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^{110TH CONGRESS} H.R.4279

AN ACT

To enhance remedies for violations of intellectual property laws, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the

- 3 "Prioritizing Resources and Organization for Intellectual
- 4 Property Act of 2008".
- 5 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents is
- 6 as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

- Sec. 2. Reference.
- Sec. 3. Definition.

TITLE I—ENHANCEMENTS TO CIVIL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS

- Sec. 101. Registration of claim.
- Sec. 102. Registration and infringement actions.
- Sec. 103. Civil remedies for infringement.
- Sec. 104. Treble damages in counterfeiting cases.
- Sec. 105. Statutory damages in counterfeiting cases.
- Sec. 106. Exportation of goods bearing infringing marks.
- Sec. 107. Importation and exportation.

TITLE II—ENHANCEMENTS TO CRIMINAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS

- Sec. 201. Criminal infringement of a copyright.
- Sec. 202. Harmonization of forfeiture procedures for intellectual property offenses.
- Sec. 203. Directive to United States Sentencing Commission.
- Sec. 204. Trafficking in counterfeit goods or services.

TITLE III—COORDINATION AND STRATEGIC PLANNING OF FEDERAL EFFORT AGAINST COUNTERFEITING AND PIRACY

Subtitle A—Office of the United States Intellectual Property Enforcement Representative

Sec. 301. Office of the United States Intellectual Property Enforcement Representative.

Sec. 302. Definition.

Subtitle B-Joint Strategic Plan

- Sec. 321. Joint Strategic Plan.
- Sec. 322. Reporting.
- Sec. 323. Savings and repeals.
- Sec. 324. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE IV-INTERNATIONAL ENFORCEMENT AND COORDINATION

Sec. 401. Intellectual property attachés.

Sec. 402. Duties and responsibilities of intellectual property attachés.

- Sec. 403. Training and designation of assignment.
- Sec. 404. Coordination.
- Sec. 405. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE V—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS

Subtitle A-Coordination

Sec. 501. Intellectual Property Enforcement Officer.

Subtitle B-Law Enforcement Resources

- Sec. 511. Local law enforcement grants.
- Sec. 512. CHIP units, training, and additional resources.
- Sec. 513. Transparency of prosecutorial decisionmaking.
- Sec. 514. Authorization of appropriations.

Subtitle C--International Activities

- Sec. 521. International intellectual property law enforcement coordinators.
- Sec. 522. International training activities of the computer crime and intellectual property section.

Subtitle D-Coordination, Implementation, and Reporting

Sec. 531. Coordination.

Sec. 532. Annual reports.

1 SEC. 2. REFERENCE.

Any reference in this Act to the "Trademark Act of 1946" refers to the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of trademarks used in commerce, to carry out the provisions of certain international conventions, and for other purposes", approved July 5, 1946 (15 U.S.C. 1051 et seq.).

8 SEC. 3. DEFINITION.

9 In this Act, the term "United States person" 10 means—

- 11 (1) any United States resident or national,
- 12 (2) any domestic concern (including any perma-
- 13 nent domestic establishment of any foreign concern),
- 14 and

1 (3) any foreign subsidiary or affiliate (including any permanent foreign establishment) of any domes-2 tic concern that is controlled in fact by such domes-3 4 tic concern, except that such term does not include an individual who 5 resides outside the United States and is employed by an 6 individual or entity other than an individual or entity de-7 8 scribed in paragraph (1), (2), or (3). TO I-ENHANCEMENTS TITLE 9 CIVIL INTELLECTUAL PROP-10 ERTY LAWS 11 SEC. 101. REGISTRATION OF CLAIM. 12 13 Section 410 of title 17, United States Code, is 14 amended----15 (1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively; and 16 (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-17 18 lowing: 19 (c)(1) A certificate of registration satisfies the requirements of section 411 and section 412 regardless of 20 21 any inaccurate information contained in the certificate, 22 unless----23 "(A) the inaccurate information was included on the application for copyright registration with 24 25 knowledge that it was inaccurate; and

"(B) the inaccuracy of the information, if
 known, would have caused the Register of Copy rights to refuse registration.

4 "(2) In any case in which inaccuracies described
5 under paragraph (1) are alleged, the court shall request
6 the Register of Copyrights to advise the court whether the
7 inaccuracy of the information, if known, would have
8 caused the Register of Copyrights to refuse registration.
9 The Register shall respond to the court's request within
10 45 days after the request is made.

"(3) Nothing in this subsection shall affect any
rights, obligations, or requirements of a person related to
information contained in a registration certificate except
for the institution of and remedies in infringement actions
under sections 411 and 412.".

16 SEC. 102. REGISTRATION AND INFRINGEMENT ACTIONS.

17 (a) REGISTRATION IN CIVIL INFRINGEMENT AC18 TIONS.—Section 411 of title 17, United States Code, is
19 amended—

20 (1) in the section heading, by inserting "civil"
21 after "and"; and

(2) in subsection (a), by striking "no action"and inserting "no civil action".

24 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—

25 Section 411(b) of title 17, United States Code, is amended

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by striking "506 and sections 509 and" and inserting
 "505 and section".

3 SEC. 103. CIVIL REMEDIES FOR INFRINGEMENT.

4 Section 503(a) of title 17, United States Code, is 5 amended—

6 (1) by striking "and of all plates" and inserting7 "of all plates"; and

8 (2) by striking the period at the end and inserting the following: ", and records documenting the 9 10 manufacture, sale, or receipt of things involved in such violation. The court shall enter an appropriate 11 12 protective order with respect to discovery by the applicant of any records that have been seized. The 13 14 protective order shall provide for appropriate proce-15 dures to assure that confidential information con-16 tained in such records is not improperly disclosed to 17 the applicant.".

18 SEC. 104. TREBLE DAMAGES IN COUNTERFEITING CASES.

19 Section 35(b) of the Trademark Act of 1946 (1520 U.S.C. 1117(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) In assessing damages under subsection (a) for
any violation of section 32(1)(a) of this Act or section
220506 of title 36, United States Code, in a case involving
use of a counterfeit mark or designation (as defined in
section 34(d) of this Act), the court shall, unless the court

finds extenuating circumstances, enter judgment for three
 times such profits or damages, whichever amount is great er, together with a reasonable attorney's fee, if the viola tion consists of—

5 "(1) intentionally using a mark or designation, 6 knowing such mark or designation is a counterfeit 7 mark (as defined in section 34(d) of this Act), in 8 connection with the sale, offering for sale, or dis-9 tribution of goods or services;

"(2) intentionally inducing another to engage ina violation specified in paragraph (1); or

12 "(3) providing goods or services necessary to 13 the commission of a violation specified in paragraph 14 (1), with the intent that the recipient of the goods 15 or services would put the goods or services to use in 16 committing the violation.

17 In such a case, the court may award prejudgment interest 18 on such amount at an annual interest rate established 19 under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 20 1986, beginning on the date of the service of the claim-21 ant's pleadings setting forth the claim for such entry of 22 judgment and ending on the date such entry is made, or 23 for such shorter time as the court considers appropriate.".

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8 1 SEC. 105. STATUTORY DAMAGES IN COUNTERFEITING 2 CASES. 3 Section 35(c) of the Trademark Act of 1946 (15 4 U.S.C. 1117) is amended---5 (1) in paragraph (1)— (A) by striking "\$500" and inserting 6 7 "\$1,000"; and 8 (B) by striking "\$100,000" and inserting 9 "\$200,000"; and 10 (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "\$1,000,000" 11 and inserting "\$2,000,000". 12 SEC. 106. EXPORTATION OF GOODS BEARING INFRINGING 13 MARKS. Title VII of the Trademark Act of 1946 (15 U.S.C. 14 15 1124) is amended— 16 (1) in the title heading, by inserting after "IM-17 PORTATION" the following: "OR EXPOR-TATION"; and 18 19 (2) in section 42— 20 (A) by striking the word "imported"; and 21 (B) by inserting after "customhouse of the United States" the following: ", nor shall any 22 23 such article be exported from the United States". 24

1 SEC. 107. IMPORTATION AND EXPORTATION.

9

(a) IN GENERAL.—The heading for chapter 6 of title 2 3 17, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: 4 "CHAPTER 6-MANUFACTURING REQUIRE-MENTS, IMPORTATION, AND EXPOR-5 6 TATION". 7 (b) AMENDMENT ON EXPORTATION.—Section 602(a) 8 of title 17, United States Code, is amended-9 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively, 10 and moving such subparagraphs 2 ems to the right; 11 (2) by striking "(a)" and inserting "(a) IN-12 FRINGING IMPORTATION AND EXPORTATION.-13 "(1) IMPORTATION.—"; 14 (3) by striking "This subsection does not apply 15 to—" and inserting the following: 16 "(2) IMPORTATION OR EXPORTATION OF IN-17 FRINGING ITEMS.-Importation into the United 18 19 States or exportation from the United States, without the authority of the owner of copyright under 20 21 this title, of copies or phonorecords, the making of which either constituted an infringement of copy-22 23 right or would have constituted an infringement of copyright if this title had been applicable, is an in-24

