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position with the Democratic Legislative Campaign Committee [DLCC] last July.

Live comparison of the state staffer, Jeff displayed the thirst for knowledge and eagerness to serve that characterizes many idealistic youth who come to Washington, He fuifilied his duties capably and supported me and my legislative staff in my Senate responsibilities. He gave much, Mr. President, and he learned much about the duties and responsibilities of public service. But it was clear from the start that

But if was clear from the start that Jeff chafed to do more. His endless interest in the political drama of our times, coupled with his youthful energy, finally turned him to the arena that he truly was born for: electoral politics, the art and science of political campaigning.

mampaigning. Never was there an operative so conscientionally fitted for the rock and roll of modern, media-age politics as he. Jeff loved the ups and downs of elections, the eat-or-be eaten nature of the democratic process, whether in the form of a Presidential campaign or a race for the local school board. He had a Texas-size appetite where these things applied. But Jeff was not merely interested in the process. He was driven by a real

But Jeff was not merely interested in the process. He was driven by a real concern for the people of our country. He had a passion to help ordinary Americans, and an abiding confidence in the ability, and indeed the obligation, of government to help the less fortunate. That is why he worked long hours, well into the evenings. to learn more about the political profession.

Indeed. Jeff had a personal vision, Indeed. Jeff had a personal vision, one that he shared with some of my staff. He hoped to use the Internet as a communication tool for campaigns. His idea was to establish a multicandidate, multiparty bulletin board on the internet for campaign literature and party platforms. Through this means, he hoped that everyone might have access to the information they needed to make better decisions about candidates and campaigns. Campaigns would thus be fairer and more informed. So when Jeff left my office last July

So when Jeff left my office last July to take up a position with the DLCC, the organization within the national Democratic Party that focuses on electing Democrats to State legislatures, I felt the loss of his departure but understood that he was going forward in the right direction. And when I heard that his success at the DLCC led to a position with the Tennessee Democratic Party, I knew he had found his dream.

Jeff's unexpected death the third Monday in April was thus double tragic, for in addition to his youth, he seemingly had at last found a position that exactly meshed with his temperament, interests, and abilities. His opportunities appeared boundless. But if Jeff was taken from us just as

But if Jeff was taken from us just as he appeared to be fully engaged in life, we must remember that he died doing that which he truly loved. How many of us can say the same? Mr. President, Jeff's years among us were far too few, but let us take comfort in the knowledge that he lived them fully. May his parents and loved ones take solace in his bright memorv.•

#### TRIBUTE TO DOROTHY CALLAGHAN, NEW HAMPSHIRE'S MOTHER OF THE YEAR

 Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire. Mr. President. I rise today to pay tribute to Mrs. Dorothy McGettigan Callaghan of Rochester, NH, for receiving New Hampshire's Mother of the Year Award.

Dorothy has strengthened her family with pride, dedication, and love, always putting the interests of her children first. She was raised with eight brothers and sisters, on a large farm in Wilton. Dorothy received her B.A. and her master of education degrees from Keene State College in Keene, NH. She has taught school in Rochester for 27 years and coached many youth sport teams. She is an active member of local school committees. Dorothy is also a eucharistic minister and has been honored as Rochester's Citizen of the Year and Teacher of the Year. Her courageous fight against leuke-

Her courageous fight against leukemia has created more volunteer opportunities, including Daffodil Days for the Cancer Society, the Jimmy Fund Marathon for the Dana Farber Cancer Institute, as well as making bandannas for cancer patients. She has turned a personal battle into a way to help others in unfortunate situations

Dorothy was chosen for her contributions and dedication to her community and family in accordance with the national mission of American Mothers, Inc. Dorothy is the mother of seven children and grandmother of six grandchildren. She has been married 33 years to Erank Calladan.

to Frank Callaghan. I commend Dorothy Callaghan for her long career of excellence as a mother and as a teacher who belleves that children are individuals and should be treated that way. New Hampshire is fortunate to be blessed by her leadership and dedication. I applaud Dorothy Callaghan for her outstanding work with the children of New Hampshire and am proud to represent her in the U.S. Senate. Congratulations Dorothy.

