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106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2413

To amend the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act to enhance the ability of the National Institute of Standards and Technology to improve computer security, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 1, 1999

Mr. Sensenbrenner (for himself, Mr. Gordon, and Mrs. Morella) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science

A BILL

- To amend the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act to enhance the ability of the National Institute of Standards and Technology to improve computer security, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Computer Security
- 5 Enhancement Act of 1999".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

1	(1) The National Institute of Standards and
2	Technology has responsibility for developing stand-
3	ards and guidelines needed to ensure the cost-effec-
4	tive security and privacy of sensitive information in
5	Federal computer systems.
6	(2) The Federal Government has an important
7	role in ensuring the protection of sensitive, but un-
8	classified, information controlled by Federal agen-
9	cies.
10	(3) Technology that is based on the application
11	of cryptography exists and can be readily provided
12	by private sector companies to ensure the confiden-
13	tiality, authenticity, and integrity of information
14	associated with public and private activities.
15	(4) The development and use of encryption
16	technologies should be driven by market forces rath-
17	er than by Government imposed requirements.
18	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are to—
19	(1) reinforce the role of the National Institute
20	of Standards and Technology in ensuring the secu-
21	rity of unclassified information in Federal computer
22	systems; and
23	(2) promote technology solutions based on pri-
24	vate sector offerings to protect the security of Fed-
25	eral computer systems.

1	SEC. 3. VOLUNTARY STANDARDS FOR PUBLIC KEY MAN-
2	AGEMENT INFRASTRUCTURE.
3	Section 20(b) of the National Institute of Standards
4	and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-3(b)) is amended—
5	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), (4),
6	and (5) as paragraphs (3), (4), (7), and (8), respec-
7	tively; and
8	(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-
9	lowing new paragraph:
10	"(2) upon request from the private sector, to
11	assist in establishing voluntary interoperable stand-
12	ards, guidelines, and associated methods and tech-
13	niques to facilitate and expedite the establishment of
14	non-Federal management infrastructures for public
15	keys that can be used to communicate with and con-
16	duct transactions with the Federal Government;".
17	SEC. 4. SECURITY OF FEDERAL COMPUTERS AND NET-
18	WORKS.
19	Section 20(b) of the National Institute of Standards
20	and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-3(b)), as amended
21	by section 3 of this Act, is further amended by inserting
22	after paragraph (4), as so redesignated by section 3(1)
23	of this Act, the following new paragraphs:
24	"(5) to provide guidance and assistance to Fed-
25	eral agencies in the protection of interconnected
26	computer gretame and to coordinate Rederal re-

1	sponse efforts related to unauthorized access to Fed-
2	eral computer systems;
3	"(6) to perform evaluations and tests of—
4	"(A) information technologies to assess
5	security vulnerabilities; and
6	"(B) commercially available security prod-
7	ucts for their suitability for use by Federal
8	agencies for protecting sensitive information in
9	computer systems;".
10	SEC. 5. COMPUTER SECURITY IMPLEMENTATION.
11	Section 20 of the National Institute of Standards and
12	Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-3) is further amended—
13	(1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as
14	subsections (e) and (f), respectively; and
15	(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
16	lowing new subsection:
17	"(c) In carrying out subsection (a)(3), the Institute
18	shall—
19	"(1) emphasize the development of technology-
20	neutral policy guidelines for computer security prac-
21	tices by the Federal agencies;
22	"(2) actively promote the use of commercially
23	available products to provide for the security and
24	privacy of sensitive information in Federal computer
25	systems; and

1	"(3) participate in implementations of
2	encryption technologies in order to develop required
3	standards and guidelines for Federal computer sys-
4	tems, including assessing the desirability of and the
5	costs associated with establishing and managing key
6	recovery infrastructures for Federal Government in-
7	formation.".
8	SEC. 6. COMPUTER SECURITY REVIEW, PUBLIC MEETINGS,
9	AND INFORMATION.
10	Section 20 of the National Institute of Standards and
11	Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-3), as amended by this
12	Act, is further amended by inserting after subsection (c),
13	as added by section 5 of this Act, the following new sub-
14	section:
15	(d)(1) The Institute shall solicit the recommenda-
16	tions of the Computer System Security and Privacy Advi-
17	sory Board, established by section 21, regarding standards
18	and guidelines that are being considered for submittal to
19	the Secretary in accordance with subsection (a)(4). No
20	standards or guidelines shall be submitted to the Secretary
21	prior to the receipt by the Institute of the Board's written
22	recommendations. The recommendations of the Board
23	shall accompany standards and guidelines submitted to
24	the Secretary.