25 fringement of the exclusive right to distribute copies

1	or phonorecords under section 106, actionable under
2	sections 501 and 506.
3	"(3) EXCEPTIONS.—This subsection does not
4	apply to—";
5	(4) in paragraph $(3)(A)$ (as redesignated by
6	this subsection) by inserting "or exportation" after
7	"importation"; and
8	(5) in paragraph $(3)(B)$ (as redesignated by
9	this subsection)—
10	(A) by striking "importation, for the pri-
11	vate use of the importer" and inserting "impor-
12	tation or exportation, for the private use of the
13	importer or exporter"; and
14	(B) by inserting "or departing from the
15	United States" after "United States".
16	(c) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 602 of
17	title 17, United States Code, is further amended—
18	(A) in the section heading, by inserting " or
19	exportation" after "importation"; and
20	(B) in subsection (b)—
21	(i) by striking "(b) In a case" and insert-
22	ing "(b) IMPORT PROHIBITION.—In a case";
23	(ii) by striking "the United States Cus-
24	toms Service" and inserting "U.S. Customs and
25	Border Protection"; and

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1	(iii) by striking "the Customs Service" and
2	inserting "U.S. Customs and Border Protec-
3	tion".
4	(2) Section 601(b)(2) of title 17, United States Code,
5	is amended by striking "the United States Customs Serv-
6	ice" and inserting "U.S. Customs and Border Protection".
7	(3) The item relating to chapter 6 in the table of
8	chapters for title 17, United States Code, is amended to
9	read as follows:
	"6. MANUFACTURING REQUIREMENTS, IMPORTATION, AND EXPORTATION 601".
10	TITLE II-ENHANCEMENTS TO
11	CRIMINAL INTELLECTUAL
12	PROPERTY LAWS
12	PROPERTY LAWS
12 13	PROPERTY LAWS SEC. 201. CRIMINAL INFRINGEMENT OF A COPYRIGHT.
12 13 14	PROPERTY LAWS SEC. 201. CRIMINAL INFRINGEMENT OF A COPYRIGHT. Section 2319 of title 18, United States Code, is
12 13 14 15	PROPERTY LAWS SEC. 201. CRIMINAL INFRINGEMENT OF A COPYRIGHT. Section 2319 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
12 13 14 15 16	PROPERTY LAWS SEC. 201. CRIMINAL INFRINGEMENT OF A COPYRIGHT. Section 2319 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in subsection (b)(2)—
12 13 14 15 16 17	PROPERTY LAWS SEC. 201. CRIMINAL INFRINGEMENT OF A COPYRIGHT. Section 2319 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in subsection (b)(2)— (A) by inserting "is a felony and" after
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	PROPERTY LAWS SEC. 201. CRIMINAL INFRINGEMENT OF A COPYRIGHT. Section 2319 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in subsection (b)(2)— (A) by inserting "is a felony and" after "offense" the first place such term appears;
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	PROPERTY LAWS SEC. 201. CRIMINAL INFRINGEMENT OF A COPYRIGHT. Section 2319 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in subsection (b)(2)— (A) by inserting "is a felony and" after "offense" the first place such term appears; and

1	(A) by inserting "is a felony and" after
2	"offense" the first place such term appears;
3	and
4	(B) by striking "paragraph (1)" and in-
5	serting "subsection (a)";
6	(3) in subsection $(d)(3)$ —
7	(A) by inserting "is a felony and" after
8	"offense" the first place such term appears;
9	and
10	(B) by inserting "under subsection (a)"
11	before the semicolon; and
12	(4) in subsection $(d)(4)$, by inserting "is a fel-
17	ony and" after "offense" the first place such term
13	ony and after offense one mist place such term
13 14	appears.
	·
14	appears.
14 15	appears. SEC. 202. HARMONIZATION OF FORFEITURE PROCEDURES
14 15 16	appears. SEC. 202. HARMONIZATION OF FORFEITURE PROCEDURES FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFENSES.
14 15 16 17	appears. SEC. 202. HARMONIZATION OF FORFEITURE PROCEDURES FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFENSES. (a) TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT LABELS.—Sec-
14 15 16 17 18	appears. SEC. 202. HARMONIZATION OF FORFEITURE PROCEDURES FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFENSES. (a) TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT LABELS.—Sec- tion 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
14 15 16 17 18 19	appears. SEC. 202. HARMONIZATION OF FORFEITURE PROCEDURES FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFENSES. (a) TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT LABELS.—Sec- tion 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by amending subsection (d) to read as fol-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	appears. SEC. 202. HARMONIZATION OF FORFEITURE PROCEDURES FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFENSES. (a) TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT LABELS.—Sec- tion 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by amending subsection (d) to read as fol- lows:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	appears. SEC. 202. HARMONIZATION OF FORFEITURE PROCEDURES FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFENSES. (a) TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT LABELS.—Sec- tion 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by amending subsection (d) to read as fol- lows: "(d) FORFEITURE AND DESTRUCTION; RESTITU-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	appears. SEC. 202. HARMONIZATION OF FORFEITURE PROCEDURES FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFENSES. (a) TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT LABELS.—Sec- tion 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by amending subsection (d) to read as fol- lows: "(d) FORFEITURE AND DESTRUCTION; RESTITU- TION.—
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	appears. SEC. 202. HARMONIZATION OF FORFEITURE PROCEDURES FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFENSES. (a) TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT LABELS.—Sec- tion 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by amending subsection (d) to read as fol- lows: "(d) FORFEITURE AND DESTRUCTION; RESTITU- TION.— "(1) CIVIL FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS.—(A)

1	"(i) Any counterfeit documentation or
2	packaging, and any counterfeit label or illicit
3	label and any article to which a counterfeit
4	label or illicit label has been affixed, which a
5	counterfeit label or illicit label encloses or ac-
6	companies, or which was intended to have had
7	such label affixed, enclosing, or accompanying.
8	"(ii) Any property constituting or derived
9	from any proceeds obtained directly or indi-
10	rectly as a result of a violation of subsection
11	(a).
12	"(iii) Any property used, or intended to be
13	used, to commit or facilitate the commission of
14	a violation of subsection (a) that is owned or
15	predominantly controlled by the violator or by a
16	person conspiring with or aiding and abetting
17	the violator in committing the violation, except
18	that property is subject to forfeiture under this
19	clause only if the Government establishes that
20	there was a substantial connection between the
21	property and the violation of subsection (a).
22	"(B) The provisions of chapter 46 relating to
23	civil forfeitures shall extend to any seizure or civil
24	forfeiture under subparagraph (A). At the conclusion
25	of the forfeiture proceedings, the court shall order

1	that any forfeited counterfeit labels or illicit labels
2	and any article to which a counterfeit label or illicit
3	label has been affixed, which a counterfeit label or
4	illicit label encloses or accompanies, or which was in-
5	tended to have had such label affixed, enclosing, or
6	accompanying, be destroyed or otherwise disposed of
7	according to law.
8	"(C) In this paragraph, the term 'aiding and
9	abetting' means knowingly providing aid to the viola-
10	tor with the intent to facilitate the violation.
11	"(2) CRIMINAL FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS.—
12	(A) The court, in imposing sentence on a person
13	convicted of an offense under this section, shall
14	order, in addition to any other sentence imposed,
15	that the person forfeit to the United States the fol-
16	lowing property:
17	"(i) Any counterfeit documentation or
18	packaging, and any counterfeit label or illicit
19	label, that was used, intended for use, or pos-
20	sessed with intent to use in the commission of
21	an offense under subsection (a), and any article
22	to which such a counterfeit label or illicit label
23	has been affixed, which such a counterfeit label
24	or illicit label encloses or accompanies, or which

2 closing, or accompanying. 3 "(ii) Any property constituting or derived 4 from any proceeds obtained directly or indi-5 rectly as a result of an offense under subsection 6 (a). 7 "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be used, to commit or substantially facilitate the 8 9 commission of an offense under subsection (a). "(B) The forfeiture of property under subpara-10 11 graph (A), including any seizure and disposition of 12 the property and any related judicial or administra-13 tive proceeding, shall be governed by the procedures 14 set forth in section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug 15 Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 16 U.S.C. 853), other than subsection (d) of that sec-17 tion. At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, 18 the court shall order that any counterfeit label or il-19 licit label and any article to which a counterfeit label 20 or illicit label has been affixed, which a counterfeit 21 label or illicit label encloses or accompanies, or 22 which was intended to have had such label affixed,

24 wise disposed of according to law.

