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CONGRESSIONAL RECORD - SENATE

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

THE NOMINATION OF ADM. HENRY MAUZ, JR.

MCCAIN (AND OTHERS) AMENDMENT NO. 2582

Mr. McCAIN (for himself, Mr. DOLE, and Mr. COVERDELL) proposed an amendment to the motion of Mrs. Mur-RAY to recommit with instructions the nomination of Admiral Henry Mauz. Jr., to the Committee on Armed services: as follows:

At the end of the instructions add the following: The Senate finds that:

The Senate finds that:

The President has proposed to use the United States Armed Porces to intervene militarily in the situation in Halti:

The stated purpose of the proposed United States military intervention in Halti is the restoration by force of Jean-Bertrand Aristide to the Office of President of Halti:

The President has not presented a comprehensive case for United States military intervention in Halti to either the American people or their representative in Congress;

The support of the American people is critically important to the success of any offensive military action.

critically important to the success of any offensive military action;
All national public opinion surveys taken
to date establish that a substantial majority
of Americans oppose United States military
intervention in Haiti;
The State Department Country Reports on
Human Rights Practices for 1991 characterized President Aristide's regime as "unwilling or unable to restrain popular justice
through mob violence";
Allegations connecting President Aristide
to several incidents of human rights abuses,
including allegations of his involvement in

including allegations of his involvement in the assassination of a political opponent, re-

main unresolved; United States vital national security interests are not threatened by the situation in

Haiti:

It is the sense of the Senate that the

Armed Services Committee also consider the fact that it is the sense of the Senate:
That the lives of United States Armed Forces personnel should not be risked in combat for the purpose of restoring Jean-Bertrand Aristide to the office of President of Haiti.

MITCHELL (AND NUNN) AMENDMENT NO. 2583

Mr. MITCHELL (for himself and Mr. NUNN) proposed an amendment to amendment No. 2582 proposed by Mr. McCain to the motion of Mrs. MURRAY. supra; as follows:

Strike all after the first colon and insert the following:

SEC. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON THE USE OF FUNDS FOR UNITED STATES MILITARY OPERATIONS IN HAITI.

THE OPERATION OF THE SENATE OF THE SEARCH THE OPERATION COMPETER.

(a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the sense of the Senate that the Armed Services Committee also consider the fact that it is the

mittee also consider the lact that it is the sense of the Senate that— (1) all parties should honor their obliga-tions under the Governor's Island Accord of July 3, 1933, and the New York Pact of July 16, 1993;
(2) the United States has a national inter-

est in preventing uncontrolled emigration

est in preventing ancountries of the from Haiti; and
(3) the United States should remain engaged in Haiti to support national reconcili-

ation and further its interest in preventing uncontrolled emigration.

(b) LIMITATION.—It is the sense of the Senate that funds should not be obligated or expended in Haiti unless—

(1) authorized in advance by the Congress

can enter the series of the Congress; (1) authorized in advance by the Congress; (2) the temporary deployment of United States Armed Forces into Maiti is necessary in order to protect or evacuate United States citizens from a situation of imminent danger and the President reports as soon as practicable to Congress after the initiation of the temporary deployment; (3) the deployment of United States Armed Forces into Haiti is vital to the national security interests of the United States, including but not limited to the protection of American citizens in Haiti, there is not sufficient time to seek and receive congressional authorization, and the President reports as soon as is practicable to Congress after the initiation of the deployment, but in no case later than 48 hours after the initiation of the deployment; or denloyment: or

deployment; or (4) the President transmits to the Congress a written report pursuant to subsection (c). (c) REPORT.—It is the sense of the Senate that the limitation in subsection (b) should not apply if the President reports in advance to Congress that the intended deployment of United States Armed Forces into Haiti—

(1) is justified by United States national security interests;
(2) will be undertaken only after necessary steps have been taken to ensure the safety and security of United States Armed Forces, and security of United States Armed Forces, including steps to ensure that United States Armed Forces will not become targets due to the nature of their rules of engagement; (3) will be undertaken only after an assess-

ment that—

(A) the proposed mission and objectives are most appropriate for the United States Armed Forces rather than civilian personnel

or armed forces from other nations, and
(B) the United States Armed Forces proposed for deployment are necessary and sufficient to accomplish the objective of the

(4) will be undertaken only after clear objectives for the deployment are established;
(5) will be undertaken only after an exit

(5) will be undertaken only after an exit strategy for ending the deployment has been identified; and
(6) will be undertaken only after the financial costs of the deployment are estimated.
(d) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term "United States military operations in Hait!" means the continued deployment, introduction, or reintroduction of United States Armed Forces into the land territory of Haiti, irrespective of whether those Armed Forces are under United States or United Nations command, but does not include activities for the collection of foreign intelligence, activities directly related to the operations of United States diplomatic or other United States Government facilities, or operations of United States diplomatic or other United States Government facilities, or operations. United States Government facilities, or cerations to counter emigration from Haiti.

