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[MINORITY STAFF WORKING DRAFT]

March 21, 1979

96TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



(3)

Entitled the "Science and Technology Research and Development Utilization Policy Act".

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH (, 1979

Mr. SCHMITT introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

Entitled the "Science and Technology Research and Development Utilization Policy Act".

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 TITLE I—POLICY
- 4 SEC. 101. FINDINGS.
- 5 The Congress, recognizing the profound impact of sci-
- 6 ence, engineering, and technology policy on the economic,
- 7 social, political, technological well-being, and the health and

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2 that:

- (1) The United States has recently experienced a decline in the process of industrial innovation and productivity which is integrally related to, and adversely impacts upon, domestic productivity, the rate of economic growth, the level of employment, the balance of trade, and the attainment of other national goals.
- (2) The national support of scientific and technological research and development is indispensable to sustained growth and economic stability, and it is in the national interest to maximize the benefits to the general public from such investment.
- (3) Scientific and technological developments and discoveries resulting from work performed with Government contracts constitute a valuable national resource which should be developed in a manner consistent with the public interest and the equities of the respective parties.
- (4) Current Federal policy with respect to the allocation of rights to the results of federally sponsored research and development deters contractor participation in Government contracts, delays technological progress, and stifles the innovative process.

1	(5) There is a need for the establishment and im-
2	plementation of a flexible, uniform Government-wide
3	policy for the management and utilization of the results
4	of federally funded research and development. This
5	uniform policy should promote the progress of science
6	and the useful arts, encourage the efficient commercial
7	utilization of technological developments and discover-
8	ies, guarantee the protection of the public interest, and
9	recognize the equities of the contracting parties.
10	SEC. 102. PURPOSE.
11	It is the purpose of this Act to—
12	(1) establish and maintain a uniform Federal
13	policy for the management and use of the results of
14	federally sponsored science and technology research
15	and development; and
16	(2) insure the effective implementation of the pro-
17	visions of this Act, and to monitor on a continuing
18	basis the impact of Federal science and technology
19	policies on innovation and technology development.
20	SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS.
21	As used in this Act the term—
22	(1) "contract" means any contract, grant, agree-
23	ment, commitment, understanding, or other arrange-

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ment entered into between any Federal agency and

any person where a purpose of the contract is the con-

1	duct of experimental, developmental, or research work.
2	Such term includes any assignment, substitution of par-
3	ties, or subcontract of any type entered into or exe-
4	cuted for the conduct of experimental, developmental,
5	or research work in connection with the performance of
3	that contracts

- (2) "contractor" means any person and any public or private corporation, partnership, firm, association, institution, or other entity that is a party to the contract;
- (3) "disclosure" means a written statement sufficiently complete as to technical detail to convey to one skilled in the art to which the invention pertains a clear understanding of the nature, purpose, operation, and as the case may be, physical, chemical, or electrical characteristics of the invention;
- (4) "Federal agency" means an "executive agency" as defined by section 105 of title 5, United States Code, and the military departments as defined by section 102 of title 5, United States Code;
- (5) "Federal employees" means all employees as defined in section 2105 of title 5, United States Code, and members of the uniformed services;
- (6) "Government" means the Government of the United States of America,



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1	(7) "invention" means any invention, discovery
2	innovation, or improvement which, without regard to
3	the patentability thereof, falls within the classes of pat-
4	entable subject matter defined in title 35, United
5	States Code;
6	(8) "inventor" means any person, other than a
7	contractor, who has made an invention under a con-
8	tract but who has not agreed to assign his rights in
9	such invention to the contractor;
10	(9) "made under the contract" or "made under a
11	contract" when used in relation to any invention
12	means the conception or first actual reduction to prac-
13	tice of such invention in the course of any work under
14	the contract or under a contract, respectively;
15	(10) "nonprofit organization" means universities
16	and other institutions of higher education or an organi-
17	zation of the type described in section 501(c)(3) of the
18	Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 501(c)) and

Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 501(c)) and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 501(a));

(11) "Office" means the Federal Office of Science and Technology Research and Development Utilization

(12) "person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, institution, or other entity;

established under section 201 of this Act;

