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Citation: 1 Bernard D. Reams Jr. & William H. Manz Federal Law A Legislative History of the Telecommunications of 1996 Pub. L. No. 104-104 110 Stat. 56 1996 the Communications Decency Act 1 1997

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# PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 1555, THE COMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1995

AUGUST 1, 1995.—Referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed

Mr. LINDER, from the Committee on Rules, submitted the following

# REPORT

[To accompany H. Res. 207]

The Committee on Rules, having had under consideration House Resolution 207, by a nonrecord vote, report the same to the House with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

#### BRIEF SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS OF RESOLUTION

The resolution provides for the consideration of H.R. 1555, the Communications Act of 1995 under a modified closed rule. The rule provides 90 minutes of general debate divided equally between the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committees on Commerce and the Judiciary.

The rule waives section 302(f) of the Budget Act (prohibiting consideration of legislation which exceeds a committee's allocation of

a new budget authority) against consideration of the bill.

The rule makes in order as an original bill for the purpose of amendment, the amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on Commerce and provides that the amendment be considered as read. The rule waives clause 5(a) of rule XXI (prohibiting appropriations in an authorization bill), and section 302(f) of the Budget Act (prohibiting consideration of legislation which exceeds a committee's allocation of new budget authority) against the Committee amendment in the nature of a substitute.

The rule provides first for the consideration of the amendment printed in Part 1 of the Rules Committee report, by a Member designated in the report, debatable for 30 minutes, equally divided between a proponent and a opponent. The rule also provided that the amendment be considered as read. The amendment shall not be

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subject to amendment or to a demand for a division of the question in the House or Committee of the Whole. if that amendment is adopted, the provisions of the bill, as amended, shall be considered as the original bill for the purpose of further amendment under the five-minute rule.

The rule also makes in order only those amendments printed in Part 2 of the Rules Committee report, only in the order specified, only by the Members designated in the report and only debatable for the time specified in the report, equally divided between a proponent and an opponent. These amendments shall be considered as read and shall not be subject to amendment (except as otherwise provided in the report) or to a demand for a division of the question in the House or Committee of the Whole. In addition, the rule waives all points of order against the amendments printed in the report. The rule permits the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole to postpone and cluster votes on amendments. The rule provides for one motion to recommit, with or without instructions.

Finally, the rule provides for the consideration of S. 652 in the

Finally, the rule provides for the consideration of S. 652 in the House and waives points of order against the Senate bill and against its consideration. The rule allows for a motion to strike all after the enacting clause of S. 652 and insert in lieu thereof the provisions of H.R. 1555 as passed by the House, and waives all points of order against that motion.

The rule also allows for a motion that the House insist on its amendments to S. 652 and request a conference with the Senate.

#### COMMITTEE VOTES

Pursuant to clause 2(1)(2)(B) of House rule XI the results of each rollcall vote on an amendment or motion to report, together with the names of those voting for and against, are printed below:

Rules Committee rollcall No. 175

Date: August 1, 1995.

Measure: Rule for consideration of H.R. 1555, Communications Act of 1995.

Motion By: Mr. Frost.

Summary of Motion: Make in order an amendment by Mr. Moran to prohibit preemption of State or local regulations regarding the construction of mobile communications facilities.

Results: Rejected, 5 to 6.

Vote by Member: Quillen—Nay; Dreier—Nay; Goss—Yea; Linder—Nay; Pryce—Yea; Diaz-Balart—Yea; McInnis—Nay; Waldholtz—Nay; Beilenson—Yea; Frost—Yea; Solomon—Nay.

SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS MADE IN ORDER UNDER THE RULE FOR H.R. 1555, THE COMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1995

Part 1

1-1. Bliley (VA) or a designee—Manager's amendment. (30 minutes)

Part 2 (listed in the order in which they appear in this report)

2-1. Stupak (MI)—Amend section 101 to preserve the authority of local governments to control behavior in the public rights of way

and to receive fair compensation for use of public property by com-

mercial enterprises. (10 minutes)

2-2. Convers (MI)—Amend section 101 to require prior approval by the Attorney General before a Bell operating company may enter into long distance or manufacturing. Both the Justice department and the FCC would review the State certification of "checklist" compliance. Justice may prevent Bell entry if it finds there is a "dangerous probability" that the Bell company would "successfully use market power to substantially impede competition" in the market it seeks to enter. There is no provision for judicial review of a decision by the Attorney General. (30 minutes)
2-3. Cox (CA), Wyden (OR)—Insert a new section 104 protecting

from liability those providers and users seeking to clean up the Internet and prohibiting the FCC from imposing content or any

regulation of the Internet. (20 minutes)

2-4. Markey (MA), Shays (CT)—Amend various parts of section 202 dealing with cable rate and services regulation. (30 minutes)

2-5. Markey (MA)—Amend section 302 by striking sec. 337(b)(1) and inserting a new sec. 337(b)(1) which limits television and broadcasting ownership to 35% of an aggregate national audience reach. (30 minutes)

2-6. Markey (MA), Burton (IN), Spratt (SC, Moran (VA)-Insert a new section 304 requiring the establishment of a television rating code and the manufacturing, shipping and importing of televisions that can block programs (through the use of a "V-Chip"). (30 minutes)

2-7. Coburn (OK)—Insert a new section 304 dealing with family viewing empowerment and the encouragement of the broadcasting industries in rating, evaluating and reporting on the programs made available to the viewing public. (30 minutes)

#### PART 1

#### [Manager's Amendments]

(Page & line nos. refer to Bill as Reported by the Commerce Committee)

#### [1. Resale]

Page 5, beginning on line 19, strike paragraph (3) and insert the following:

"(3) RESALE.—The duty—

"The differ services,"

"(A) to offer services, elements, features, functions, and

capabilities for resale at wholesale rates, and

(B) not to prohibit, and not to impose unreasonable or discriminatory conditions or limitations on, the resale of such services, elements, features, functions, and capabilities, on a bundled or unbundled basis, except that a carrier may prohibit a reseller that obtains at wholesale rates a service, element, feature, function, or capability that is available at retail only to a category of subscribers from offering such service, element, feature, function, or capability to a different category of subscribers.

For the purposes of this paragraph, wholesale rates shall be determined on the basis of retail rates for the service, element, feature, function, or capability provided, excluding the portion thereof attributable to any marketing, billing, collection, and other costs that are avoided by the local exchange carrier.

# [2. Entry Schedule]

Page 10, line 1, strike "15 months" and insert "6 months". Page 12, line 13, strike "245(d)" and insert "245(c)". Page 19, line 19, strike "18 months" and insert "6 months". Page 20, line 5, strike "(d)(2)" and insert "(c)(2)".

Page 24, beginning on line 1, strike subsection (c) through page 26, line 5, (and redesignate the succeeding subsections accordingly). Page 27, line 25, strike "(d)" and insert "(c)".

Page 28, line 25, strike "(g) and (h)" and insert "(f), (g), and (h)". Page 29, lines 9 and 12, strike "subsection (d)" and insert "subsection (c)".

Page 29, line 14, strike "subsection (f)" and insert "subsection (e)".

Page 30, line 2, strike "(f)" and insert "(e)".
Page 40, line 20, strike "270 days" and insert "6 months".

#### [3. State/Federal Coordination]

Page 10, after line 8, insert the following new subparagraph (and

redesignate the succeeding subparagraphs accordingly):

"(B) ACCOMMODATION OF STATE ACCESS REGULATIONS.— In prescribing and enforcing regulations to implement the requirements of this section, the Commission shall not preclude the enforcement of any regulation, order, or policy of a State commission that-

"(i) establishes access and interconnection obliga-

tions of local exchange carriers;

"(ii) is consistent with the requirements of this sec-

tion; and

"(iii) does not substantially prevent the Commission from fulfilling the requirements of this section and the purposes of this part.