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was intended to have had such label affixed, en-

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enclosing, or accompanying, be destroyed or other-

1	"(3) RESTITUTION.—When a person is con-
2	victed of an offense under this section, the court,
3	pursuant to sections 3556, 3663A, and 3664, shall
4	order the person to pay restitution to the owner of
5	the marks or copyrighted works involved in the of-
6	fense and any other victim of the offense as an of-
7	fense against property referred to in section
8	3663A(c)(1)(A)(ii).";
9	(2) by striking subsection (e); and
10	(3) by redesignating subsection (f) as sub-
11	section (e).
12	(b) Criminal Infringement of a Copyright.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 2319 of title 18,
14	United States Code, is amended by adding at the
15	end the following:
16	"(g) Forfeiture and Destruction; Restitu-
17	TION.—
18	"(1) CIVIL FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS.—(A)
19	The following property is subject to forfeiture to the
20	United States:
21	"(i) Any copies or phonorecords manufac-
22	tured, reproduced, distributed, sold, or other-
23	wise used, intended for use, or possessed with
24	intent to use in violation of section 506(a) of
25	title 17, any plates, molds, matrices, masters,

1 tapes, film negatives, or other articles by means 2 of which such copies or phonorecords may be 3 made, and any electronic, mechanical, or other 4 devices for manufacturing, reproducing, or as-5 sembling such copies or phonorecords. "(ii) Any property constituting or derived 6 7 from any proceeds obtained directly or indi-8 rectly as a result of a violation of section 9 506(a) of title 17. 10 "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be 11 used, to commit or facilitate the commission of 12 a violation of section 506(a) of title 17 that is 13 owned or predominantly controlled by the viola-14 tor or by a person conspiring with or aiding and 15 abetting the violator in committing the viola-16 tion, except that property is subject to for-17 feiture under this clause only if the Government 18 establishes that there was a substantial connec-19 tion between the property and the violation of 20 section 506(a) of title 17. 21 "(B) The provisions of chapter 46 relating to

civil forfeitures shall extend to any seizure or civil
forfeiture under this section. At the conclusion of
the forfeiture proceedings, the court shall order that
any forfeited infringing copies or phonorecords, and

1 any plates, molds, matrices, masters, tapes, and film 2 negatives by means of which such unauthorized cop-3 ies or phonorecords may be made, be destroyed or 4 otherwise disposed of according to law. 5 "(C) In this paragraph, the term 'aiding and 6 abetting' means knowingly providing aid to the viola-7 tor with the intent to facilitate the violation. 8 "(2) CRIMINAL FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS.— 9 (A) The court, in imposing sentence on a person 10 convicted of an offense under subsection (a), shall 11 order, in addition to any other sentence imposed, 12 that the person forfeit to the United States the fol-13 lowing property: 14 "(i) Any copies or phonorecords manufac-15 tured, reproduced, distributed, sold, or other-16 wise used, intended for use, or possessed with 17 intent to use in the commission of an offense 18 under subsection (a), any plates, molds, mat-19 rices, masters, tapes, film negatives, or other 20 articles by means of which the copies or 21 phonorecords may be reproduced, and any elec-22 tronic, mechanical, or other devices for manu-23 facturing, reproducing, or assembling such cop-24 ies or phonorecords.

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"(ii) Any property constituting or derived from any proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of an offense under subsection (a).

5 "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be used, to commit or substantially facilitate the 6 7 commission of an offense under subsection (a). 8 "(B) The forfeiture of property under subpara-9 graph (A), including any seizure and disposition of 10 the property and any related judicial or administrative proceeding, shall be governed by the procedures 11 12 set forth in section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 13 U.S.C. 853), other than subsection (d) of that sec-14 15 tion. At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, 16 the court shall order that any forfeited infringing 17 copies or phonorecords, and any plates, molds, mat-18 rices, masters, tapes, and film negatives by means of 19 which such infringing copies or phonorecords may be 20 made, be destroyed or otherwise disposed of accord-21 ing to law.

"(3) RESTITUTION.—When a person is convicted of an offense under this section, the court,
pursuant to sections 3556, 3663A, and 3664, shall
order the person to pay restitution to the copyright

United States Code, is amended—

17 (A) by striking subsection (c) and redesig18 nating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as sub19 sections (c), (d), and (e), respectively; and
20 (B) by amending subsection (b) to read as
21 follows:

22 "(b) FORFEITURE AND DESTRUCTION; RESTITU-23 TION.—

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owner and any other victim of the offense as an of-

against property referred to in section

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(A) Section

(B) Section 509 of title 17, United States Code,

relating seizure and forfeiture, and the item relating

to section 509 in the table of sections at the begin-

ning of chapter 5 of title 17, United States Code,

(c) UNAUTHORIZED FIXATION AND TRAFFICKING.-

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 2319A of title 18,

506(b) of title 17, United States Code, is amended

by striking all that follows "destruction" and inserting the following: "of property as prescribed by sec-

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3663A(c)(1)(A)(ii).".

tion 2319(g) of title 18.".

are repealed.

1 "(1) CIVIL FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS.—(A) 2 The following property is subject to forfeiture to the 3 United States: 4 "(i) Any copies or phonorecords of a live 5 musical performance described in subsection (a)(1) that are made without the consent of the 6 7 performer or performers involved, and any 8 plates, molds, matrices, masters, tapes, and 9 film negatives by means of which such copies or 10 phonorecords may be made. 11 "(ii) Any property constituting or derived 12 from any proceeds obtained directly or indi-13 rectly as a result of a violation of subsection 14 (a). 15 "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be 16 used, to commit or facilitate the commission of 17 a violation of subsection (a) that is owned or 18 predominantly controlled by the violator or by a 19 person conspiring with or aiding and abetting 20 the violator in committing the violation, except 21 that property is subject to forfeiture under this 22 clause only if the Government establishes that 23 there was a substantial connection between the 24 property and the violation of subsection (a).

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1	"(B) The provisions of chapter 46 relating to
2	civil forfeitures shall extend to any seizure or civil
3	forfeiture under paragraph (1). At the conclusion of
4	the forfeiture proceedings, the court shall order that
5	any forfeited unauthorized copies or phonorecords of
6	live musical performances, and any plates, molds,
7	matrices, maters, tapes, and film negatives by means
8	of which such unauthorized copies or phonorecords
9	may be made, be destroyed or otherwise disposed of
10	according to law.
11	"(C) In this paragraph, the term 'aiding and
12	abetting' means knowingly providing aid to the viola-
13	tor with the intent to facilitate the violation.
14	"(2) CRIMINAL FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS.—
15	(A) The court, in imposing sentence on a person
16	convicted of an offense under this section, shall
17	order, in addition to any other sentence imposed,
18	that the person forfeit to the United States the fol-
19	lowing property:
20	"(i) Any unauthorized copies or
21	phonorecords of a live musical performance that
22	were used, intended for use, or possessed with
23	intent to use in the commission of an offense
24	under subsection (a), and any plates, molds,
25	matrices, masters, tapes, and film negatives by

means of which such copies or phonorecords 1 2 may be made. 3 "(ii) Any property constituting or derived from any proceeds obtained directly or indi-4 5 rectly as a result of an offense under subsection 6 (a). 7 "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be 8 used, to commit or substantially facilitate the 9 commission of an offense under subsection (a). 10 "(B) The forfeiture of property under subpara-11 graph (A), including any seizure and disposition of 12 the property and any related judicial or administra-13 tive proceeding, shall be governed by the procedures set forth in section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug 14 15 Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 16 U.S.C. 853), other than subsection (d) of that sec-17 tion. At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, 18 the court shall order that any forfeited unauthorized 19 copies or phonorecords of live musical performances, 20 and any plates, molds, matrices, masters, tapes, and 21 film negatives by means of which such unauthorized 22 copies of phonorecords may be made, be destroyed 23 or otherwise disposed of according to law. 24 "(3) NOTIFICATION OF IMPORTATION.—The

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Secretary of Homeland Security shall issue regula-

tions by which any performer may, upon payment of
 a specified fee, be entitled to notification by U.S.
 Customs and Border Protection of the importation
 of copies or phonorecords that appear to consist of
 unauthorized fixations of the sounds or sounds and
 images of a live musical performance prohibited by
 this section.

8 "(4) RESTITUTION.—When a person is con-9 victed of an offense under this section, the court, 10 pursuant to sections 3556, 3663A, and 3664, shall 11 order the person to pay restitution to the performer 12 or performers involved, and any other victim of the 13 offense as an offense against property referred to in 14 section 3663A(c)(1)(A)(ii).".

15 (2) APPLICABILITY.—Section 2319A(e), as re-16 designated by paragraph (1) of this subsection, is 17 amended by inserting before the period the following: ", except that the forfeiture provisions under 18 19 subsection (b)(2), as added by the Prioritizing Re-20 sources and Organization for Intellectual Property 21 Act, shall apply only in a case in which the under-22 lying act or acts occur on or after the date of the 23 enactment of that Act".

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1 (d) UNAUTHORIZED RECORDING OF MOTION PIC-2 TURES.—Section 2319B(b) of title 18, United States 3 Code, is amended to read as follows: 4 "(b) FORFEITURE AND DESTRUCTION; RESTITU-5 TION.---6 "(1) CIVIL FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS.—(A) 7 The following property is subject to forfeiture to the 8 United States: 9 "(i) Any copies of a motion picture or 10 other audiovisual work protected under title 17 11 that are made without the authorization of the 12 copyright owner. 13 "(ii) Any property constituting or derived 14 from any proceeds obtained directly or indi-15 rectly as a result of a violation of subsection 16 (a). 17 "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be 18 used, to commit or facilitate the commission of 19 a violation of subsection (a) that is owned or 20 predominantly controlled by the violator or by a 21 person conspiring with or aiding and abetting 22 the violator in committing the violation, except 23 that property is subject to forfeiture under this 24 clause only if the Government establishes that

there was a substantial connection between the
 property and the violation of subsection (a).