#### THE SECURE PUBLIC NETWORKS ACT

 Mr. KERREY. Mr. President, over the last several weeks, I have been meeting with colleagues about the need to aggressively pursue legislation to faclitate the creation of secure public networks for communication, commerce, education, research, telemedicine, and Government. There is an urgent need to enact legislation this year which can advance the creation of new networks and balance America's compelling interests in commerce and security. Secure networks are critical for the protection of personal privacy and the promotion of commerce on the Internet and other interactive computer systems. The Congress has been gridlocked for

The Congress has been gridlocked for more than a year in a debate about the Nation's export policy for encryption software. I believe that meaningful compromise can be found on this issue which can clear the way for the consideration of broader legislation which fosters the creation of secure networks. If we are successful, a powerhouse of economic activity and opportunity can be unleashed.

Senators BURNS and LEAHY as well as Congressman CGODLATTE have introduced legislation which identifies a real problem with the current law on the export of encryption software. Thanks to their leadership, there is a growing consensus that reform is needed. In many ways, the introduction of their legislation has already motivated meaningful changes in the administration's policy on software exports. Yet, even with those changes, the underlying law needs to be changed and a broader agenda for secure networks needs to be adopted. What must happen in a relatively quick fashion is an agreement on a bi-

What must happen in a relatively quick fashion is an agreement on a bipartisan, bicameral process to enact secure network legislation which includes a solution to the encryption export riddle. Our goal should be to enact legislation which the President can sign by October 1, 1997.

sign by October 1, 1997. The ability to use strong encryption is an important element in creating sacure networks. Through encryption, messages are encoded and decoded. Encryption protects privacy and security. The American people need to know that their communications are safe and that the most private, confidential personal information can be confidentially communicated on computer networks.

Encryption however, poses some very serious problems for law enforcement and national security which cannot be ignored. The challenge is to promote the use of encryption in a manner that does not unduly compromise national security or public safety and does not unnecessarily burden industry.

What needs to be created is an electronic environment which gives users total confidence in the security of commercial transactions and personal communications. To do so, a largely private infrastructure must be developed to provide for authentication of messages, keys, and digital signatures and when necessary, the recovery of keys. As the largest purchaser of computer

As the largest purchaser of computer software and hardware, the Federal Government can create important incentives to help the market swiftly resoond to this need.

centives to help the market swittly respond to this need. I see three big interests at stakenetwork commerce, network government, and network security. First, the need to facilitate commerce, both in advancing America's leading position as an exporter of software and in the

May 19, 1997

promotion of commerce the on Internet, grows in importance every day. Second, there is the civic interest day. Second, there is the civic interest of Government. The American people should be able to have secure access to their Government, for the resolution of problems, the communication of ideas and access to services via electronic networks. Third, there is a security in-terest of law enforcement and national defense. Defensively, that interest is to protect citizens from foreign or crimi-nal violations of privacy. Offensively, there needs to be a means fully consist-ent with our Constitution for discreet access to communications. That digital access should be no more or less expansive than exists in the nondigital world

Mr. President, there needs to be a commitment to a process for resolving a host of issues. First and foremost what is needed is a commitment by the leadership of this Congress to work to-gether in good faith to find a resolution that can be signed into law by the sident.

I have proposed a discussion outline for compromise. If there can be agree nor compromise. If there can be agree-ment on principle and process, I am confident good faith negotiations be-tween all interested parties can meet the ambitious goal of new legislation before the end of this session of Congress. This outline is meant to spark discussion and facilitate compromise on some very challenging issu s. It is by no means etched in stone and I welcome suggestions for improvement and additions

President, I ask that the text of the Secure Public Networks Act discus

sion outline be printed in the RECORD. The material follows: THE SECURE PUBLIC NETWORK ACT DISCUSSION POINTS

#### PUPPOSE

To encourage and facilitate the creation of secure public networks for communication, commerce, education, research, tele-medi-cine and government.

### A. DOMESTIC USES OF ENCRYPTION

A. DUNESHIE OSES OF EXAMPLEMENT (I) Lawful Use of Encryption: Domestic use of encryption for any lawful purpose shall be permitted. No mandatory third party key es-termined and the state of the second state.

permitted. No mandatory third party key es-crow system for domestic encryption. (2) Unlawful Use of Encryption: Penalty for the use of encryption technology in the fur-therance of a crime-5 years or fime for Ist offense, and 10 years or fine for Ist Penaltics for:

(a) Unauthorized use of keys, authentica-

(a) Obattino ise of keys, autoentra-tion or identity;
 (b) Unauthorized breaking of another's encryption codes;
 (c) Theft of intellectual property on line

through unauthorized interception of mes

sages; (d) Issuing key to unauthorized person;