Page 14, strike lines 1 through 7 and insert the following:

"(h) Avoidance of Redundant Regulations.—

"(1) COMMISSION REGULATIONS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Commission from enforcing regulations prescribed prior to the date of enactment of this part in fulfilling the requirements of this section, to the extent that such regulations are consistent with the provisions of this

"(2) STATE REGULATIONS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any State commission from enforcing regulations prescribed prior to the date of enactment of this part, or from prescribing regulations after such date of enactment, in fulfilling the requirements of this section, if (A) such regulations are consistent with the provisions of this section, and (B) the enforcement of such regulations has not been precluded under subsection (b)(4)(B).

Page 42, after line 2, insert the following new sentence:

In establishing criteria and procedures pursuant to this paragraph, the Commission shalf take into account and accommodate, to the extent reasonable and consistent with the purposes of this section, the criteria and procedures established for such purposes by State commissions prior to the effective date of the Commission's criteria and procedures under this section.

Page 45, strike lines 12 through 18 and insert the following:

"(g) AVOIDANCE OF REDUNDANT REGULATIONS.-

"(1) COMMISSION REGULATIONS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Commission from enforcing regulations prescribed prior to the date of enactment of this part in fulfilling the requirements of this section, to the extent that such regulations are consistent with the provisions of this section.

"(2) STATE REGULATIONS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any State commission from enforcing regulations prescribed prior to the effective date of the Commission's criteria and procedures under this section in fulfilling the requirements of this section, or from prescribing regulations after such date, to the extent such regulations are consistent-

"(A) with the provisions of this section; and

"(B) after such effective date, with such criteria and pro-

Page 77, line 18, insert "of the Commission" after "any regulation".

#### [4. Joint Marketing]

Page 12, beginning on line 15, strike paragraph (2) through page

13, line 2, and insert the following:

"(2) COMPETING PROVIDERS.—Paragraph (1) shall not prohibit joint marketing of services, elements, features, functions, or capabilities acquired from a Bell operating company by an unaffiliated provider that, together with its affiliates, has in the aggregate less than 2 percent of the access lines installed nationwide.

#### [5. Rural Telephone Exemption]

Page 13, beginning on line 10, strike ", technologically infeasible" and all that follows through line 11 and insert "or technologically infeasible."

Page 13, beginning on line 12, strike subsections (f) and (g)

- through line 24 and insert the following:
  (f) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN RURAL TELEPHONE COMPANIES.— Subsections (a) through (d) of this section shall not apply to a rural telephone company, until such company has received a bona fide request for services, elements, features or capabilities described in subsections (a) through (d). Following a bona fide request to the carrier and notice of the request to the State commission, the State commission shall determine within 120 days whether the request would be unduly economically burdensome, be technologically infeasible, and be consistent with subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5), (c)(1), and (c)(3) of section 247. The exemption provided by this subsection shall not apply if such carrier provides video programming services over its telephone exchange facilities in its telephone service area.
- (g) TIME AND MANNER OF COMPLIANCE.—The State shall establish, after determining pursuant to subsection (f) that a bona fide request is not economically burdensome, is technologically feasible, and is consistent with subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5), (c)(1), and (c)(3) of section 247, an implementation schedule for compliance

with such approved bona fide request that is consistent in time and manner with Commission rules.

Page 45, line 3, strike "INTERSTATE", and on line 4, strike "interstate".

#### [6. Management of Rights-of-Way]

Page 14, line 21, strike "Nothing in this" and insert the following:

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this

Page 14, line 22, strike "or local".

Page 15, after line 6, insert the following new paragraph:

(2) MANAGEMENT OF RIGHTS-OF-WAY.—Nothing in subsection (a) of this section shall affect the authority of a local government to manage the public rights-of-way or to require fair and reasonable compensation from telecommunications providers, on a competitively neutral and nondiscriminatory basis, for use of public rights-of-way on a nondiscriminatory basis, if the compensation required is publicly disclosed by such government.".

