

ROBERT ROY Bul 2 *Case*

	<i>Section</i>
PUBLIC LAW 85-1—85th Congress—Making Inauguration Day a legal holiday in the metropolitan area of the District of Columbia-----	I
PUBLIC LAW 85-7—85th Congress—Providing economic assistance in the Middle East----	II
EXECUTIVE ORDER 10695—Inventions made by Government employees; providing for uniform patent policy for the Government and for the administration of such policy-----	III
EXECUTIVE ORDER 10705—Delegating certain authority of the President relating to radio stations and communications-----	IV

I. PUBLIC LAW—The following Public Law is published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

Public Law 85-1—85th Congress
January 11, 1957—1st Session

Joint Resolution making Inauguration Day a legal holiday in the metropolitan area of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the 20th day of January 1957 and the 20th day of January in every fourth year thereafter, known as Inauguration Day, is hereby made a legal holiday in the metropolitan area of the District of Columbia for the purpose of all statutes relating to the compensation and leave of employees of the United States, including the legislative and judicial branches, and of the District of Columbia, employed in such area: *Provided, however,* That whenever the 20th day of January in any such year shall fall on a Sunday, the next succeeding day selected for the public observance of the inauguration of the President of the United States shall be considered a legal holiday as provided by this joint resolution.

Sec. 2. For the purposes of this joint resolution, the term "metropolitan area of the District of Columbia" shall include, in addition to the District of Columbia, Montgomery and Prince Georges Counties, Maryland; Arlington and Fairfax Counties, Virginia; and the cities of Alexandria and Falls Church, Virginia.

Approved January 11, 1957.

II. PUBLIC LAW—The following Public Law is published for the information and guidance of all concerned. (See AFBul 21, 1954; AFBul 9, 1955; AFBul 10, 1956 and AFBul 12, 1956).

Public Law 85-7
85th Congress, H. J. Res. 117

Joint Resolution to promote peace and stability in the Middle East.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President be and hereby is authorized to cooperate with and assist any nation or group of nations in the general area of the Middle East desiring such assistance in the development of economic strength dedicated to the maintenance of national independence.

Sec. 2. The President is authorized to undertake, in the general area of the Middle East, military assistance programs with any nation or group of nations of that area desiring such assistance. Furthermore, the United States regards as vital to the national interest and world peace the preservation of the independence and integrity of the nations of the Middle East. To this end, if the President determines the necessity thereof, the United States is prepared to use armed forces to assist any such nation or group of such nations requesting assistance against armed aggression from any country controlled by international communism: *Provided,* That such employment shall be consonant with the treaty obligations of the United States and with the Constitution of the United States.

Sec. 3. The President is hereby authorized to use during the balance of fiscal year 1957 for economic and military assistance under this joint resolution not to exceed \$200,000,000 from any appropriation now available for carrying out the provisions of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, in accord with the provisions of such Act: *Provided,* That, whenever the President determines it to be important to the security of the United States, such use may be under the au-

Bul 2

Authority of section 401 (a) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended (except that the provisions of section 105 (a) thereof shall not be waived), and without regard to the provisions of section 105 of the Mutual Security Appropriation Act, 1957: *Provided further*, That obligations incurred in carrying out the purposes of the first sentence of section 2 of this joint resolution shall be paid only out of appropriations for military assistance, and obligations incurred in carrying out the purposes of the first section of this joint resolution shall be paid only out of appropriations other than those for military assistance. This authorization is in addition to other existing authorizations with respect to the use of such appropriations. None of the additional authorization contained in this section shall be used until fifteen days after the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives and, when military assistance is involved, the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives have been furnished a report showing the object of the proposed use, the country for the benefit of which such use is intended, and the particular appropriation or appropriations for carrying out the provisions of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, from which the funds are proposed to be derived: *Provided*, That funds available under this section during the balance of fiscal year 1957 shall, in the case of any such report submitted during the last fifteen days of the fiscal year, remain available for use under this section for the purposes stated in such report for a period of twenty days following the date of submission of such report. Nothing contained in this joint resolution shall be construed as itself authorizing the appropriation of additional funds for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the first section or of the first sentence of section 2 of this joint resolution.

Sec. 4. The President should continue to furnish facilities and military assistance, within the provisions of applicable law and established policies, to the United Nations Emergency Force in the Middle East, with a view to maintaining the truce in that region.

Sec. 5. The President shall within the months of January and July of each year report to the Congress his action hereunder.

Sec. 6. This joint resolution shall expire when the President shall determine that the peace and security of the nations in the general area of the Middle East are reasonably assured by international conditions created by action of the United Nations or otherwise except that it

may be terminated earlier by a concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress.

Approved March 9, 1957.

III. EXECUTIVE ORDER—The following Executive Order revoking Para. 2(b) of E.O. 10096 (AFBul 2, 1950) is published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10695

REVOKING PARAGRAPH 2 (b) OF EXECUTIVE ORDER No. 10096 OF JANUARY 23, 1950, ENTITLED "PROVIDING FOR A UNIFORM PATENT POLICY FOR THE GOVERNMENT WITH RESPECT TO INVENTIONS MADE BY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES AND FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF SUCH POLICY"

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and statutes, and as President of the United States, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Paragraph 2 (b) of Executive Order No. 10096 of January 23, 1950, relating to the indexing of inventions owned or controlled by the United States, be, and it is hereby, revoked.

2. The Chairman of the Government Patents Board is hereby authorized to transfer to the Department of Commerce any or all of the records heretofore prepared by the Board pursuant to paragraph 2 (b) of Executive Order No. 10096.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

THE WHITE HOUSE,
January 16, 1957.

IV. EXECUTIVE ORDER—The following Executive Order is published for the information and guidance of all concerned. (See AFBul 52, 1951 and AFBul 7, 1953).

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10705

DELEGATING CERTAIN AUTHORITY OF THE PRESIDENT RELATING TO RADIO STATIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS

By virtue of the authority vested in me by section 301 of title 3 of the United States Code, and as President of the United States, it is hereby ordered as follows:

SECTION 1. (a) Subject to the provisions of this order, the authority vested in the President by subsection 305 (a), and by subsections 606 (a), (c), and (d), of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (47 U. S. C. 305 (a); 606 (a), (c), and (d)), is delegated to the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization (hereinafter referred to as the Director).