"(B) The provisions of chapter 46 relating to 3 4 civil forfeitures shall extend to any seizure or civil 5 forfeiture under this section. At the conclusion of 6 the forfeiture proceedings, the court shall order that 7 any forfeited unauthorized copies or phonorecords of 8 a motion picture or other audiovisual work, or part thereof, and any plates, molds, matrices, masters, 9 10 tapes, and film negatives by means of which such 11 unauthorized copies or phonorecords may be made, be destroyed or otherwise disposed of according to 12 13 law.

"(C) In this paragraph, the term 'aiding and
abetting' means knowingly providing aid to the violator with the intent to facilitate the violation.

"(2) CRIMINAL FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS.—
(A) The court, in imposing sentence on a person
convicted of an offense under this section, shall
order, in addition to any other sentence imposed,
that the person forfeit to the United States the following property:

23 "(i) Any unauthorized copies of a motion
24 picture or other audiovisual work protected
25 under title 17, or part thereof, that were used,

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intended for use, or possessed with intent to use in the commission of an offense under subsection (a).

"(ii) Any property constituting or derived from any proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of an offense under subsection (a).

8 "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be 9 used, to commit or substantially facilitate the 10 commission of an offense under subsection (a). 11 "(B) The forfeiture of property under subpara-12 graph (A), including any seizure and disposition of 13 the property and any related judicial or administra-14 tive proceeding, shall be governed by the procedures 15 set forth in section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug 16 Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 17 U.S.C. 853), other than subsection (d) of that sec-18 tion. At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, 19 the court shall order that any forfeited unauthorized 20 copies or phonorecords of a motion picture or other 21 audiovisual work, or part thereof, and any plates, 22 molds, matrices, masters, tapes, and film negatives 23 by means of which such unauthorized copies or

1	"(3) RESTITUTION.—When a person is con-
2	victed of an offense under this chapter, the court,
3	pursuant to sections 3556, 3663A, and 3664, shall
4	order the person to pay restitution to the owner of
5	the copyright in the motion picture or other audio-
6	visual work and any other victim of the offense as
7	an offense against property referred to in section
8	3663A(e)(1)(A)(ii).".

9 (e) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this
10 section shall apply only in a case in which the underlying
11 act or acts occur on or after the date of the enactment
12 of this Act.

13 SEC. 203. DIRECTIVE TO UNITED STATES SENTENCING14 COMMISSION.

15 (a) REVIEW AND AMENDMENT.—The United States Sentencing Commission, pursuant to its authority under 16 17 section 994 of title 28, United States Code, shall review 18 and, if appropriate, amend the Federal sentencing guide-19 lines and policy statements applicable in any case sen-20 tenced under section 2B5.3 of the Federal sentencing 21 guidelines for exporting infringing items in violation of section 602(a)(2) of title 17, United States Code, to deter-22 23 mine whether a defendant in such case should receive an 24 upward adjustment in the offense level, on the grounds 25 that exportation introduces infringing items into the

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1	stream of foreign commerce in a manner analogous to the
2	manner in which manufacturing, importing, and uploading
3	such items introduces them into the stream of commerce.
4	(b) AUTHORIZATION.—The United States Sentencing
5	Commission may amend the Federal sentencing guidelines
6	under subsection (a) in accordance with the procedures set
7	forth in section 21(a) of the Sentencing Act of 1987 (28
8	U.S.C. 994 note) as though the authority under that sec-
9	tion had not expired.
10	SEC. 204. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT GOODS OR SERV-
11	ICES.
12	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2320 of title 18, United
13	States Code, is amended—
14	(1) in subsection (a)—
15	(A) by striking "Whoever" and inserting
16	"Offense.—
17	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Whoever";
18	(B) by moving the remaining text 2 ems to
19	the right; and
20	(C) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(2) Serious bodily harm or death.—
22	"(A) SERIOUS BODILY HARM.—If the of-
23	fender knowingly or recklessly causes or at-
24	tempts to cause serious bodily injury from con-
25	duct in violation of paragraph (1), the penalty

1	shall be a fine under this title or imprisonment
2	for not more than 20 years, or both.
3	"(B) DEATH.—If the offender knowingly
4	or recklessly causes or attempts to cause death
5	from conduct in violation of paragraph (1), the
6	penalty shall be a fine under this title or im-
7	prisonment for any term of years or for life, or
8	both."; and
9	(2) in subsection (b)(l)—
10	(A) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as
11	subparagraph (C); and
12	(B) by inserting after subparagraph (A)
13	the following:
14	"(B) Any property constituting or derived
15	from any proceeds obtained directly or indi-
16	rectly as a result of a violation of subsection
17	(a).".

TITLE III—COORDINATION AND 1 **STRATEGIC PLANNING** OF 2 FEDERAL EFFORT AGAINST 3 COUNTERFEITING AND PI-Δ RACY 5 Subtitle A—Office of the United 6 **States Intellectual Property En-**7 forcement Representative 8 9 SEC. 301. OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES INTELLECTUAL 10 PROPERTY ENFORCEMENT REPRESENTA-11 TIVE. 12 (a) ESTABLISHMENT WITHIN EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF 13 THE PRESIDENT.—There is established within the Executive Office of the President the Office of the United States 14 15 Intellectual Property Enforcement Representative (in this 16 title referred to as "the Office"). 17 (b) UNITED STATES INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY EN-18 FORCEMENT REPRESENTATIVE.—The head of the Office 19 shall be the United States Intellectual Property Enforcement Representative (in this title referred to as the "IP 20 21 Enforcement Representative") who shall be appointed by 22 the President, by and with the advice and consent of the 23 Senate. As an exercise of the rulemaking power of the 24 Senate, any nomination of the IP Enforcement Represent-

25 ative submitted to the Senate for confirmation, and re-

1 ferred to a committee, shall be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. 2 3 (c) DUTIES OF IP ENFORCEMENT REPRESENTA-4 TIVE.— 5 (1) IN GENERAL.—The IP Enforcement Rep-6 resentative shall-7 (A) have primary responsibility for devel-8 oping the Joint Strategic Plan against counter-9 feiting and piracy under section 321 and facili-10 tating the implementation of the Joint Strategic Plan by the departments and agencies listed in 11 12 subsection (d)(2)(A); 13 (B) serve as a principal advisor to the President on domestic and international intel-14 15 lectual property enforcement policy; (C) assist the United States Trade Rep-16 17 resentative-18 (i) concerning negotiations on behalf 19 of the United States relating to inter-20 national intellectual property enforcement, 21 including negotiations on any intellectual 22 property enforcement matter considered 23 under the auspices of the World Trade Or-24 ganization or in the course of commodity

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1 or direct investment negotiations in which 2 the United States participates; and 3 (ii) in the programs of the United 4 States Trade Representative to monitor 5 and enforce intellectual property enforce-6 ment obligations of other countries under 7 trade agreements with the United States; 8 (D) coordinate the issuance of policy guid-9 ance to departments and agencies on basic 10 issues of policy and interpretation that arise in 11 the exercise of domestic and international intel-12 lectual property enforcement functions, to the 13 extent necessary to assure the coordination of 14 intellectual property enforcement policy and 15 consistency with any other law; 16 (E) act as a principal spokesperson of the 17 President on domestic and international intel-18 lectual property enforcement matters; 19 (F) report directly to the President and 20 the Congress regarding domestic and inter-21 national intellectual property enforcement pro-22 grams; 23 (G) advise the President and the Congress 24 with respect to domestic and international intel-

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1	lectual property enforcement challenges and pri-
2	orities;
3	(H) report to the Congress, as provided in
4	section 322, on the implementation of the Joint
5	Strategic Plan, and make recommendations to
6	the Congress for improvements in Federal intel-
7	lectual property enforcement efforts;
8	(I) chair the interagency intellectual prop-
9	erty enforcement advisory committee estab-
10	lished under subsection (d)(2), and consult with
11	such advisory committee in the performance of
12	the functions of the IP Enforcement Represent-
13	ative; and

14 (J) carry out such other functions as the 15 President may direct.

16 (2) LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY.—The IP En-17 forcement Representative may not control or direct 18 any law enforcement agency in the exercise of its in-19 vestigative or prosecutorial authority in particular 20 cases.

21 (3) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of 22 the Congress that the IP Enforcement Representa-23 tive should—

24 (A) be a senior representative on any body 25 that the President may establish for the pur-

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1	pose of providing to the President advice on
2	overall policies in which intellectual property en-
3	forcement matters predominate; and
4	(B) be included as a participant in eco-
5	nomic summit and other international meetings
6	at which international intellectual property en-
7	forcement is a significant topic.
8	(4) DELEGATION.—The IP Enforcement Rep-
9	resentative may—
10	(A) delegate any of the IP Enforcement
11	Representative's functions, powers, and duties
12	to such officers and employees of the Office as
13	the IP Enforcement Representative may des-
14	ignate; and
15	(B) authorize such successive redelegations
16	of such functions, powers, and duties to such
17	officers and employees of the Office as the IP
18	Enforcement Representative considers appro-
19	priate.
20	(d) COORDINATION OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
21	ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.—
22	(1) IN GENERALIn carrying out the func-
23	tions of the IP Enforcement Representative, the IP
24	Enforcement Representative shall develop rec-

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ommendations on the allocation of Federal resources
 for intellectual property enforcement.