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1	(13) "practical application" means to manufacture
2	in the case of a composition or product, to practice in
3	the case of a machine or system, and, in each case
4	under such conditions as to establish that the invention
5	is being worked and that its benefits are available to
6	the public either on reasonable terms or through rea-
7	sonable licensing arrangements;
8	(14) "qualified technology transfer program",
9	when used in relation to a nonprofit organization,
10	means a program which includes—
11	(i) an established patent policy which is con-
12	sistent with the policy set forth in this Act and is
13	administered on a continous basis by an officer or
14	entity responsible to the nonprofit organization;
15	(ii) agreements with employees requiring
16	them to assign either to the organization, its des-
17	ignee, or the Government any invention conceived
18	or first actually reduced to practice in the course
19	of or under Government contracts and awards or
20	assurance that such agreements are obtained prior
21	to the assignment of personnel to Government-
22	supported research and development projects;
23	(iii) procedures for prompt invention identifi-

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cation and timely disclosure to the officer or

entity administering the patent poncy of the non-
profit organization;
(iv) procedures for invention evaluation; and
(v) (an active and effective promotional pro-
gram for the licensing and marketing of inven-
tions and
TITLE II—FEDERAL OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND
TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-
MENT UTILIZATION
SEC. 201. ESTABLISHMENT.
(a) No later than 180 days following the enactment of
this Act, the Secretary of Commerce shall establish within
the Department of Commerce the Federal Office of Science
and Technology Research and Development Utilization. The
Office shall be headed by a Director appointed by the Presi-
dent, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Direc-
tor shall receive compensation at the rate specified for level
V positions in the Executive Schedule. The Director shall
have authority, subject to the civil service and classification
laws, to appoint such personnel, including hearing examiners,
as are necessary in the exercise of its functions. The Director
is authorized to make such expenditures and enter into such
contracts as are necessary in the exercise of its function.
(b) The objects and purposes of the Office shall be to
coordinate, direct, and review the implementation and admin-

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1	istration of the uniform Federal policy set forth in this Act
2	with respect to the ownership of inventions resulting from
3	federally sponsored research and development, and to pro-
4	mote the efficient utilization of the results of federally spon-
5	sored research and development.
6	(c) With a view to obtaining uniform application of the
7	policies of this Act, the Office is authorized and directed—
8	(1) to consult and advise with Federal agencies
9	concerning the effective implementation and operation
10	of the policies, purposes, and objectives of this Act;
11	(2) subject to the authority of the office of Federal
12	Procurement Policy, to formulate and recommend to
13	the President such proposed rules, regulations, and
14	procedures necessary and desirable to assure the uni-
15	form application of the provisions of this Act;
16	(3) to accumulate, analyze, and disseminate data
17	necessary to evaluate the administration and effective-
18	ness of the policies set forth in this Act;
19	(4) to determine with administrative finality any
20	. dispute between a Federal agency and an aggrieved
21	party arising under title III or title IV of this Act;
22	(5) monitor, on a continuing basis, the rights of
23	the Government under section 304 of this Act in any

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invention made under a contract of a Federal agency,

and take all suitable and necessary steps to protect and

1 [enforce	the	rights	of	the	Governm	ent	in	any	such	in-
2	vention;	and					•		• '		

- 3 (6) to perform such other duties as may be pre-4 scribed by the President or by statute.
- 5 (d) For the purpose of assuring the effective manage-6 ment of Government-owned inventions, the Office is author-7 ized and directed to—
 - (1) assist and coordinate agency efforts to promote the licensing and utilization of Government-owned patents and inventions;
 - (2) accept custody and administration, in whole or in part, of Government rights in any invention for the purpose of protecting the United States interest therein and premoting the effective utilization of any such invention;
 - (3) develop and manage a Government-wide program designed to stimulate the transfer of Government-owned technology to the private sector through the development, demonstration, and dissemination of information regarding potential applications and evaluate and assist where appropriate the participation of the private sector of the technology transfer process;
 - (4) evaluate, with the assistance of the originating agency, inventions referred by Government agencies and patent applications filed thereon in order to iden-

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1	tify those inventions with the greatest commercial po-
2	tential and to promote the development of inventions
3	so identified;

- protection and maintaining inventions in foreign countries, including the payment of fees and costs connected therewith;
- (6) make market surveys and other investigations for determining the potential of inventions and patents for domestic and foreign licensing and other utilization;
- (7) acquire technical information and engage in negotiations and other activities for promoting the licensing and other utilization of Government-owned patent applications, patents, or other forms of protection obtained, and to demonstrate the practicability of the inventions for the purpose of enhancing their marketability;
- (8) consult and advise agencies as to areas of science and technology research and development with potential for commercial utilization; and
- (9) receive funds from fees, royaltics, sales, or other management of Government-owned inventions authorized under this Act: *Provided*, *however*, That such funds will be used only for the purpose of this Act.

