      is repealed. [(Amends-42-U-S-C--3253(c)-)]
36
        [(o)--Section-216-of-Title-387-United-States-Code]
37
       (m) Section 216 of [T]title 38, United States Code, is
38
      amended by [deleting] striking out subsection (a) (2) thereof
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9.02.00

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1
     and by redesignating subsection (a) (3) thereof as (a) (2).
2
     [\{Amends-38-W-5-6--216\{a\}\{2\}-\}]
3
       [(p)--Section-9-of-Federal-Nonnuclear-Energy
             Research-and-Development-Act-of-1974]
5
       (n) Except for paragraph (1) of [5] section 9 of the Federal
6
     Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974,
     [Public-haw-93-5777] (42 U.S.C. 5901; 88 Stat. 1878) is repealed
8
     [except-for-paragraph-(1)-of-Section-9].
       [{q}--Section-3-of-the-Saline-Water-Conversion
10
             Program-Authorization-Act-for-Fiscal-Year-1977]
11
            Section 3 of the [Saline-Water-Conversion-Program
12
     Authorization] Act [for-Fiscal-Year-1977,-P.L.-94-316]
13
     of June 22, 1976 (42 U.S.C. 1959d, note; 90 Stat. 694), is
14
     repealed.
15
            Section 5(i) of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act
       (p)
16
     of 1933 (16 U.S.C. 831d(i); 48 Stat. 61), is amended by
17
     striking both proviso clauses at the end thereof.
18
            Section 5(d) of the Consumer Product Safety Act
19
     (15 U.S.C. 2054(d); 88 Stat. 1211) is repealed.
20
      (r) [Reserved-] Section 3 of the Act of April 5, 1944
21
     (30 U.S.C. 323; 58 Stat. 191), is repealed.
22
       (s) [Reserved-] Section 8001 of the Solid Waste Disposal
23
     Act (42 U.S.C. 6981; 90 Stat. 2829) is repealed.
24
       [(t)--Reserved.]
25
                  CHAPTER 3--EFFECTIVE DATE PROVISION
     [Sec.]
      [531---Effective-date-of-Act-]
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26 Sec. 531. This Act shall take effect on the first day of the

27 seventh month beginning after the date of enactment of

28 this Act, except that regulations implementing this Act

29 may be issued prior to such day.