3 (2) Advisory committee.—

4 (A) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is estab-5 lished an interagency intellectual property enforcement advisory committee composed of the 6 7 IP Enforcement Representative, who shall chair 8 the committee, and senior representatives of the 9 following departments and agencies who are in-10 volved in intellectual property enforcement, and are appointed by the respective heads of those 11 12 departments and agencies:

(i) The Department of Justice (including the Intellectual Property Enforcement Officer appointed under section 501).

16 (ii) The United States Patent and
17 Trademark Office and other relevant units
18 of the Department of Commerce.

19 (iii) The Office of the United States20 Trade Representative.

21 (iv) The Department of State (includ22 ing the United States Agency for Inter23 national Development and the Bureau of
24 International Narcotics Law Enforcement).

1	(v) The Department of Homeland Se-
2	curity (including U.S. Customs and Border
3	Protection and U.S. Immigration and Cus-
4	toms Enforcement).
5	(vi) The United States International
6	Trade Commission.
7	(vii) The Food and Drug Administra-
8	tion of the Department of Health and
9	Human Services.
10	(viii) The United States Copyright Of-
11	fice.
12	(ix) Such other agencies as the IP
13	Enforcement Representative determines to
14	be substantially involved in the efforts of
15	the Federal Government to combat coun-
16	terfeiting and piracy.
17	(B) FUNCTIONS.—The advisory committee
18	established under subparagraph (A) shall,
19	under the guidance of the IP Enforcement Rep-
20	resentative, develop the Joint Strategic Plan
21	against counterfeiting and piracy under section
22	321.
23	(3) EXEMPTION FROM FEDERAL ADVISORY
24	COMMITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee
25	Act shall not apply to the interagency intellectual

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1 property enforcement advisory committee established 2 under paragraph (2) or to any of the activities con-3 ducted by the IP Enforcement Representative in developing the Joint Strategic Plan under section 321. 4 5 (e) IDENTIFICATION OF COUNTRIES THAT DENY ADEQUATE PROTECTION OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY 6 RIGHTS.—Section 182(b)(2)(A) of the Trade Act of 1974 7 (19 U.S.C. 2242(b)(2)(A)) is amended by inserting "the 8 9 United States Intellectual Property Enforcement Rep-10 resentative," after "consult with".

(f) POWERS OF IP ENFORCEMENT REPRESENTA TIVE.—In carrying out the responsibilities under this title,
 the IP Enforcement Representative may—

14 (1) select, appoint, employ, and fix the com15 pensation of such officers and employees as may be
16 necessary to carry out those responsibilities;

(2) request the head of a department, agency,
or program of the Federal Government to place personnel of such department, agency, or program who
are engaged in intellectual property enforcement activities on temporary detail to the Office of the IP
Enforcement Representative to assist in carrying out
those responsibilities;

(3) use, with the consent of the Federal, State,and local government agencies concerned, the avail-

1 able services, equipment, personnel, and facilities of 2 such Federal, State, and local government agencies; 3 (4) procure the services of experts and consult-4 ants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, 5 United States Code, relating to the procurement of temporary and intermittent services, at rates of com-6 pensation for individuals not to exceed the daily 7 8 equivalent of the rate of pay payable under level IV 9 of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 10 5, United States Code, and while such experts and 11 consultants are so serving away from their homes or 12 regular place of business, pay such employees travel expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence at rates 13 14 authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States 15 Code, for persons in Government service employed intermittently; 16

(5) issue such regulations as may be necessary
to carry out the functions vested in the IP Enforcement Representative;

(6) enter into and perform such contracts,
leases, cooperative agreements, or other transactions
as may be necessary in the conduct of the work of
the Office and on such terms as the IP Enforcement
Representative considers appropriate, with any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United

1 States, or with any public or private person, firm, 2 association, corporation, or institution; (7) accept voluntary and uncompensated serv-3 4 ices, notwithstanding the provisions of section 1342 5 of title 31, United States Code; (8) adopt an official seal, which shall be judi-6 7 cially noticed; and 8 (9) accept, hold, administer, and use gifts, de-9 vises, and bequests of property, both real and personal, for the purpose of aiding or facilitating the 10 11 work of the Office. (g) COMPENSATION.—Section 5312 of title 5, United 12 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-13 14 lowing: 15 "United States Intellectual Property Enforce-16 ment Representative.". SEC. 302. DEFINITION. 17 For purposes of this title, the term "intellectual prop-18 19 erty enforcement" means matters relating to the enforcement of laws protecting copyrights, patents, trademarks, 20 other forms of intellectual property, and trade secrets, 21 22 both in the United States and abroad, including in particular matters relating to combating counterfeit and pi-23 24 rated goods.

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1 Subtitle B—Joint Strategic Plan

2 SEC. 321. JOINT STRATEGIC PLAN.

3 (a) PURPOSE.—The objectives of the Joint Strategic
4 Plan against counterfeiting and piracy that is referred to
5 in section 301(c)(1)(A) (in this section referred to as the
6 "joint strategic plan") are the following:

7 (1) Reducing counterfeit and pirated goods in8 the domestic and international supply chain.

9 (2) Identifying and addressing structural weak10 nesses, systemic flaws, or other unjustified impedi11 ments to effective enforcement action against the fi12 nancing, production, trafficking, or sale of counter13 feit or pirated goods.

(3) Assuring that information is identified and 14 15 shared among the relevant departments and agen-16 cies, to the extent permitted by law and consistent 17 with law enforcement protocols for handling infor-18 mation, to aid in the objective of arresting and pros-19 ecuting individuals and entities that are knowingly 20 involved in the financing, production, trafficking, or 21 sale of counterfeit or pirated goods.

(4) Disrupting and eliminating domestic andinternational counterfeiting and piracy networks.

(5) Strengthening the capacity of other coun-tries to protect and enforce intellectual property

1	rights, and reducing the number of countries that
2	fail to enforce laws preventing the financing, produc-
3	tion, trafficking, and sale of counterfeit and pirated
4	goods.
5	(6) Working with other countries to establish
6	international standards and policies for the effective
7	protection and enforcement of intellectual property
8	rights.
9	(7) Protecting intellectual property rights over-
10	seas by—
11	(A) working with other countries to ensure
12	that such countries—
13	(i) have adequate and effective laws
14	protecting copyrights, trademarks, patents,
15	and other forms of intellectual property;
16	(ii) have legal regimes that enforce
17	their own domestic intellectual property
18	laws, eliminate counterfeit and piracy oper-
19	ations, and arrest and prosecute those who
20	commit intellectual property crimes;
21	(iii) provide their law enforcement of-
22	ficials with the authority to seize, inspect,
23	and destroy pirated and counterfeit goods,
24	including at ports of entry; and

1 (iv) provide for the seizure of property 2 used to produce pirated and counterfeit 3 goods; 4 (B) exchanging information with appro-5 priate law enforcement agencies in other countries relating to individuals and entities involved 6 7 in the financing, production, trafficking, or sale 8 of pirated or counterfeit goods;

9 (C) using the information described in sub10 paragraph (B) to conduct enforcement activities
11 in cooperation with appropriate law enforce12 ment agencies in other countries; and

(D) building a formal process for consulting with companies, industry associations,
labor unions, and other interested groups in
other countries with respect to intellectual property enforcement.

18 (b) TIMING.—Not later than 12 months after the 19 date of the enactment of this Act, and not later than De-20 cember 31 of every third year thereafter, the IP Enforce-21 ment Representative shall submit the joint strategic plan 22 to the President, to the Committee on the Judiciary and 23 the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Rep-24 resentatives, and to the Committee on the Judiciary and 25 the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.

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(c) RESPONSIBILITY OF THE IP ENFORCEMENT REP RESENTATIVE.—During the development of the joint stra tegic plan, the IP Enforcement Representative—

4 (1) shall consult and coordinate with the appro5 priate officers and employees of departments and
6 agencies represented on the advisory committee ap7 pointed under section 301(d)(2) who are involved in
8 intellectual property enforcement; and

9 (2) may consult with private sector experts in10 intellectual property enforcement.

11 (d) RESPONSIBILITIES OF OTHER DEPARTMENTS 12 AND AGENCIES.-To assist in the development and implementation of the joint strategic plan, the heads of the de-13 14 partments and agencies identified under section 15 301(d)(2)(A) (including the heads of any other agencies 16 identified by the IP Enforcement Representative under 17 section 301(d)(2)(A)(ix) shall—

18 (1) designate personnel with expertise and expe19 rience in intellectual property enforcement matters
20 to work with the IP Enforcement Representative;
21 and

(2) share relevant department or agency information with the IP Enforcement Representative, including statistical information on the enforcement
activities of the department or agency against coun-

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terfeiting or piracy, and plans for addressing the
 joint strategic plan.