"(2) There are authorized to be appropriated to the 1 Secretary \$1,000,000 for fiscal year 2000 and \$1,030,000 for fiscal year 2001 to enable the Computer System Security and Privacy Advisory Board, established by section 21, to identify emerging issues related to computer security, privacy, and cryptography and to convene public meetings on those subjects, receive presentations, and 8 publish reports, digests, and summaries for public distribution on those subjects.". 10 SEC. 7. LIMITATION ON PARTICIPATION IN REQUIRING 11 ENCRYPTION STANDARDS. 12 Section 20 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-3), as amended by this 13 Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following 14 15 new subsection: 16 "(g) The Institute shall not promulgate, enforce, or 17 otherwise adopt standards, or carry out activities or poli-18 cies, for the Federal establishment of encryption standards 19 required for use in computer systems other than Federal 20 Government computer systems.". 21 SEC. 8. MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS. 22 Section 20 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-3), as amended by this 23

Act, is further amended—

1	(1) in subsection (b)(8), as so redesignated by
2	section 3(1) of this Act, by inserting "to the exten-
3	that such coordination will improve computer secu-
4	rity and to the extent necessary for improving such
5	security for Federal computer systems" after "Man
6	agement and Budget)";
7	(2) in subsection (e), as so redesignated by sec
8	tion 5(1) of this Act, by striking "shall draw upon"
9	and inserting in lieu thereof "may draw upon";
10	(3) in subsection (e)(2), as so redesignated by
11	section 5(1) of this Act, by striking "(b)(5)" and in
12	serting in lieu thereof "(b)(8)"; and
13	(4) in subsection (f)(1)(B)(i), as so redesign
14	nated by section 5(1) of this Act, by inserting "and
15	computer networks" after "computers".
16	SEC. 9. FEDERAL COMPUTER SYSTEM SECURITY TRAINING
17	Section 5(b) of the Computer Security Act of 1987
18	(49 U.S.C. 759 note) is amended—
19	(1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
20	(1);
21	(2) by striking the period at the end of para
22	graph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and
23	(3) by adding at the end the following new
24	paragraph:

1	"(3) to include emphasis on protecting sensitive
2	information in Federal databases and Federal com-
3	puter sites that are accessible through public net-
4	works.".
5	SEC. 10. COMPUTER SECURITY FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.
6	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
7	retary of Commerce \$250,000 for fiscal year 2000 and
8	\$500,000 for fiscal year 2001 for the Director of the Na-
9	tional Institute of Standards and Technology for fellow-
10	ships, subject to the provisions of section 18 of the Na-
11	tional Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15
12	U.S.C. 278g-1), to support students at institutions of
13	higher learning in computer security. Amounts authorized
14	by this section shall not be subject to the percentage limi-
15	tation stated in such section 18.
16	SEC. 11. STUDY OF PUBLIC KEY INFRASTRUCTURE BY THE
17	NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL.
18	(a) REVIEW BY NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL.—
19	Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment
20	of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce shall enter into
21	a contract with the National Research Council of the Na-
22	tional Academy of Sciences to conduct a study of public
23	key infrastructures for use by individuals, businesses, and
24	government.

1	(b) CONTENTS.—The study referred to in subsection
2	(a) shall—
3	(1) assess technology needed to support public
4	key infrastructures;
5	(2) assess current public and private plans for
6	the deployment of public key infrastructures;
7	(3) assess interoperability, scalability, and in-
8	tegrity of private and public entities that are ele-
9	ments of public key infrastructures;
10	(4) make recommendations for Federal legisla-
11	tion and other Federal actions required to ensure
12	the national feasibility and utility of public key in-
13	frastructures; and
14	(5) address such other matters as the National
15	Research Council considers relevant to the issues of
16	public key infrastructure.
17	(c) Interagency Cooperation With Study.—All
18	agencies of the Federal Government shall cooperate fully
19	with the National Research Council in its activities in car-
20	rying out the study under this section, including access
21	by properly cleared individuals to classified information if
22	necessary.
23	(d) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the
24	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Com-
25	more aball transmit to the Committee on Science of the