(d) Issuing key to unauthorized person; (e) Impersonating another to obtain key; (f) Knowingly issuing key in furtherance of criminal activity. (d) Access to Encrypted Messages by U.S. Government Agencies: Access to encryption key by government entities only through properly executed court order (or certifi-can and Foreign Intelligence Surveil-and and Foreign Intelligence Surveil-(g) Access to Encrypted Messages by Tor-

(5) Access to Encrypted Messages by For-eign Governments: Attorney General may

seek a court order for a foreign government pursuant to treaty and U.S. law. (6) Civil Recovery: Recovery against the USA when information is improperly ob-tained or released. (7) Destruction of intercepted information: Once lawful use of intercepted information shall be destructed. Information shall be stroyed. (8) Illegal Disclosure: Violation of law to

disclose recovery of information or execu-tion of order.

#### B. COVERNMENT PROCUREMENT

(I) Policy: It is the policy of the U.S. Gov-(U) Policy: It is the policy of the U.S. Coverment of create secure networks which permit public to interact with government through network which protect privacy, intellectual property and personal security of network users.
 (2) Government Purchases of Software: All encryption software purchased by the U.S. Government for use in secure government period fear other based on a system of the protectors.

tem of key recovery. (3) Software Purchased With Federal

Funds: All encryption software purchased with federal funds shall be software based on

I federal lunds shall be software based on stem of key recovery, U.S. Government Networks: All net-cs established by the U.S. Government h use encryption shall use encryption which based on a system of key recovery. (5) Networks Established With Federal

(b) Networks Established with Federal Funds: All encrypted networks established with the use of federal funds shall use encryption based on a system of key recov-Funds:

(6) Product Labels: Products may be labeled to inform user such product is author-ized for sale or use in transactions with the U.S. Government

ized for sale or use in transactions with the U.S. Government. (7) No Private Mandate: No federal man-date of private sector encryption standards other than for use in federal computer sys-tems, networks or systems created with fed-ence of the systems created with fed-rest of the systems created with fed-rest of the systems created with fed-ters. tems, netw eral funds.

#### C. EXPORT OF ENCRYPTION

C. EXFORT OF ENCAYFTION (1) Department of Commerce: The Depart-ment of Commerce shall be the lead agency on encryption software exports and have sole duty to issue export licenses on commercial encryption products and technologies. (2) General License: Exports of encryption software up to \*\* and software with encryption capabilities up to \*\* shall be subject to a general license (license excep-tion) provided, the product, or software being exported:

tion provided, the product, or software being exported;
 (a) Is otherwise qualified for export;
 (b) Is otherwise legal;
 (c) Does not violate U.S. law;
 (d) Dees not violate the intellectual property rights of another; and
 (e) The receive such product or software.
 The Predicter trans the resolution advance.

(e) The recipient individual is otherwise qualified to receive such product or software. The President may by executive order increase permissible encryption strength which is exportable under general license (License exception).
 (a) Ceneral License (License exception) unlimited Strength: Exports of encryption strength strength and the second strength of the sec

tions or other essential systems of Interstate Sommerce; diverted to a military, terrorist or criminal use, or re-exported w/o US au-horization. (6) License Review: In evaluating requests

(b) License Review: In evaluating requests for export licenses for products with encryption capabilities, (in strengths above the level described in (C)(2)), the following factors shall be among those considered by the Secretary: wirb owing

the Secretary: (a) Whether a product is generally avail-able and is designed for installation without

able and is designed for installation without alteration by purchase; (b) Whether the product is generally avail-able in the country to which the product would be exported; and (c) Whether products offering comparable (c) which products offering comparable in the country to which the product would be exceeded.

exported. Licenses will be granted at the Secretary's

D. VOLUNTARY RECISTRATION SYSTEM

m Certificate Authorities: Secretary may Certificate Authorities: Secretary may establish procedures to register certificate authorities. Certificate authorities shall ver-ify use of public keys and digital signatures.
 (2) Agent Registry: Secretary may estab-lish procedures to register key recovery

agents. (3) Public Key Certificates: Secretary or Certificate Authority may issue public key

certificates. (4) Voluntary System: Use of key manage-

Voluntary System: Use of key management system is voluntary.
 Incentive to Use Voluntary System: Use of registered key management system shall be treated as evidence of due diligence and reasonable care in any civil or criminal pro-

E. LIABILITY LIMITATIONS

ceeding.

Compliance with request: No liability for disclosing recovery information to gov-ernment agency with properly executed

order: (2) Compliance defense: No liability for (a) Good Faith Defense: Good faith reliance on court order is a complete defense.