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- 1 (e) The Office shall submit an annual report of its activi-
- 2 ties to Congress, including therein (1) relevant statistical data
- 3 regarding the disposition of invention disclosures resulting
- 4 from federally funded research and development; (2) any rec-
- 5 ommendation as to legislative or administrative changes nec-
- 6 essary to achieve the policy and purposes of this Act; and (3)
- 7 an analysis of the impact of Federal patent policies on the
- 8 innovative process.
- 9 (f) The Office shall establish such interagency commit-
- 10 tees as are necessary to assist in the review and formulation
- 11 of uniform rules, regulations, and procedures implementing
- 12 the provisions of this Act.
- 13 (g) Authorization for appropriations are hereby author-
- 14 ized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce to
- 15 carry out the provisions of this Act, the sum of \$3,000,000
- 16 for fiscal year 1980.
- 17 SEC. 202. AGENCY TECHNOLOGY UTILIZATION PROGRAM.
- To assist in the transfer of Government-owned innova-
- 19 tive technology resulting from Federal research and develop-
- 20 ment for application and use in industry, agriculture, medi-
- 21 cine, transportation, and other critical sectors of the econ-
- 22 omy, each Federal agency supporting research and develop-
- 23 ment activities shall develop and implement a technology uti-
- 21 lization program. Specific program objectives shall include,
- 25 but not be limited to—

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1	(1) expedite and facilitate the application and use
2	of technology by shortening the time between genera-
3	tion of advanced technologies and their use in the
4	economy and provide greater incentives for use of so-
5	cially beneficial innovations;
6	(2) encourage multiple secondary uses of technol-
7	ogy in industry, education, and government where
8	there is a wide spectrum of technological problems and
9	needs; and
10	(3) understand more fully the technology transfer
11	process and its impact on the economy, and to manage
12	and optimize the process in a systematic way.
13	SEC. 208. EXPIRATION.
14	The Office established pursuant to this title and the au-
15	thorities conferred thereto shall expire and terminate 5 years
16	following the effective date of this Act unless renewed by
17	action of Congress.
18	TITLE III—ALLOCATION OF RIGHTS—
19	GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS
20	SEC. 801. RIGHTS OF THE GOVERNMENT.
21	Each Federal agency shall acquire on behalf of the
22	United States, at the time of entering into a contract, title to
23°	any invention made or conceived in the course of or under

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any contract of an agency if the agency determines-

- 1	(1) the services of the contractor are for the oper-
2	ation of a Government-owned research or production
3	facility;
4	(2) retention of title is necessary because of the
5	classified nature of the work being performed under the
6	contract;
7	(3) because of the exceptional circumstances, re-
8	tention of title by the Government is necessary to
9	assure the adequate protection of the public health,
10	safety, or welfare;
11	(4) in the case of a nonprofit organization, that
12	such institution does not have a qualified technology
13	transfer program as defined in section 103 of this Act;
14	or
15	(5) the principal purpose of the contract is to de-
16	velop or improve products, processes, or methods
17	which will be required for use by Government regula-
18	tions:
19	Provided, however, That the Federal agency may subse-
20	quently waive all or any part of the rights of the United
21	States under this section to such invention in conformity with
22	the provisions of section 303.
23	SEC. 302. RIGHTS OF THE CONTRACTOR.
24	In all other situations not specified in section 301, the
25	contractor or inventor shall have the option of acquiring title