1	House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
2	merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report
3	setting forth the findings, conclusions, and recommenda-
4	tions of the National Research Council for public policy
5	related to public key infrastructures for use by individuals,
6	businesses, and government. Such report shall be sub-
7	mitted in unclassified form.
8	(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
9	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Com-
10	merce \$450,000 for fiscal year 2000, to remain available
11	until expended, for carrying out this section.
12	SEC. 12. PROMOTION OF NATIONAL INFORMATION SECU-
13	RITY.
14	The Under Secretary of Commerce for Technology
14 15	The Under Secretary of Commerce for Technology shall—
	•
15	shall—
15 16	shall— (1) promote the more widespread use of appli-
15 16 17	shall— (1) promote the more widespread use of applications of cryptography and associated technologies
15 16 17 18	shall— (1) promote the more widespread use of applications of cryptography and associated technologies to enhance the security of the Nation's information
15 16 17 18 19	shall— (1) promote the more widespread use of applications of cryptography and associated technologies to enhance the security of the Nation's information infrastructure;
15 16 17 18 19 20	shall— (1) promote the more widespread use of applications of cryptography and associated technologies to enhance the security of the Nation's information infrastructure; (2) establish a central clearinghouse for the col-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	shall— (1) promote the more widespread use of applications of cryptography and associated technologies to enhance the security of the Nation's information infrastructure; (2) establish a central clearinghouse for the collection by the Federal Government and dissemina-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	shall— (1) promote the more widespread use of applications of cryptography and associated technologies to enhance the security of the Nation's information infrastructure; (2) establish a central clearinghouse for the collection by the Federal Government and dissemination to the public of information to promote aware-

1	commercial and private uses of encryption tech-
2	nologies for confidentiality and authentication.
3	SEC. 13. ELECTRONIC AUTHENTICATION INFRASTRUC
4	TURE.
5	(a) ELECTRONIC AUTHENTICATION INFRASTRUC-
6	TURE.—
7	(1) Guidelines and standards.—Not later
8	than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this
9	Act, the Director, in consultation with industry,
10	shall develop electronic authentication infrastructure
11	guidelines and standards for use by Federal agencies
12	to enable those agencies to effectively utilize elec-
13	tronic authentication technologies in a manner that
14	is
15	(A) sufficiently secure to meet the needs of
16	those agencies and their transaction partners
17	and
18	(B) interoperable, to the maximum extent
19	possible.
20	(2) ELEMENTS.—The guidelines and standards
21	developed under paragraph (1) shall include—
22	(A) protection profiles for cryptographic
23	and noncryptographic methods of authen-
24	ticating identity for electronic authentication
25	products and services:

1	(B) minimum interoperability specifica-
2	tions for the Federal acquisition of electronic
3	authentication products and services; and
4	(C) validation criteria to enable Federa
5	agencies to select cryptographic electronic au-
6	thentication products and services appropriate
7	to their needs.
8	(3) COORDINATION WITH NATIONAL POLICY
9	PANEL.—The Director shall ensure that the develop-
10	ment of guidelines and standards with respect to
11	cryptographic electronic authentication products and
12	services under this subsection is carried out in co-
13	ordination with the efforts of the National Policy
14	Panel for Digital Signatures under subsection (e).
15	(4) REVISIONS.—The Director shall periodically
16	review the guidelines and standards developed under
17	paragraph (1) and revise them as appropriate.
18	(b) VALIDATION OF PRODUCTS.—Not later than 1
19	year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and there-
20	after, the Director shall maintain and make available to
21	Federal agencies and to the public a list of commercially
22	available electronic authentication products, and other
23	such products used by Federal agencies, evaluated as con-
24	forming with the guidelines and standards developed
25	under subsection (a).