#### [7. Facilities-Based Competitor]

Page 20, beginning on line 8, strike subparagraph (A) through

line 18 and insert the following:

"(A) PRESENCE OF A FACILITIES-BASED COMPETITOR.—An agreement that has been approved under section 244 specifying the terms and conditions under which the Bell operating company is providing access and interconnection to its network facilities in accordance with section 242 for the network facilities of an unaffiliated competing provider of telephone exchange service (as defined in section 3(44)(A), but excluding exchange access service) to residential and business subscribers. For the purpose of this subparagraph, such telephone exchange service may be offered by such competing provider either exclusively over its own telephone exchange service facilities or predominantly over its own telephone exchange service facilities in combination with the resale of the services of another carrier. For the purpose of this subparagraph, services provided pursuant to subpart K of part 22 of the Commission's regulations (47 C.F.R. 22.901 et seq.) shall not be considered to be telephone exchange services. Page 21, line 2, strike "243" and insert "244".

### [8. Entry Consultations with the Attorney General]

Page 27, after line 3, insert the following new paragraph:

"(3) CONSULTATION WITH THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The Commission shall notify the Attorney General promptly of any verification submitted for approval under this subsection, and shall identify any verification that, if approved, would relieve the Bell operating company and its affiliates of the prohibition concerning manufacturing contained in section 271(a). Before making any determination under this subsection, the Commission shall consult with the Attorney General, and if the Attorney General submits any comments in writing, such comments shall be included

in the record of the Commission's decision. In consulting with and submitting comments to the Commission under this paragraph, the Attorney General shall provide to the Commission an evaluation of whether there is a dangerous probability that the Bell operating company or its affiliates would successfully use market power to substantially impede competition in the market such company seeks to enter. In consulting with and submitting comments to the Commission under this paragraph with respect to a verification that, if approved, would relieve the Bell operating company and its affiliates of the prohibition concerning manufacturing contained in section 271(a), the Attorney General shall also provide to the Commission an evaluation of whether there is a dangerous probability that the Bell operating company or its affiliates would successfully use market power to substantially impede competition in manufacturing.

Page 27, lines 4 and 12, redesignate paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively.

# [9. Out-of-Region Services]

Page 31, after line 21, insert the following new subsection (and

redesignate the succeeding subsections accordingly):

"(h) OUT-OF-REGION SERVICES.—When a Bell operating company and its affiliates have obtained Commission approval under subsection (c) for each State in which such Bell operating company and its affiliates provide telephone exchange service on the date of enactment of this part, such Bell operating company and any affiliate thereof may, notwithstanding subsection (e), provide interLATA services—

"(1) for calls originating in, and billed to a customer in, a State in which neither such company nor any affiliate provided telephone exchange service on such date of enactment; or

"(2) for calls originating outside the United States.

Page 30, beginning on line 20, strike "between local access and transport areas within a cable system franchise area" and insert "and that is located within a State".

#### [10. Separate Subsidiary]

At each of the following locations insert "interLATA" before "information": Page 33, line 8; page 35, lines 9, 16, and 20; and page

36, lines 3 and 10.

Page 33, line 11, after the period insert the following: "The requirements of this section shall not apply with respect to (1) activities in which a Bell operating company or affiliate may engage pursuant to section 245(f), or (2) incidental services in which a Bell operating company or affiliate may engage pursuant to section 245(g), other than services described in paragraph (4) of such section."

Page 37, beginning on line 20, strike subsection (k) and insert

the following:

"(k) SUNSET.—The provisions of this section shall cease to apply to any Bell operating company in any State 18 months after the date such Bell operating company is authorized pursuant to section 245(c) to provide interLATA telecommunications services in such State.

#### [11. Pricing Flexibility: Prohibition on Cross Subsidies]

Page 42, after line 22, insert the following new paragraph:

"(4) RESPONSE TO COMPETITION.—Pricing flexibility implemented pursuant to this subsection shall permit regulated telecommunications providers to respond fairly to competition by repricing services subject to competition, but shall not have the effect of changing prices for noncompetitive services or using noncompetitive services to subsidize competitive services.

#### [12. Accessibility]

Page 47, beginning on line 17, strike "whenever an undue burden" and all that follows through "paragraph (1)," on line 19 and insert the following: "whenever the requirements of paragraph (1) are not readily achievable,"

Page 47, beginning on line 24, strike "would result in" and all that follows through line 25 and insert the following: "is not readily

achievable."