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- 2 rights, however, shall be subject to the limitations set forth in
- 3 section 304. Said option shall be exercised at the time of
- 4 disclosure of the invention or within such time thereafter as
- 5 may be provided in the contract. The Government shall
- 6 obtain title to any invention for which this option is not
- 7 exercised.
- 8 SEC. 303. WAIVER.
- 9 A Federal agency may at any time waive all or any part
- 10 of the rights of the United States under this section to any
- 11 invention or class of inventions made or which may be made
- 12 by any person or class of persons under the contract of the
- 13 agency if the agency determines that the condition justifying
- 14 retention of title by the Government under subsection (a) 10
- 15 longer exists or the interests of the United States and the
- 16 general public will be best served thereby. The agency shall
- 17 maintain a record, which shall be made public and periodical-
- 18 ly updated, of determinations made under this chapter. In
- 19 making such determinations, the agency shall consider the
- 20 following objectives:
- 21 (1) encouraging the wide availability to the public
- of the benefits of the experimental, developmental, or
- 23 research programs in the shortest practicable time;
- 24 (2) promoting the commercial utilization of such
- 25 inventions;

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1 (3) encouraging participation by private persons in 2 the Government-sponsored experimental, developmen-3 tal, or research programs; and

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(4) fostering competition and preventing undue market concentration or the creation of maintenance of other situations inconsistent with the antitrust laws.

7 SEC. 304. MARCH-IN-RIGHTS.

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- (a) Where a contractor has acquired title to an invention under section 302 or 303, the Federal agency shall have the right, pursuant to regulations and subject to the provisions of subsection (b), to—
 - (1) require the contractor to grant a nonexclusive, partially exclusive, or exclusive license to a responsible applicant or applicants, upon terms reasonable under the circumstances, or to require an assignment of title to the Government if the agency determines such action is necessary because the contractor has not filed a patent application on the invention within a reasonable period of time or has not taken, or is not expected to take within a reasonable time, effective steps to achieve practical application of the invention; or
 - (2) require the contractor to grant a nonexclusive, partially exclusive, or exclusive license to a responsible applicant or applicants, upon terms reasonable under

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1	the circumstances, if the agency determines such action
2	is necessary—
3	(i) to alleviate a serious threat to the public
4	health, safety, or welfare needs which is not rea-
5	sonably satisfied by the contractor or its licensees
6	or otherwise required for the protection of nation-
7	al security;
8	(ii) to meet requirements for public use by
9	Federal regulation which are not satisfied by the
10	contractor or its licensees; or
11	(iii) because the exclusive rights of the inven-
12	tion held by the contractor have tended substan-
(3	tially to lessen competition or to result in undue
[4	market concentration in any section of the United
15	States in any line of commerce to which the tech-
16	nology relates, or to create and maintain other
7	situations inconsistent with the antitrust laws.
8	(b) The rights of the Federal agency under subsection
9	(a) shall be subject to the prior approval of the Office which
0	shall make its determination after a formal hearing with af-
1	fected parties present and conducted in accordance with the
22	rules, regulations, and procedures adopted by the Office.
3	SEC. 305. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

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25 contain such terms and conditions as the agency deems ap-

(a) Each contract entered into by the Government shall

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1	propriate	for	the	protection	of	the	interests	of	the	United

- 2 States and the general public, including appropriate provi-
- 3 sions to—

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(1) require periodic written reports at reasonable intervals in the commercial utilization or efforts at obtaining commercial utilization that are being made by the inventor or contractor or their licensees or assigness: Provided, That any such information shall be treated by the Federal agency as commercial and financial and confidential and not subject to disclosure

under the Freedom of Information Act:

- (2) reserve to the United States at least an irrevocable, nonexclusive, paid-up license to make, use, and sell the invention throughout the world by or on behalf of the United States and States and domestic municipal governments, unless the agency determines that it would not be in the public interest to acquire the license for the States and domestic municipal governments;
- (3) require the prompt disclosure by the contractor or inventor to that agency of any invention made under the contract;
- (4) require an election by the contractor within a reasonable time after disclosure as to whether the con-

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1	tractor intends to file a patent application on any in-
2	vention made under the contract;
3	(5) require a declaration by the contractor within a
4	reasonable time after disclosure of the contractors
5	intent to commercialize or otherwise achieve the wide-
6	spread utilization of the invention by the public; and
7	(6) reserve to the United States and the contrac-
8	tor or inventor rights in each such invention in con-
9	formity with the provisions of this title.
10	(b) Agency determinations as to the rights to inventions
11	under this title shall be made in an expeditious manner with-
12	out unnecessary delay.
13	SEC. 306. BACKGROUND RIGHTS.
14	Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to de-
15	prive the owner of any background patent or to such rights
16	as the owner may have thereunder.
7	SEC. 307. GOVERNMENT LICENSING AUTHORITY.
8	(a) A Federal agency may grant exclusive or partially
9	exclusive licenses in any invention to which the Government
0	has obtained title if the agency determines that-
1	(1) the desired practical application has not been
2	achieved, or is not likely to be achieved within a rea-
3	sonable period of time by the granting of a nonexclu-

sive license;