1	(c) ELECTRONIC CERTIFICATION AND MANAGEMENT
2	Systems.—
3	(1) CRITERIA.—Not later than 1 year after the
4	date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall
5	establish minimum technical criteria for the use by
6	Federal agencies of electronic certification and man
7	agement systems.
8	(2) EVALUATION.—The Director shall establish
9	a program for evaluating the conformance with the
10	criteria established under paragraph (1) of electronic
11	certification and management systems, developed for
12	use by Federal agencies or available for such use.
13	(3) MAINTENANCE OF LIST.—The Director
14	shall maintain and make available to Federal agen
15	cies a list of electronic certification and managemen
16	systems evaluated as conforming to the criteria es
17	tablished under paragraph (1).
18	(d) REPORTS.—Not later than 18 months after the
19	date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter
20	the Director shall transmit to the Congress a report that
21	includes—
22	(1) a description and analysis of the utilization
23	by Federal agencies of electronic authentication
24	technologies:

1	(2) an evaluation of the extent to which Federal
2	agencies' electronic authentication infrastructures
3	conform to the guidelines and standards developed
4	under subsection (a)(1);
5	(3) an evaluation of the extent to which Federal
6	agencies' electronic certification and management
7	systems conform to the criteria established under
8	subsection (e)(1);
9	(4) the list described in subsection (e)(3); and
10	(5) evaluations made under subsection (b).
11	(e) NATIONAL POLICY PANEL FOR DIGITAL SIGNA-
12	TURES.—
13	(1) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days
14	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
15	Under Secretary shall establish a National Policy
16	Panel for Digital Signatures. The Panel shall be
17	composed of government, academic, and industry
18	technical and legal experts on the implementation of
19	digital signature technologies, State officials, includ-
20	ing officials from States which have enacted laws
21	recognizing the use of digital signatures, and rep-
22	resentative individuals from the interested public.
23	(2) Responsibilities.—The Panel shall serve
24	as a forum for exploring all relevant factors associ-
25	ated with the development of a national digital sig-

1	nature infrastructure based on uniform guidelines
2	and standards to enable the widespread availability
3	and use of digital signature systems. The Panel shall
4	develop—
5	(A) model practices and procedures for
6	certification authorities to ensure the accuracy
7	reliability, and security of operations associated
8	with issuing and managing digital certificates;
9	(B) guidelines and standards to ensure
10	consistency among jurisdictions that license cer-
11	tification authorities; and
12	(C) audit procedures for certification au-
13	thorities.
14	(3) COORDINATION.—The Panel shall coordi-
15	nate its efforts with those of the Director under sub-
16	section (a).
17	(4) Administrative support.—The Under
18	Secretary shall provide administrative support to en-
19	able the Panel to carry out its responsibilities.
20	(5) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the
21	date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Sec-
22	retary shall transmit to the Congress a report con-
23	taining the recommendations of the Panel.
2/	(f) DEFINITIONS. For numbers of this section

1	(1) the term "certification authorities" means
2	issuers of digital certificates;
3	(2) the term "digital certificate" means an elec-
4	tronic document that binds an individual's identity
5	to the individual's key;
6	(3) the term "digital signature" means a math-
7	ematically generated mark utilizing key cryptog-
8	raphy techniques that is unique to both the signa-
9	tory and the information signed;
10	(4) the term "digital signature infrastructure"
11	means the software, hardware, and personnel re-
12	sources, and the procedures, required to effectively
13	utilize digital certificates and digital signatures;
14	(5) the term "electronic authentication" means
15	cryptographic or noncryptographic methods of au-
16	thenticating identity in an electronic communication;
17	(6) the term "electronic authentication infra-
18	structure" means the software, hardware, and per-
19	sonnel resources, and the procedures, required to ef-
20	fectively utilize electronic authentication tech-
21	nologies;
22	(7) the term "electronic certification and man-
23	agement systems" means computer systems, includ-
24	ing associated personnel and procedures, that enable

1	individuals to apply unique digital signatures to elec-
2	tronic information;
3	(8) the term "protection profile" means a list of
4	security functions and associated assurance levels
5	used to describe a product; and
6	(9) the term "Under Secretary" means the
7	Under Secretary of Commerce for Technology.
8	SEC. 14. SOURCE OF AUTHORIZATIONS.
9	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
10	retary of Commerce $\$3,000,000$ for fiscal year 2000 and
11	\$4,000,000 for fiscal year 2001, for the National Institute
12	of Standards and Technology to carry out activities au-
13	thorized by this Act for which funds are not otherwise spe-
14	cifically authorized to be appropriated by this Act