3 (e) CONTENTS OF THE JOINT STRATEGIC PLAN.—
4 Each joint strategic plan shall include the following:

5 (1) A detailed description of the priorities iden6 tified for carrying out the objectives in the joint
7 strategic plan, including activities of the Federal
8 Government relating to intellectual property enforce9 ment.

(2) A detailed description of the means and
methods to be employed to achieve the priorities, including the means and methods for improving the
efficiency and effectiveness of the Federal Government's enforcement efforts against counterfeiting
and piracy.

16 (3) Estimates of the resources necessary to ful-17 fill the priorities identified under paragraph (1).

18 (4) The performance measures to be used to
19 monitor results under the joint strategic plan during
20 the following year.

(5) An analysis of the threat posed by violations
of intellectual property rights, including targets,
risks, and threats of intellectual property infringement, the costs to the economy of the United States
resulting from violations of intellectual property

laws, and the threats to public health and safety cre ated by counterfeiting and piracy.

3 (6) An identification of the departments and
4 agencies that will be involved in implementing each
5 priority under paragraph (1).

6 (7) A strategy for ensuring coordination be-7 tween the IP Enforcement Representative and the 8 departments and agencies identified under para-9 graph (6), including a process for oversight by the 10 executive branch of, and accountability among, the 11 departments and agencies responsible for carrying 12 out the strategy.

13 (8) Such other information as is necessary to 14 convey the costs imposed on the United States economy by, and the threats to public health and safety 15 16 created by, counterfeiting and piracy, and those 17 steps that the Federal Government intends to take 18 over the period covered by the succeeding joint stra-19 tegic plan to reduce those costs and counter those 20 threats.

(f) ENHANCING ENFORCEMENT EFFORTS OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—The joint strategic plan shall include programs to provide training and technical assistance to foreign governments for the purpose of enhancing
the efforts of such governments to enforce laws against

counterfeiting and piracy. With respect to such programs,
 the joint strategic plan shall—

3 (1) seek to enhance the efficiency and consist4 ency with which Federal resources are expended,
5 and seek to minimize duplication, overlap, or incon6 sistency of efforts;

7 (2) identify and give priority to those countries 8 where programs of training and technical assistance 9 can be carried out most effectively and with the 10 greatest benefit to reducing counterfeit and pirated 11 products in the United States market, to protecting 12 the intellectual property rights of United States per-13 sons and their licensees, and to protecting the inter-14 ests of United States persons otherwise harmed by 15 violations of intellectual property rights in those 16 countries;

(3) in identifying the priorities under paragraph
(2), be guided by the list of countries identified by
the United States Trade Representative under section 182(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
2242(a)); and

(4) develop metrics to measure the effectiveness
of the Federal Government's efforts to improve the
laws and enforcement practices of foreign governments against counterfeiting and piracy.

1 (g) DISSEMINATION OF THE JOINT STRATEGIC 2 PLAN.—The joint strategic plan shall be posted for public 3 access on the website of the White House, and shall be 4 disseminated to the public through such other means as 5 the IP Enforcement Representative may identify.

6 SEC. 322. REPORTING.

7 (a) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than December 31 8 of each calendar year beginning in 2009, the IP Enforce-9 ment Representative shall submit a report on the activities 10 of the Office during the preceding fiscal year. The annual report shall be submitted to the President and the Con-11 12 gress, and disseminated to the people of the United States, in the manner specified in subsections (b) and (g) of sec-13 14 tion 321.

(b) CONTENTS.—The report required by this sectionshall include the following:

(1) The progress made on implementing the
strategic plan and on the progress toward fulfillment
of the priorities identified under section 321(e), including an analysis of the performance measures
used to monitor results described in section
321(e)(4).

23 (2) The progress made in efforts to encourage24 Federal, State, and local government departments

and agencies to accord higher priority to intellectual
 property enforcement.

3 (3) The progress made in working with foreign
4 countries to investigate, arrest, and prosecute enti5 ties and individuals involved in the financing, pro6 duction, trafficking, and sale of counterfeit and pi7 rated goods.

8 (4) The manner in which the relevant depart9 ments and agencies are working together and shar10 ing information to strengthen intellectual property
11 enforcement.

(5) An assessment of the successes and short-12 13 comings of the efforts of the Federal Government, 14 including departments and agencies represented on 15 the established section committee under 16 301(d)(2)(A), in fulfilling the priorities identified in 17 the applicable joint strategic plan during the pre-18 ceding fiscal year and in implementing the rec-19 ommendations developed under section 301(d)(1).

(6) Recommendations for any changes in enforcement statutes, regulations, or funding levels
that the IP Representative considers would significantly improve the effectiveness or efficiency of the
effort of the Federal Government to combat counterfeiting and piracy and otherwise strengthen intellec-

tual property enforcement, including through the
 elimination or consolidation of duplicative programs
 or initiatives.

4 (7) The progress made in strengthening the ca5 pacity of countries to protect and enforce intellectual
6 property rights.

7 (8) The successes and challenges in sharing
8 with other countries information relating to intellec9 tual property enforcement.

10 (9) The progress of the United States Trade
11 Representative in taking the appropriate action
12 under any trade agreement or treaty to protect intel13 lectual property rights of United States persons and
14 their licensees.

15 SEC. 323. SAVINGS AND REPEALS.

16 (a) REPEAL OF COORDINATION COUNCIL.—Section
17 653 of the Treasury and General Government Appropria18 tions Act, 2000 (15 U.S.C. 1128) is repealed.

(b) CURRENT AUTHORITIES NOT AFFECTED.—Except as provided in subsection (a), nothing in this title
shall alter the authority of any department or agency of
the United States (including any independent agency) that
relates to—

1 (1) the investigation and prosecution of viola-2 tions of laws that protect intellectual property 3 rights; 4 (2) the administrative enforcement, at the bor-5 ders of the United States, of laws that protect intel-6 lectual property rights; or 7 (3) the United States trade agreements pro-8 gram or international trade. 9 (c) REGISTER OF COPYRIGHTS.---Nothing in this title 10 shall derogate from the duties and functions of the Register of Copyrights. 11 12 SEC. 324. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appro-14 priated for each fiscal year such sums as may be necessary to carry out this title. 15 (b) SUBMISSION OF PROJECTED BUDGET.-By not 16 later than the date on which the President submits to the 17 Congress the budget of the United States Government for 18 19 a fiscal year, the IP Representative shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-20 21 tives and the Senate the projected amount of funds for 22 the succeeding fiscal year that will be necessary for the 23 Office to carry out its functions.

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TITLE IV—INTERNATIONAL EN FORCEMENT AND COORDINA TION

4 SEC. 401. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ATTACHÉS.

5 The Under Secretary of Commerce for Intellectual 6 Property and Director of the United States Patent and 7 Trademark Office (in this title referred to as the "Direc-8 tor"), in consultation with the Director General of the 9 United States and Foreign Commercial Service, shall, 10 within 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, 11 appoint at least 10 intellectual property attachés to serve 12 in United States embassies or other diplomatic missions. 13 The appointments under this section shall be in addition to those individuals serving in the capacity of intellectual 14 15 property attachés at United States embassies or other dip-16 lomatic missions on the date of the enactment of this Act. 17 The Director shall provide such managerial, administra-18 tive, research, and other services as the Secretary of Com-19 merce considers necessary to assist the intellectual prop-20 erty attachés in carrying out their responsibilities.

21SEC. 402. DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF INTELLEC-22TUAL PROPERTY ATTACHÉS.

The intellectual property attachés appointed undersection 401, as well as others serving as intellectual prop-

erty attachés of the Department of Commerce, shall have
 the following responsibilities:

3 (1) To promote cooperation with foreign gov4 ernments in the enforcement of intellectual property
5 laws generally, and in the enforcement of laws
6 against counterfeiting and piracy in particular.

7 (2) To assist United States persons holding in8 tellectual property rights, and the licensees of such
9 United States persons, in their efforts to combat
10 counterfeiting and piracy of their products or works
11 within the host country, including counterfeit or pi12 rated goods exported from or transshipped through
13 that country.

14 (3) To chair an intellectual property protection
15 task force consisting of representatives from all
16 other relevant sections or bureaus of the embassy or
17 other mission.

(4) To coordinate with representatives of the
embassies or missions of other countries in information sharing, private or public communications with
the government of the host country, and other forms
of cooperation for the purpose of improving enforcement against counterfeiting and piracy.

24 (5) As appropriate and in accordance with ap-25 plicable laws and the diplomatic status of the

attachés, to engage in public education efforts
 against counterfeiting and piracy in the host coun try.

4 (6) To coordinate training and technical assist5 ance programs of the United States Government
6 within the host country that are aimed at improving
7 the enforcement of laws against counterfeiting and
8 piracy.

9 (7) To assist in the coordination of the efforts 10 of the United States Intellectual Property Enforce-11 ment Representative, Federal agencies, and private 12 organizations engaged in the promotion of United 13 States intellectual property interests abroad so as to 14 maximize their effectiveness and minimize duplica-15 tive efforts.

16 (8) To identify and promote other means to
17 more effectively combat counterfeiting and piracy ac18 tivities under the jurisdiction of the host country.