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1	(2) exclusive or partially exclusive licensing is
2	reasonable and necessary incentive to call forth the in
3	vestment of risk capital to bring the invention to prac
4	tical application; and
5	(3) the proposed terms and scope of exclusivity are no
6	greater than reasonably necessary to provide the incen-
7	tive for bringing the invention to practical application
8	TITLE IV—ALLOCATION OF RIGHTS—FEDERAL
9	EMPLOYEES
10	SEC. 401. ALLOCATION OF RIGHTS.
11	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (b) and
12	(c), the Government shall obtain the entire right, title, and
13	interest in and to all inventions made by any Federal em
14	ployee if the agency determines that-
15	(1) the invention was made or conceived during
16	working hours;
17	(2) the invention was made or conceived with a
13	contribution by the Government of facilities, equip-
19	ment, materials, funds, or information, or of time or
20	services of other Government employees on official
21	duty; or
22	(3) the invention bears a direct relation to the
23	duties of the Federal employee-inventor, or are made
2. £	in consequence of his employment.
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1	(b) Where the interest of the Government is insufficient
2	to require retention of title by the Government but the inven-
3	tion bears an indirect relation to the duties of the Federal
4	employee-inventor, the employee shall have the option of ac-
5	quiring title to such invention, subject, however, to the reser-
6	vation by the Government of a nonexclusive, irrevocable,
7	royalty-free license in the invention with the power to grant
8	licenses for all governmental purposes. The Government
9	shall obtain title to any invention for which this option is not
10	exercised.
11	(c) In all situations not falling within subsections (a) and
12	(b), a Federal employee shall be entitled to retain the entire
13	right, title, and interest in and to any invention made by the
14	employee.
15	SEC. 402. PRESUMPTION OF OWNERSHIP.
16	(a) In applying the criteria of section 401 to the facts
17	and circumstances relating to the making of any particular
18	invention, it shall be presumed that an invention falls within
19	the criteria of section 401(a) when made by a Federal em-
20	ployee who is employed or assigned to—
21	(1) invent, improve, or perfect any art, machine,
22	manufacture, or composition of matter;
23	(2) conduct or perform research or development

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work, or both;

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1	(3) supervise, direct, coordinate, or review federal-
2	ly financed or conducted research or development
3	work, or both; or
4	(4) act in a liaison capacity among Federal or
5	non-Federal agencies or individuals engaged in such
6	work.
7	(b) The presumption established by subsection (a) may
8	be rebutted by the facts or circumstances of the conditions
9	under which any particular invention is made.
10	SEC. 403. REVIEW.
11	Federal agency determinations regarding the respective
12	rights of the Government and the Federal employee-inventor
13	are to be reviewed by the Office in accordance with rules,
14	regulations, and procedures adopted by that Office when-
15	ever—
16	(1) the Federal agency fails to obtain title under
17	the provisions of section 401(a); or
.18	(2) the Federal employee-inventor who claims to
19	be aggrieved by the determination requests such a
20	review.
21	SEC. 404. INCENTIVES AWARDS PROGRAM.
22	(a) Subject to the provisions of this section, the agency
23	is authorized, upon its own initiative or upon application of
24	any person, to make a monetary award or otherwise offer
25	recognition, in such amount and upon such terms as it shall

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1	deem appropriate, to any Federal employee-inventor for any
2	scientific or technical invention determined by the agency to
3	have significant value.
4	(b) Awards shall be granted pursuant to the provisions
5	of chapter 45 of title 5 and chapter 57 of title 1 of the United
6	States Code, and in accordance with regulations issued there-
7	under except as modified by this Act.
8	(c) In granting awards under this section, due considera-
9	tion shall be given to—
10	(1) the extent to which the invention advances the
11	state of the art;
12	(2) the amount expended by the employee-inven-
13	tor for development of such invention;
14	(3) the importance of the invention in terms of its
15	value and benefits to the Government and the United
16	States;
17	(4) the extent to which the invention has achieved
18	utilization by the public; and
19	(5) the amount of any compensation previously re-
20	ceived by the employee-inventor for or on account of
21	the use of such invention by the United States.
22	(d) If more than one applicant under subsection (a)
23	claims an interest in the same contribution, the agency shall