F. INTERNATIONAL ACREEMENTS

The President shall conduct negotiations with other countries for the purpose of mu-tual recognition of Key Recovery and Certifi-cate Authorities registered in USA,

G. CIVIL PENALTIES

C. CIVI. PENALTIES
 O. CiVI. PENALTIES
 O. CiVI. PENALTIES
 O. CiVI. PENALTIES
 Sceretary shall establish civil penalties. Secretary shall establish civil penalties for violations of this ext.
 Injunctive Relief: Attorney General may bring action to enjoin violations of act and enforce recovery of civil penalties.
 Jurisdiction: Original Jurisdiction of Federal District Courts for actions under this sections.

this section.

#### H. RESEARCH

(1) Information Security Board: The Infor-mation Security Board shall be established to make recommendations to President and Congress on measures to establish secure networks, promote exports of soft-mation and the information of the security and public safety: or the soft of the security and public safety: or the soft of safety

(2) Coordination: Coordination between federal. state and local law enforcement shall be encouraged.

(3) Network Research: Secure network re-

(3) Network Research: Secure network research shall be encouraged.
(4) Annual Report: The NTIA in consultation with other federal agencies shall issue an annual report on secure network developments. The report shall review available information and report to the Congress and the Derived on the development of the secure secure secures. President on developments in encryptic authentication, identification and securi

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD - SENATE

on communications networks and make pol-icy recommendations to the President and Congress.

#### I. PRESIDENTIAL POWER

The President may waive provisions of this Act with a finding of danger to national se-curity, public safety, economic security, or public interest. President must report waiver to Congress in classified or unclassified form wff 30 days of Presidential action. J. MISC

Severability.
 Interpretation: Will not affect intel-ingence activities outside USA; and will not weaken intellectual property protection.
 Definitions.
 Datases of regulations.
 Authority for fees.

TRIBUTE TO ALEX HENLIN, BISH-OP GUERTIN SENIOR, AND WIM-NER OF THE AMERICAN LE-GION'S NATIONAL ORATORICAL CONTEST.

OM. SMITH of New Hampshire. Mr. President, I rise today to congratulate Alex Henlin, a Bishop Guertin High School senior, on winning the Amer-ican Legion's National Oratorical Contest. This is certainly an accomplish-ment of which he should be very proud

and I salute him for his achievement. Alex, 18, resides in Dracut, MA. He is president of his senior class and plans to study government next fall at Georgetown University. He was one of

Georgetown University. He was one of the State's representatives to the American Legion's 1996 Boys' Nation conference in Washington. His speech, "A More Perfect Union," reported the U.S. Constitution as being a versatile, living document able to ad-dress unforseen circumstances. Alex warned that amendments should not be

warned that amendments should not be created to address trivial issues. As a former history teacher, I admire and commend Alex's commitment to our Nation's most precious document. Alex brought home an 818,000 college scholarship in addition to a \$2,000 scholarship he received from the State contest. The national contest was hosted by Indiana University and Pur-due University in Indianapolis. I congragulate Alex Henlin on his outstanding accomplishments. I com-mend his hard work and perserverance and wish him luck at Georgetown in the fall semester.

the fall semester.

## BAXTER BLACK COMMENTARY ON RANCHERS IN THE DAKOTAS

 Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, live-stock producers across the Dakotas have suffered immeasurable losses this winter. Baxter Black, cowboy poet and commentator on National Public commentator on National Public Radio, wrote a touching piece describ-ing the struggles of ranchers facing the realities of the season's severe weather. National Public Radio aired the com-

National Public Radio aired the com-mentary on April 23. Mr. President, I ask that the follow-ing transcript of Mr. Black's com-mentary be printed in the RECORD. The transcript follows:

WE UNDERSTAND

Repeat after me: I do solemnly swear as shenherd of the flock to accept the respon-