ACT TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIP-MENT RESEARCH AND MANUFAC-EQUIP-TURING COMPETITION ACT OF

ROBB AMENDMENT NO. 2584

(Ordered referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.)

Mr. ROBB submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill (S. 1822) to foster the further development of the Nation's telecommuni-

cations infrastructure and protection of the public interest, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 10, below line 24, add the follow-

ing:

"(6) To the maximum extent practicable, to ensure that every school and classroom in the United States has access to existing and innovative telecommunications and informa-

innovative telecommunications and informa-tion services and technologies.

On page 11, line 1, strike out "'(8)" and in-sert in lieu thereof "'(7)"."

On page 11, line 4, strike out "'(7)'" and insert in lieu thereof "'(8)".
On page 12, between lines 16 and 17, insert

the following:

the following:

"(3)(A) There is hereby established a fund
to be known as the Educational Telecommunications and Technology Fund (in
this section referred to as the 'Fund'). The
purpose of the Fund is to provide funding for
activities that ensure that elementary and
secondary schools in the United States have
complete access to existing and innovative
telecommunications and information techpologies and services. nologies and services.

nologies and services.

"(B)(i) Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Commission shall prescribe regulations that, notwithstanding the second sentence of paragraph (2), provide for the deposit into the Fund of such portion of the monetary contributions required under that paragraph as the Commission shall prescribe.

"(ii) The regulations under this subparagraph shall also establish guidelines governate the deposit into the Fund of all or a nor the characteristic that the Fund of all or a nor the characteristic products.

ing the deposit into the Fund of all or a por-tion of the following:

"(I) Paymente to the Commission as a re-sult of the determination of the Commission

of overcharges on the part of an entity.
"(II) Payments of penalties assessed by the

Commission.
"(iii) The Commission may prescribe in "(iii) The Commission may prescribe in regulations under this subparagraph for the deposit into the Fund of funds from such other sources (including from fees-received from auctions of the electromagnetic spectrum) and in such amounts as the Commission determines appropriate.

"(4) Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of Education and the Commission shall jointly prescribe regulations relating to the disbursement of sums in the Fund. Such regulations shall include the following provisions:

"(A) Provisions governing the utilization of sums in the Fund, including the projects for which sums in the Fund shall be available.

"(B) Provisions for determining the State and local entitles eligible for awards of sums from the Funds.

"(C) Provisions establishing a fair and ex-peditious process for the application for and selection of the entities to be awarded sums from the Fund.

"(D) Provisions governing the evaluation of the activities of entities that are awarded

or the activities of entires that are warned cums from the Fund. ((E) Provisions ensuring that entitles awarded sums in the Fund utilize such sums for the purposes for which such sums were

awarded.

On page 15, between lines 5 and 4, insert the following:

(c) Telecommunications Services for Educational Institutions—(1) Not later than 180 days after the date of emattement of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information shall, in consultation with the Federal Communications Commission and the Secretary of Education-

(A) issue a notice of inquiry into the fea-sibility of establishing an educational tele-

September 14, 1994

mmunications and technology corporation to order to provide credit and grant funds to support the mational goal of ensuring that el-ementary and secondary schools have com-plete access to existing and innovative telecommunications and information tech-

nologies and services;
(B) review alternative for an appropriate organizational form for such a corporation;

commend to tional form for such a corporation.

(2) The Assistant Secretary shall complete. Proceedings on the notice of inquiry and publish the recommendations referred to in Daragraph (I)(C) not later than I year after the date of enactment of this Act.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Mr. MITCHELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet at 2 p.m. on Wednesday, September 14, 1994, in open session, to consider the following pending nominations: Mr. Paul G. Kaminaki, to be Under Secretary of Desense for Acquisition and Technology and Hon. Frederick F.Y. Pang, to be Assistant Secretary of Defense for Force Management.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without

Objection, it is so ordered.

OCHMITTER ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION

Mr. MITCHELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committhe on Commerce, Science, and Transportation be authorized to meet on September 14, 1994, at 9:30 a.m. on the nomination of Gus Owen to be a member of the Interstate Commerce Commissio

The PRESIDING OFFICER, Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Mr. MTTCHELL, Mr. President, I ask unanimous coment that the Committhese an Finance be permitted to meet today, Sephember 14, 1994 at 10:39 a.m., to hear witnesses testify on S. 1634, the Superfund Referm Act of 1994 and to hear and consider the nominations of Stuart L. Brown, to be an assistant general counsel in the Department of the Treasury and chief counsel for the Internal Revenue Service: Frank Neuman, to be Deputy Secretary of the Treasury, and Edward Knight to be general counsel of the Treasury.