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ascertain the respective interest of such applicants, and shall

apportion any award to be made with respect to such inven-

- 1 tion among such applicants in such proportions as it shall
- 2 determine to be equitable.
- 3 (e) No award may be made under subsection (a) with
- 4 respect to any invention unless the applicant surrenders, by
- 5 such means as the agency shall determine to be effective, all
- 6 claims which such applicant may have to receive any com-
- 7 pensation (other than the award made under this section) for
- 8 the use of such invention or any element thereof at any time
- 9 by or on behalf of the United States or by or on behalf of any
- 10 foreign government pursuant to any treaty or agreement with
- 11 the United States, within the United States or at any other
- 12 place.
- (f) No award may be made under subsection (a) in any
- 14 amount exceeding \$100,000, unless the agency has transmit-
- 15 ted to the appropriate committees of the Congress a full and
- 16 complete report concerning the amount and terms of, and the
- 17 basis for, such proposed award, and 30 calendar days of reg-
- 18 ular session of the Congress have expired after receipt of
- 19 such report by such committees.
- 20 (g) A cash award and expense for honorary recognition
- 21 of a Federal employee-inventor shall be paid from the funds
- 22 appropriated for the sponsoring Federal agency.

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- 2 SEC. 501. REPEAL OF EXISTING STATUTORY AUTHORIZA-
- 3 TIONS.

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- 4 The following Acts are hereby amended as follows:
- 5 (a) Section 10(a) of the Act of June 29, 1935, as added
- 6 by title I of the Act of August 14, 1946 (7 U.S.C. 427(a); 60
- 7 Stat. 1085) is amended by striking out the following: "Any
- 8 contracts made pursuant to this authority shall contain re-
- 9 quirements making the results of research and investigations
- 10 available to the public through dedication, assignment to the
- 11 Government, or such other means as the Secretary shall
- 12 determine.".
- 13 (b) Section 205(a) of the Act of August 14, 1946 (7
- 14 U.S.C. 1624(a); 60 Stat. 1090) is amended by striking out
- 15 the following: "Any contract made pursuant to this section
- 16 shall contain requirements making the result of such research
- 17 and investigations available to the public by such means as
- 18 the Secretary of Agriculture shall determine.".
- 19 (c) Section 501(c) of the Federal Coal Mine Health and
- 20 Safety Act of 1969 (30 U.S.C. 951(c); 83 Stat. 742) is
- 21 amended by striking out the following: "No research, demon-
- 22 strations, or experiments shall be carried out, contracted for,
- 23 sponsored, cosponsored, or authorized under authority of this
- 24 Act, unless all information, uses, products, processes, pat-
- 25 ents, and other developments resulting from such research,

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1	demonstrations,	or	exne	riments	will	(with	such	exception	and
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- 2 limitation, if any, as the Secretary or the Secretary of
- 3 Health, Education, and Welfare may find to be necessary in
- 4 the public interest) be available to the general public.".
- 5 (d) Section 106(c) of the National Traffic and Motor Ve-
- 6 hicle Safety Act of 1966 (15 U.S.C. 1395(c); 80 Stat. 721) is
- 7 repealed.
- 8 (e) Section 12 of the National Science Foundation Act
- 9 of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1871(a); S2 Stat. 360) is repealed.
- 10 (f) Section 152 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
- 11 U.S.C. 2182; 68 Stat. 943) is repealed.
- 12 (g) The National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958
- 13 (72 Stat. 426) is amended—
- 14 (1) by repealing section 305 thereof (42 U.S.C.
- 15 2457): Provided, however, That subsections (c), (d), and
- 16 (e) of such section shall continue to be effective with
- 17 respect to any application for patents in which the
- written statement referred to in subsection (c) of such
- section has been filed or requested to be filed by the
- 20 Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks prior to the
- 21 effective date of this Act;
- 22 (2) by inserting the following new section 305:
- 23 "Sec. 305. Inventions and Contributions
- 24 BOARD.—Each proposal for any waiver of patent rights held
- 25 by the Administrator shall be referred to an Inventions and