19 SEC. 403. TRAINING AND DESIGNATION OF ASSIGNMENT.

(a) TRAINING OF ATTACHÉS.—The Director shall ensure that each attaché appointed under section 401 is fully
trained for the responsibilities of the position before assuming duties at the United States embassy or other mission in question.

1 (b) PRIORITY ASSIGNMENTS.—In designating the embassies or other missions to which attachés are as-2 signed, the Director shall give priority to those countries 3 4 where the activities of an attaché can be carried out most effectively and with the greatest benefit to reducing coun-5 terfeit and pirated products in the United States market, 6 to protecting the intellectual property rights of United 7 8 States persons and their licensees, or to protecting the in-9 terests of United States persons otherwise harmed by violations of intellectual property rights in those countries. 10

11 SEC. 404. COORDINATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The activities authorized by this
title shall be carried out in coordination with the United
States Intellectual Property Enforcement Representative
appointed under section 301.

16 (b) REPORT ON ATTACHÉS.—The Inspector General 17 of the Department of Commerce shall perform yearly audits of the intellectual property attachés of the Depart-18 19 ment, and shall report to the Committees on the Judiciary 20 of the House of Representatives and the Senate the results 21 of each such audit. In addition to an overview of the activi-22 ties and effectiveness of the intellectual property attaché 23 operations, the audit shall include-

(1) an evaluation of the current placement offoreign-based personnel and recommendations for

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1 transferring such personnel in response to newly 2 emerging intellectual property issues abroad; and 3 (2) an evaluation of the personnel system and 4 its management, including the recruitment, assign-5 ment, promotion, and performance appraisal of per-6 sonnel, and the use of limited appointees. 7 SEC. 405. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 8 There are authorized to be appropriated for each fis-9 cal year such sums as may be necessary for the training 10 and support of the intellectual property attachés appointed under section 401 and of other individuals serving as intel-11 lectual property attachés of the Department of Commerce. 12 TITLE V—DEPARTMENT OF 13 JUSTICE PROGRAMS 14 Subtitle A—Coordination 15 16 SEC. 501. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ENFORCEMENT OFFI-17 CER. 18 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within 19 the Office of the Deputy Attorney General in the Depart-20 ment of Justice the "Intellectual Property Enforcement 21 Division". The head of the Intellectual Property Enforce-22 ment Division shall be the Intellectual Property Enforce-23 ment Officer (in this title referred to as the "IP Officer"). 24 The IP Officer shall be appointed by the Attorney General 25 and shall report directly to the Deputy Attorney General.

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1 (b) DUTIES.—The IP Officer shall—

2 (1) coordinate all efforts of the Department of
3 Justice relating to the enforcement of intellectual
4 property rights and to combating counterfeiting and
5 piracy;

6 (2) serve as the lead representative of the De-7 partment of Justice on the advisory committee pro-8 vided for in section 301(d)(2) and as the liaison of 9 the Department of Justice with foreign governments 10 with respect to training conducted under section 11 522; and

12 (3) carry out such other related duties that may13 be assigned by the Deputy Attorney General.

14 (c) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—

15 (1) CRIMINAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY EN-FORCEMENT.—There are transferred to the Intellec-16 17 tual Property Enforcement Division those functions 18 of the Computer Crime and Intellectual Property 19 Section of the Criminal Division of the Department 20 of Justice that relate to the enforcement of criminal 21 laws relating to the protection of intellectual prop-22 erty rights and trade secrets, including the following: 23 (A) Sections 506 and 1204 of title 17, 24 United States Code.

1	(B) Sections 2318 through 2320 of title
2	18, United States Code.
3	(C) Sections 1831 and 1832 of title 18,
4	United States Code.
5	(D) Any other provision of law, including
6	the following, to the extent such provision in-
7	volves the enforcement of any provision of law
8	referred to in subparagraphs (A) through (C)
9	or comparable provision of law:
10	(i) Section 1341 of title 18, United
11	States Code, relating to frauds and swin-
12	dles.
13	(ii) Section 1343 of title 18, United
14	States Code, relating to fraud by wire,
15	radio, or television.
16	(iii) Section 2512 of title 18, United
17	States Code, relating to trafficking in
18	interception devices.
19	(iv) Section 633 of the Communica-
20	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 553), relat-
21	ing to the unauthorized reception of cable
22	service.
23	(v) Section 705 of the Communica-
24	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 605), relat-

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ing to the unauthorized publication or use
of communications.
(2) INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ENFORCEMENT
COORDINATORS.—The Intellectual Property Law
Enforcement Coordinators of the Department of
Justice to whom section 521 applies shall also be in
the Intellectual Property Enforcement Division.
Subtitle B—Law Enforcement
Resources
SEC. 511. LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT GRANTS.
(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Section 2 of the Computer
Crime Enforcement Act (42 U.S.C. 3713) is amended—
(1) in subsection (b), by inserting after "com-
puter crime" each place it appears the following: ",
including infringement of copyrighted works over the
Internet"; and
(2) in subsection (e)(1), relating to authoriza-
tion of appropriations, by striking "fiscal years 2001
through 2004" and inserting "fiscal years 2009
through 2013".
(b) GRANTS.—The Office of Justice Programs of the
Department of Justice shall make grants to eligible State
or local law enforcement entities, including law enforce-
ment agencies of municipal governments and public edu-
cational institutions, for training, prevention, enforce-

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ment, and prosecution of intellectual property theft and
 infringement crimes (in this subsection referred to as "IP TIC grants"), in accordance with the following:

4 (1) USE OF IP-TIC GRANT AMOUNTS.--IP-TIC 5 grants may be used to establish and develop programs to do the following with respect to the en-6 7 forcement of State and local true name and address 8 laws and State and local criminal laws on anti-pi-9 racy, anti-counterfeiting, and unlawful acts with re-10 spect to goods by reason of their protection by a pat-11 ent, trademark, service mark, trade secret, or other 12 intellectual property right under State or Federal 13 law:

(A) Assist State and local law enforcement
agencies in enforcing those laws, including by
reimbursing State and local entities for expenses incurred in performing enforcement operations, such as overtime payments and storage fees for seized evidence.

20 (B) Assist State and local law enforcement
21 agencies in educating the public to prevent,
22 deter, and identify violations of those laws.

23 (C) Educate and train State and local law
24 enforcement officers and prosecutors to conduct
25 investigations and forensic analyses of evidence

and	prosecutions	in	matters	involving	those
laws.	,				

3 (D) Establish task forces that include per4 sonnel from State or local law enforcement enti5 ties, or both, exclusively to conduct investiga6 tions and forensic analyses of evidence and
7 prosecutions in matters involving those laws.

8 (E) Assist State and local law enforcement 9 officers and prosecutors in acquiring computer 10 and other equipment to conduct investigations 11 and forensic analyses of evidence in matters in-12 volving those laws.

(F) Facilitate and promote the sharing, 13 14 with State and local law enforcement officers 15 and prosecutors, of the expertise and information of Federal law enforcement agencies about 16 the investigation, analysis, and prosecution of 17 18 matters involving those laws and criminal in-19 fringement of copyrighted works, including the 20 use of multi-jurisdictional task forces.

21 (2) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive an
22 IP-TIC grant, a State or local government entity
23 must provide to the Attorney General—

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(A) assurances that the State in which the
 government entity is located has in effect laws
 described in paragraph (1);
 (B) an assessment of the resource needs of
 the State or local government entity applying
 for the grant, including information on the need
 for reimbursements of base salaries and over time costs, storage fees, and other expenditures

time costs, storage fees, and other expenditures to improve the investigation, prevention, or enforcement of laws described in paragraph (1); and

12 (C) a plan for coordinating the programs 13 funded under this section with other federally 14 funded technical assistance and training pro-15 grams, including directly funded local programs 16 such as the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice 17 Assistance Grant Program authorized by sub-18 part 1 of part E of title I of the Omnibus 19 Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 20 (42 U.S.C. 3750 et seq.).

(3) MATCHING FUNDS.—The Federal share of
an IP-TIC grant may not exceed 90 percent of the
costs of the program or proposal funded by the IPTIC grant, unless the Attorney General waives, in
whole or in part, the 90 percent requirement.