Page 48, beginning on line 1, strike paragraphs (3) and (4) through page 49, line 7, and insert the following:

(3) READILY ACHIEVABLE.—The term 'readily achievable' has the meaning given it by section 301(g) of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12102(g)).

Page 49, line 8, redesignate paragraph (5) as paragraph (4).

#### [13. Media Voices]

Page 50, line 5, strike "points of view" and insert "media voices".

# [14. Slamming]

Page 50, line 23, insert "(a) PROHIBITION.—" before "No common carrier", and on page 51, after line 4, insert the following new sub-

"(b) LIABILITY FOR CHARGES.—Any common carrier that violates the verification procedures described in subsection (a) and that collects charges for telephone exchange service or telephone toll service from a subscriber shall be liable to the carrier previously selected by the subscriber in an amount equal to all charges paid by such subscriber after such violation, in accordance with such procedures as the Commission may prescribe. The remedies provided by this subsection are in addition to any other remedies available by law.

#### [15. Study Frequency]

Page 51, line 6, strike "At least once every three years," and insert "Within 3 years after the date of enactment of this part,".

#### [16. Territorial Exemption]

Page 51, beginning on line 23, strike section 253 through page 52, line 6, and conform the table of contents accordingly.

Page 51, insert close quotation marks and a period at the end of line 22.

# [17. Manufacturing Separate Subsidiary]

Page 54, beginning on line 5, strike subsections (a) and (b) and insert the following:

"(a) Limitations on Manufacturing.—

"(1) Access and interconnection required.—It shall be unlawful for a Bell operating company, directly or through an affiliate, to manufacture telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment, until the Commission has approved under section 245(c) verifications that such Bell operating company, and each Bell operating company with which it is affiliated, are in compliance with the access and interconnection re-

quirements of part II of this title.

"(2) SEPARATE SUBSIDIARY REQUIRED.—During the first 18 months after the expiration of the limitation contained in paragraph (1), a Bell operating company may engage in manufacturing telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment only through a separate subsidiary established and operated in accordance with section 246.

"(b) COLLABORATION; RESEARCH AND ROYALTY AGREEMENTS.—
"(1) COLLABORATION.—Subsection (a) shall not prohibit a Bell operating company from engaging in close collaboration with any manufacturer of customer premises equipment or telecommunications equipment during the design and development of hardware, software, or combinations thereof related to

"(2) RESEARCH; ROYALTY AGREEMENTS.—Subsection (a) shall not prohibit a Bell operating company, directly or through an

subsidiary, from-

"(A) engaging in any research activities related to manu-

facturing, and

"(B) entering into royalty agreements with manufacturers of telecommunications equipment.

#### [18. Manufacturing by Standard-Setting Organizations]

Page 56, beginning on line 1, strike subsection (d) through page line 11, and insert the following:

(d) Manufacturing Limitations for Standard-Setting Orga-

NIZATIONS.-

"(1) APPLICATION TO BELL COMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH OR MANUFACTURERS.—Bell Communications Research, Inc., or any successor entity or affiliate-

"(A) shall not be considered a Bell operating company or a successor or assign of a Bell operating company at such time as it is no longer an affiliate of any Bell operating

company; and

"(B) notwithstanding paragraph (3), shall not engage in manufacturing telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment as long as it is an affiliate of more than 1 otherwise unaffiliated Bell operating company or

successor or assign of any such company.

Nothing in this subsection prohibits Bell Communications Research, Inc., or any successor entity, from engaging in any activity in which it is lawfully engaged on the date of enactment of this subsection. Nothing provided in this subsection shall render Bell Communications Research, Inc., or any successor entity, a common carrier under title II of this Act. Nothing in this section restricts any manufacturer from engaging in any activity in which it is lawfully engaged on the date of enactment of this section.

"(2) PROPRIETARY INFORMATION.—Any entity which establishes standards for telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment, or generic network requirements for such equipment, or certifies telecommunications equipment, or customer premises equipment, shall be prohibited from releasing or otherwise using any proprietary information, designated as such by its owner, in its possession as a result of such activity, for any purpose other than purposes authorized in writing by the owner of such information, even after such

entity ceases to be so engaged.