ONGRESSIONAL RECORD — SENAT shifts for the animals put in my care, to find to their basic needs food and shelter, investigation of the start of the start will being before my own if need be, and being the their basic needs of the start with respect, to always remember that the have made them dependent on us, and action of the start of the start with respect, to always remember that the have made them dependent on us, and action of the start of

ing snow, and fatal wind chills took their toil. Cattle stranded on the open plains with no cover, no protection, no feed, no place to go, and no railed from that ctic fury field in sin-sands, forcen as hard as itor. So and thou-ands, forcen as hard as itor. So and thou-ing that every hour he could not tend his cown diminished him in some deep, perma-ent, undefinable way, changing him forever-number of head, and extrapolated to dollars, but dollars were not what kept him pacing the floor at night, looking out in it 50 times a day, trying, trying, knowing the could only get to them he could save them. And them finally having to face the loss, his fallure as a shepterd. That's what kept him trying. Exhausting, depression, and the first ocnfort a person who has had Te hand to confort a person who has had

kept him trying. Exhausting, depression, and despair. It's hard to comfort a person who has had his spirt battered like that. 'It couldn't be helped, there's nothing you could do,' is small consolation. So, all I can say to our fellow stockman in the Dakotas Is, in our own way, we under-

stand e

TRIBUTE TO GARY HODSON ON BEING NAMED THE 1997 SOMERSWORTH CITIZEN OF THE YEAR

• Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire. Mr. • President, I rise today to pay tribute to Cary Hodson, postal carrier of Somersworth, on being named the Citi-Some sworth Year by the Greater Somersworth Chamber of Commerce. I commend his outstanding community commitment and congratulate him on this well-deserved honor.

this well-deserved honor. Gary's community involvements are numerous but his special dedication was director do youth ducation at Holy Trinity Church and volunteers teach-ing on evenings and weekends. He is president of the baseball, football, and hockey boosters.

Gary is known to many as always willing to take responsibility to make

his community a better place to live his community a better place to live and raise children. He puts forth his time and energy to help the youth of the community. Whatever he commits to, he always gets the job done. Gary has dedicated his time, talent,

and energy to serving the residents of Somersworth in an exemplary way. I am proud to honor Gary Hodson's out-standing community commitment. am proud to honor Cary Hodson's out-standing community commitment, which is so important to the youth and their future. We are indeed indebted to him for his efforts. Congratulations to Dan for this distinguished recognition. I am honored to represent him in the U.S. Senate.

#### PARTIAL-BIRTH ABORTION--THE TRUTH

ABRAHAM. Mr. • Mr President. would like to submit the following tes-timony for the RECORD. Dr. Curtis Cook is a board-certified obstetrician/ cook is a board-certained obsectrician gynecologist and a subspecialist in ma-ternal-fetal medicine in Michigan. In March, Dr. Cook testified before the House-Senate joint hearing on "Par-tial-Birth Abortion-The Truth." His tal-Birth Abortion—Ine Iruth." His expert testimony speaks to both the medical necessity of the partial-birth procedure and the issue of fetal pain during the procedure.

The testimony follows: TESTIMONY BY CURTIS COOK, M.D., MATERNAL FETAL MEDICINE, BUTTERWORTH HOSPITAL, MICHIGAN STATE COLLEGE OF HUMAN MEDI-CINE

constraints in Dr. Curtis Cook, I am a basrd-corrified Obstarticiant/precologist and a subspecialist in Maternal-Fetal Medicine (also known as Perinatology or High Risk Obsterrics). In my practice I take care of re-ferred complicated pregnancies because of preexisting chronic medical conditions of the mother, or suspected abnormalitues in the baby. I am also the Associate Director of our region's Maternal-Fetal Medicine division and also serve as Assistant Calincia I'du for our Obstetrics and Cynecology train-ing program, I am an Assistant Calincia I'du lege of Human Medicine, and a member of the American College of OB/GNN. The Soci-ety of Perinacal Obstetricis. If American Medical Association, and the Association of Professors of Gynecology and Obstetrics. I am a founding member of PHACT (Physi-cians AdH doc Coalition for Turth about Par-tial Birth Abortion), which I helped organize after hearing the appalling medical misin-My name is Dr. Curtis Cook. I am a board clans Ad Hoc Čoalitican for Truth about Par-tial Birth Abortion, which I heiped organize after hearing the appalling medical misin-formation circulated in the media regarding this procedure. PHACT includes in its mem-diastenui-Prical Medicine and Peditarics. Many of these physicians are educators or beads of departments, and also include the former Surgeon General, C. Everett Koop. All that in required of a physician for mem-bership in an Interest in maternal and child health, and a desire to educate the popu-lation on this single issue. I mast begin my Statement by defining after comign head, beiror puncturing the base of its skull with a sharp instrument and sucking out the brain contents, thereby kill-ing at base subsequent delivery. This description Is based upon the technique of Dr. Haskell of bio, win hos subsequently identified It as accurate. He has referred to his technique as

## Document No. 53

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