101ST CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.3045

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 18 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 18), 1989 Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

AN ACT

- To amend chapters 5 and 9 of title 17, United States Code, to clarify that States, instrumentalities of States, and officers and employees of States acting in their official capacity, are subject to suit in Federal court by any person for infringement of copyright and infringement of exclusive rights in mask works, and that all the remedies can be obtained in such suit that can be obtained in a suit against a private person or against other public entities.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Copyright Remedy 5 Clarification Act". 1SEC. 2. LIABILITY OF STATES, INSTRUMENTALITIES OF2STATES, AND STATE OFFICIALS FOR INFRINGE-3MENT OF COPYRIGHT AND EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS4IN MASK WORKS.

 $\mathbf{5}$ (a) COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT.—(1) Section 501(a) of title 17, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end 6 the following: "As used in this subsection, the term 'anyone' 7 includes any State, any instrumentality of a State, and any 8 9 officer or employee of a State or instrumentality of a State 10 acting in his or her official capacity. Any State, and any such instrumentality, officer, or employee, shall be subject to the 11 provisions of this title in the same manner and to the same 12 extent as any nongovernmental entity.". 13

14 (2) Chapter 5 of title 17, United States Code, is amend15 ed by adding at the end the following new section:

16 "§ 511. Liability of States, instrumentalities of States, and

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State officials for infringement of copyright

18 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Any State, any instrumentality of a 19 State, and any officer or employee of a State or instrumentality of a State acting in his or her official capacity, shall not be 2021immune, under the Eleventh Amendment of the Constitution $\mathbf{22}$ of the United States or under any other doctrine of sovereign 23immunity, from suit in Federal court by any person, including $\mathbf{24}$ any governmental or nongovernmental entity, for a violation 25of any of the exclusive rights of a copyright owner provided by sections 106 through 119, for importing copies of phono-26

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records in violation of section 602, or for any other violation
 under this title.

3 "(b) REMEDIES.—In a suit described in subsection (a) for a violation described in that subsection, remedies (includ-4 $\mathbf{5}$ ing remedies both at law and in equity) are available for the violation to the same extent as such remedies are available 6 for such a violation in a suit against any public or private 7 8 entity other than a State, instrumentality of a State, or officer or employee of a State acting in his or her official 9 10 capacity. Such remedies include impounding and disposition 11 of infringing articles under section 503, actual damages and 12 profits and statutory damages under section 504, costs and 13 attorney's fees under section 505, and the remedies provided in section 510.". 14

(3) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 5 of
title 17, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
the following new item:

18 (b) INFRINGEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS IN MASK 19 WORKS.—(1) Section 910(a) of title 17, United States Code, 20 is amended by adding at the end the following: "As used in 21 this subsection, the term 'any person' includes any State, any 22 instrumentality of a State, and any officer or employee of a 23 State or instrumentality of a State acting in his or her official 24 capacity. Any State, and any such instrumentality, officer, or

[&]quot;Sec. 511. Liability of States, instrumentalities of States, and State officials for infringement of copyright.".

employee, shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter in
 the same manner and to the same extent as any nongovern mental entity.".

(2) Section 911 of title 17, United States Code, is 4 amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: $\mathbf{5}$ 6 "(g)(1) Any State, any instrumentality of a State, and any officer or employee of a State or instrumentality of a 7 State acting in his or her capacity, shall not be immune, 8 9 under the Eleventh Amendment of the Constitution of the 10 United States or under any other doctrine of sovereign immu-11 nity, from suit in Federal court by any person, including any 12governmental or nongovernmental entity, for a violation of 13any of the exclusive rights of the owner of a mask work under this chapter, or for any other violation under this 14 15chapter.

"(2) In a suit described in paragraph (1) for a violation 16 17 described in that paragraph, remedies (including remedies 18 both at law and in equity) are available for the violation to the same extent as such remedies are available for such a 19 20violation in a suit against any public or private entity other than a State, instrumentality of a State, or officer or employ-2122ee of a State acting in his or her official capacity. Such reme-23dies include actual damages and profits under subsection (b), $\mathbf{24}$ statutory damages under subsection (c), impounding and dis-

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position of infringing articles under subsection (e), and costs
 and attorney's fees under subsection (f).".

3 SEC. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.

4 The amendments made by this Act shall take effect with 5 respect to violations that occur on or after the date of the 6 enactment of this Act.

Passed the House of Representatives October 16, 1989.

Attest: DONNALD K. ANDERSON,

Clerk.