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1	Contributions	Board	which	shall	be	established	by	the	Λđ-

- 2 ministrator within the Administration. Such Board shall
- 3 accord to each interested party an opportunity for hearing,
- 4 and shall transmit to the Administrator its findings of fact
- 5 with respect to such proposal and its recommendations for
- 6 action to be taken with respect thereto.";
- 7 (3) by striking out section 306 thereof (42 U.S.C.
- 8 2458(a));
- 9 (4) by inserting at the end of section 203(b) there-
- of (42 U.S.C. 2478(a)); the following new paragraph:
- 11 "(14) to provide effective contractual provisions
- 12 for reporting of the results of the activities of the Ad-
- ministration, including full and complete technical re-
- porting of any innovation made in the course of or
- under any contract of the Administration.":
- 16 (5) by inserting at the end of section 203 thereof
- 17 (42 U.S.C. 2478) the following new subsection:
- 18 "(e) For the purpose of chapter 17 of title 35 of the
- 19 United States Code the Administration shall be considered a
- 20 defense agency of the United States."; and
- 21 (6) by striking out the following in such section:
- 22 "(including patents and rights thereunder).".
- 23 (h) Section 6 of the Coal Research and Development
- 24 Act of 1960 (30 U.S.C. 666; 74 Stat. 337) is repealed.

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- 1 (i) Section 4 of the Helium Act Amendments of 1960
- 2 (50 U.S.C. 167b; 74 Stat. 920) is amended by striking out
- 3 the following: "Provided, however, That all research con-
- 4 tracted for, sponsored, cosponsored, or authorized under au-
- 5 thority of this Act shall be provided for in such a manner that
- 6 all information, uses, processes, patents, and other develop-
- 7 ments resulting from such research developed by Govern-
- 8 ment expenditure will (with such exceptions and limitations,
- 9 if any, as the Secretary may find to be necessary in the inter-
- 10 est of national defense) be available to the general public:
- 11 And provided further, That nothing contained herein shall be
- 12 construed as to deprive the owner of any background patent
- 18 relating thereto to such rights as he may have thereunder."
- 14 and by inserting in lieu thereof a period.
- 15 (j) Section 32 of the Arms Control and Disarmament
- 16 Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2572; 75 Stat. 634) is repealed.
- 17 (k) Subsection (e) of section 302 of the Appalachian Re-
- 18 gional Development Act of 1965 (40 U.S.C. App. 302(e); 79
- 19 Stat. 5) is repealed.

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- 20 (i) Subsection (e) of section 203 of the Solid Waste Dis-
- 21 posal Act (42 U.S.C. 5253(c); 70 Stat. 997) is repealed.
- m) Section 216 of title 38, United States Code, is
- 28 amended by striking out subsection (a)(2) thereof and by re-
- 24 designating subsection (a)(3) thereof as (a)(2).

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- (n) Except for paragraph (1) of section 9 of the Federal
- 2 Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974
- 3 (42 U.S.C. 5901; 88 Stat. 1878) is repealed.
- 4 (o) Section 3 of the Act of June 22, 1976 (42 U.S.C.
- 5 1959d, note; 90 Stat. 694), is repealed.
- 6 (p) Section 5(i) of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act
- 7 of 1933 (16 U.S.C. 831d(i); 48 Stat. 61), is amended by
- 8 striking both proviso clauses at the end thereof.
- 9 (q) Section 5(d) of the Consumer Product Safety Act (15
- 10 U.S.C. 2054(d); 88 Stat. 1211) is repealed.
- 11 (r) Section 3 of the Act of April 5, 1954 (30 U.S.C.
- 12 323; 58 Stat. 191), is repealed.
- 13 (s) Section 8001 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42
- 14 U.S.C. 6981; 90 Stat. 2892) is repealed.
- 15 (t) Section 5 of the Act of July 3, 1952 (42 U.S.C.
- 16 1954(b)) is repealed.
- 17 (u) Section 303 of the Act of July 17, 1964 (42 U.S.C.
- 18 1961c-3) is repealed.
- 19 SEC. 502. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 20 This Act shall take effect 6 months after the date of
- 21 enactment of this Act.
- 22 SEC. 503. AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS.
- There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as
- 24 may be necessary to earry out the provisions of this Act.

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