The PRESIDING OFFICER: Without

objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTER ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. MITCHELL. Mr. President, I ask unadosous concent that the Commit-tee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, September 14, 1334, at 2 p.m., in soom 225 Senate Dirksen Office Building on the accessations of Jesus L. Desmis to be U.S. circuit index for the diffin concept. Frederic Block to be U.S. district judge for the Eastern Dis-trict of New York, Rebert N. Chatigny to be U.S. district judge for the Dis-trict of Connecticut, Allyne R. Boss to be U.S. district judge for the Eastern

District of New York. Shira Scheindlin to be U.S. district judge for the Southern District of New York. Dominic J. Squatrito to be U.S. district judge for the District of Connecti-

The PRESIDING OFFICER, Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS' AFFAIRS

Mr. MITCHELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Veterans' Affairs be authorized to hold a hearing on pending legislation. The hearing will be held on September 14, 1994, at 2 p.m. in room 418 of the Russell Senate Office Building.
The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without

objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON SURFACE TRANSPORTATION

Mr. MITCHELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Surface Transportation Subcommittee of the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation be authorized to meet on September 14, 1994, immediately following the 9:30 a.m. nomination hearing, on truck lengths and safety.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without

objection, it is so ordered.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

S. 2329, THE MOHEGAN NATION OF CONNECTICUT LAND CLAIMS SETTLEMENT ACT OF 1994

Mr. McCAIN. Mr. President, I want to take this opportunity to make a few comments on S. 2329, the Mohegan Na-tion of Connecticut Land Claims Settlement Act of 1994. First, I want to express my sincere best wishes to the Moheran Nation for every success in all of negan Nation for every success in all of their future endeavors. I also want to congratulate them for their diligence and perseverance. They have gone about the process of becoming recog-nized by the Federal Government and resolving their claims against the State of Connecticut and the United States in accordance with all applicahis laws and a healthy respect for the rights of others.

When S. 2329 was considered by the Committee on Indian Affairs, I expressed some serious concerns about the nature of the settlement between the Mohegan Nation and the State of Connecticut. After careful review and analysis, I am now convinced that the settlement agreement reflects a fair bargain reached in good faith by the parties. Accordingly, I do not object to

e massage of S. 2329.

However, I do want to call to the attention of my colleagues that this settlement includes a compact between the State of Connecticut and the Mohe gan Nation for the conduct of class III garning activities under the Indian Garning Regulatory Act. As a condition of the settlement, the Mohegan Nation will be obligated to pay the State and the Town of Montville tens of millions of dollars. Some of these navments are in lieu of taxes which would otherwise

have been collected on lands that will be transferred to the United States to be held in trust for the Mohegan Nane field in trust for the Mohegan Na-tion. There is nothing unusual about that aspect of this settlement. Other payments will be made primarily for the privilege of engaging in gaming. Even these payments are not without precedent in Connecticut. What is unprecedented is the magnitude of the payments being made in that State by the Pequot Tribe at the present time and those that will be made by the Mohegan Nation in the future.

The Mohegan settlement happens to

come along at a time when the Committee on Indian Affairs is engaged in an extensive effort to review the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act to determine how it can be amended to resolve concerns which have been raised by tribal State and Federal officials. Among State and Federal officials. Among those concerns is the need for Federal minimum standards for the regulation of Indian gaming activities and a sufficient Federal regulatory capability to ensure the integrity of Indian garning. Senator INOUYE and I have proposed that Indian gaming activities should be assessed to pay for the costs of the required Federal regulatory activity. assessed to pay for the costs of the re-quired Federal regulatory activity. Many Indian tribes have told us that the proposed assessment would make their gaming activities unprofitable. I have no reason to doubt that this may be the case for some of the smaller more marginal operations. However, I must note that the total estimated an-nual cost for Federal regulation of Indian gaming is only a small fraction of what is presently paid to the State of Connecticut by the Pequot Tribe and what will be paid by the Mohegan Nation under this settlement.

I have to wonder if current tribal and Federal policy is focused on the proper objectives. Federal regulation of Indian gaming will benefit everyone, including the patrons of Indian gaming, the Indian tribes and the States. If we have a few Indian tribes that can afford to pay hundreds of millions of dollars to Connecticut for the privilege of gaming, then why is it not possible for those tribes and the others that are enjoying success in gaming to pay the relatively modest cost of Federal regulation so that the more marginal Indian gaming operations can be asser at a rate which will not jeopardize their continued operation?

their continued operation?

I raised this concern with several witnesses in the hearings held during July by the Committee on Indian Affairs on S. 2230, the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act Amendments Act. I have attempted to pose this question to the leadership of the Pequot Tribe, but have not had the counters of their but have not had the courtesy of their response. I will continue to seek an answer from them. I have also raised this concern with the distinguished sponsor of S. 2329, Senator Dopp, and have received his assurance that he understands my concern and is committed to working with Senator INOUYE and the Committee on Indian Affairs to find a satisfactory way to ensure that the

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