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1	(4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
2	(A) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized
3	to be appropriated to carry out this subsection
4	the sum of \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years
5	2008 through 2012.
6	(B) LIMITATION.—Of the amount made
7	available to carry out this subsection in any fis-
8	cal year, not more than 3 percent may be used
9	by the Attorney General for salaries and admin-
10	istrative expenses.
11	SEC. 512. CHIP UNITS, TRAINING, AND ADDITIONAL RE-
12	SOURCES.
13	(a) EVALUATION OF CHIP UNITS.—The Attorney
13 14	(a) EVALUATION OF CHIP UNITS.—The Attorney General shall review the allocation and activities of the
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14	General shall review the allocation and activities of the
14 15	General shall review the allocation and activities of the Computer Hacking and Intellectual Property (in this sec-
14 15 16	General shall review the allocation and activities of the Computer Hacking and Intellectual Property (in this sec- tion referred to as "CHIP") units that have been estab-
14 15 16 17	General shall review the allocation and activities of the Computer Hacking and Intellectual Property (in this sec- tion referred to as "CHIP") units that have been estab- lished in various Federal judicial districts, with the goals
14 15 16 17 18	General shall review the allocation and activities of the Computer Hacking and Intellectual Property (in this sec- tion referred to as "CHIP") units that have been estab- lished in various Federal judicial districts, with the goals of—
14 15 16 17 18 19	General shall review the allocation and activities of the Computer Hacking and Intellectual Property (in this sec- tion referred to as "CHIP") units that have been estab- lished in various Federal judicial districts, with the goals of— (1) improving the effectiveness of CHIP units
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	General shall review the allocation and activities of the Computer Hacking and Intellectual Property (in this sec- tion referred to as "CHIP") units that have been estab- lished in various Federal judicial districts, with the goals of— (1) improving the effectiveness of CHIP units in investigating and prosecuting criminal offenses
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	General shall review the allocation and activities of the Computer Hacking and Intellectual Property (in this sec- tion referred to as "CHIP") units that have been estab- lished in various Federal judicial districts, with the goals of— (1) improving the effectiveness of CHIP units in investigating and prosecuting criminal offenses arising from counterfeiting or piracy activities;

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1	(3) upgrading the training and expertise of De-
2	partment of Justice personnel participating in CHIP
3	units; and
4	(4) improving the coordination of the activities
5	of CHIP units with corresponding efforts of State
6	and local law enforcement agencies operating within
7	the Federal judicial district in question.
8	(b) REQUIREMENTS.—In addition to any initiatives
9	undertaken as a result of the review conducted under sub-
10	section (a), the Attorney General, in consultation with the
11	Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall en-
12	sure that—
13	(1) each CHIP unit is supported by at least 2
14	additional agents of the Federal Bureau of Inves-
15	tigation for the purpose of investigating intellectual
16	property crimes;
17	(2) each CHIP unit is assigned at least 1 addi-
18	tional assistant United States attorney to support
19	such unit for the purpose of prosecuting intellectual
20	property crimes or other crimes involved in counter-
21	feiting or piracy activities;
22	(3) CHIP units are established and staffed in
23	at least 10 Federal judicial districts in addition to
24	those districts in which CHIP units exist on the date
25	of the enactment of this Act; and

1	(4) an operational unit is created consisting of
2	not less than 5 agents of the Federal Bureau of In-
3	vestigation, attached to the headquarters of the Fed-
4	eral Bureau of Investigation in Washington, D.C.,
5	and dedicated to working with the Intellectual Prop-
6	erty Enforcement Division established by section
7	501 on the development, investigation, and coordina-
8	tion of complex, multi-district, and international
9	criminal intellectual property cases.
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10 (c) COORDINATION WITH STATE AND LOCAL AU-THORITIES.—The United States attorney for each Federal 11 12 judicial district in which a CHIP unit is in operation shall ensure that the activities of that unit are coordinated with 13 14 the corresponding activities of State and local law enforcement agencies operating within that Federal judicial dis-15 trict in the investigation of intellectual property crimes 16 17 and other crimes involved in counterfeiting or piracy, in-18 cluding by coordinating Federal, State, and local oper-19 ations and intelligence sharing to the extent appropriate. 20 (d) ADDITIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ATTOR-21 NEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General, in consultation 22 with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation 23 as appropriate, shall ensure the following:

24 (1) All assistant United States attorneys who25 are assigned to CHIP units, and all agents of the

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Federal Bureau of Investigation who support those
 units, have received advanced training, on an annual
 basis, in the investigation and prosecution of intel lectual property crimes and other crimes involved in
 counterfeiting and piracy.

(2) All relevant units of the Department of Jus-6 7 tice are allocated sufficient funding and other re-8 sources as may be necessary to provide expert com-9 puter forensic assistance, including from nongovern-10 mental entities, in investigating and prosecuting intellectual property crimes in a timely manner. For 11 purposes of this paragraph, the term "all relevant 12 13 units" includes those officers and employees as-14 signed to carry out the functions transferred by sec-15 tion 501(c)(1), CHIP units, offices of the United 16 States attorneys, and units of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that are engaged in the investigation of 17 18 intellectual property crimes.

19 SEC. 513. TRANSPARENCY OF PROSECUTORIAL DECISION-

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MAKING.

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall direct22 each United States attorney—

(1) to review the formal or informal standards
currently in effect in that Federal judicial district
for accepting or declining prosecution of cases in-

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1	volving criminal violations of intellectual property
2	laws;
3	(2) to consider whether the standards should be
4	modified or applied more flexibly—
5	(A) to ensure that significant violations are
6	not being declined for prosecution inappropri-
7	ately; or
8	(B) in light of the broader impact of indi-
9	vidual cases on the overall strategy to combat
10	counterfeiting and piracy; and
11	(3) to review the practices and procedures cur-
12	rently in place for providing information to com-
13	plainants and victims in cases and investigations in-
14	volving criminal violations of intellectual property
15	laws regarding the status of such cases and inves-
16	tigations, including the practices and procedures for
17	apprising interested parties of the decision to decline
18	prosecution of such cases.
19	(b) CONSTRUCTION.—
20	(1) PROSECUTORIAL MATTERS.—Nothing in
21	this section shall be construed to impinge on the ap-
22	propriate exercise of prosecutorial discretion with re-
23	spect to cases involving criminal violations of intel-
24	lectual property laws or to require the promulgation

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of formal standards or thresholds regarding prosecu tion of any cases.

3 (2) NO CLAIMS, ETC., MAY BE ASSERTED.—
4 Nothing in the section shall give rise to any claim,
5 cause of action, defense, privilege, or immunity that
6 may be asserted by any party to Federal litigation.
7 SEC. 514. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

8 There are authorized to be appropriated for each fis-9 cal year such sums as may be necessary to carry out this10 subtitle.

Subtitle C—International Activities sec. 521. INTERNATIONAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW ENFORCEMENT COORDINATORS.

14 (a) DEPLOYMENT OF ADDITIONAL COORDINA-15 TORS.—The Attorney General shall, within 180 days after 16 the date of the enactment of this Act, deploy 5 Intellectual 17 Property Law Enforcement Coordinators, in addition to those serving in such capacity on such date of enactment. 18 Such deployments shall be made to those countries and 19 20 regions where the activities of such a coordinator can be 21 carried out most effectively and with the greatest benefit 22 to reducing counterfeit and pirated products in the United 23 States market, to protecting the intellectual property 24 rights of United States persons and their licensees, and 25 to protecting the interests of United States persons other-

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wise harmed by violations of intellectual property rights
 in those countries. The mission of all International Intel lectual Property Law Enforcement Coordinators shall in clude the following:

5 (1) Acting as liaison with foreign law enforce6 ment agencies and other foreign officials in criminal
7 matters involving intellectual property rights.

8 (2) Performing outreach and training to build
9 the enforcement capacity of foreign governments
10 against intellectual property-related crime in the re11 gions in which the coordinators serve.

12 (3) Coordinating United States law enforcement
13 activities against intellectual property-related crimes
14 in the regions in which the coordinators serve.

(4) Coordinating with the activities of the intellectual property attachés appointed under title IV in
the countries or regions to which the coordinators
are deployed.

19 (5) Coordinating the activities of the coordina-20 tors with the IP Officer.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year such
sums as may be necessary for the deployment and support
of all International Intellectual Property Enforcement Co-

ordinators of the Department of Justice, including those
 deployed under subsection (a).

3 SEC. 522. INTERNATIONAL TRAINING ACTIVITIES OF THE
4 COMPUTER CRIME AND INTELLECTUAL
5 PROPERTY SECTION.

6 (a) INCREASED TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSIST-7 ANCE TO FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.-The Attorney Gen-8 eral shall increase the efforts of the Department of Justice 9 to provide training and technical assistance to foreign gov-10 ernments, including foreign law enforcement agencies and foreign courts, to more effectively combat counterfeiting 11 12 and piracy activities falling within the jurisdiction of such 13 governments.

(b) CONDUCT OF PROGRAMS.—The increased training and technical assistance programs under subsection
(a) shall be carried out by the Intellectual Property Enforcement Division established by section 501, as well as
through such other divisions, sections, or agencies of the
Department of Justice as the Attorney General may direct.

(c) PRIORITY COUNTRIES.—The Attorney General, in
providing increased training and technical assistance programs under this section, shall give priority to those countries where such programs can be carried out most effectively and with the greatest likelihood of reducing counter-

feit and pirated products in the United States market, of
 protecting the intellectual property rights of United States
 persons, or of protecting the interests of United States
 persons otherwise harmed by violations of intellectual
 property rights in those countries.

6 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
7 are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year such
8 sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.

9 Subtitle D—Coordination, 10 Implementation, and Reporting

11 SEC. 531. COORDINATION.

12 The IP officer shall ensure that activities undertaken
13 under this title are carried out in a manner consistent with
14 the joint strategic plan developed under section 321.

15 SEC. 532. ANNUAL REPORTS.

Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Attorney General
shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the
Senate and the House of Representatives a report on ac-

1 tions taken to carry out this title, including a report on

2 the activities of the IP Officer.

Passed the House of Representatives May 8, 2008. Attest:

Clerk.

DOCUMENT NO. 12

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