"(3) MANUFACTURING SAFEGUARDS.—(A) Except as prohibited in paragraph (1), and subject to paragraph (6), any entity which certifies telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment manufactured by an unaffiliated entity shall only manufacture a particular class of telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment for which it is undertaking or has undertaken, during the previous 18 months, certification activity for such class of equipment through a separate affiliate.

"(B) Such separate affiliate shall—

"(i) maintain books, records, and accounts separate from those of the entity that certifies such equipment, consistent with generally acceptable accounting principles;

"(ii) not engage in any joint manufacturing activities

with such entity; and

"(iii) have segregated facilities and separate employees with such entity.

"(C) Such entity that certifies such equipment shall—

"(i) not discriminate in favor of its manufacturing affiliate in the establishment of standards, generic requirements, or product certification;

"(ii) not disclose to the manufacturing affiliate any proprietary information that has been received at any time from an unaffiliated manufacturer, unless authorized in

writing by the owner of the information; and

"(iii) not permit any employee engaged in product certification for telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment to engage jointly in sales or marketing of any such equipment with the affiliated manufacturer.

"(4) STANDARD-SETTING ENTITIES.—Any entity which is not an accredited standards development organization and which establishes industry-wide standards for telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment, or industry-wide generic network requirements for such equipment, or which certifies telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment manufactured by an unaffiliated entity, shall—

"(A) establish and publish any industry-wide standard for, industry-wide generic requirement for, or any substantial modification of an existing industry-wide standard or industry-wide generic requirement for, telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment only in compli-

ance with the following procedure:

"(i) such entity shall issue a public notice of its consideration of a proposed industry-wide standard or industry-wide generic requirement;

"(ii) such entity shall issue a public invitation to interested industry parties to fund and participate in such efforts on a reasonable and nondiscriminatory basis, administered in such a manner as not to unreasonably exclude any interested industry party;

"(iii) such entity shall publish a text for comment by such parties as have agreed to participate in the process pursuant to clause (ii), provide such parties a full opportunity to submit comments, and respond to com-

ments from such parties;

"(iv) such entity shall publish a final text of the industry-wide standard or industry-wide generic requirement, including the comments in their entirety, of any funding party which requests to have its comments so

published;

"(v) such entity shall attempt, prior to publishing a text for comment, to agree with the funding parties as a group on a mutually satisfactory dispute resolution process which such parties shall utilize as their sole recourse in the event of a dispute on technical issues as to which there is disagreement between any funding party and the entity conducting such activities, except that if no dispute resolution process is agreed to by all the parties, a funding party may utilize the dispute resolution procedures established pursuant to paragraph (5) of this subsection;

"(B) engage in product certification for telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment manu-

factured by unaffiliated entities only if-

"(i) such activity is performed pursuant to published criteria;

"(ii) such activity is performed pursuant to auditable

criteria; and

"(iii) such activity is performed pursuant to available industry-accepted testing methods and standards, where applicable, unless otherwise agreed upon by the parties funding and performing such activity;

"(C) not undertake any actions to monopolize or attempt

to monopolize the market for such services; and

"(D) not preferentially treat its own telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment, or that of its affiliate, over that of any other entity in establishing and publishing industry-wide standards or industry-wide generic requirements for, and in certification of, telecommunications equipment and customer premises equipment.

"(5) ALTERNATE DISPUTE RESOLUTION.—Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Commission shall prescribe a dispute resolution process to be utilized in the event that a dispute resolution process is not agreed upon by all the parties when establishing and publishing any industrywide standard or industry-wide generic requirement for telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment, pursuant to paragraph (4)(A)(v). The Commission shall not establish itself as a party to the dispute resolution process. Such dispute resolution process shall permit any funding party to resolve a dispute with the entity conducting the activity that significantly affects such funding party's interests, in an open, nondiscriminatory, and unbiased fashion, within 30 days after the filing of such dispute. Such disputes may be filed within 15 days after the date the funding party receives a response to its comments from the entity conducting the activity. The Commission shall establish penalties to be assessed for delays caused by referral of frivolous disputes to the dispute resolution process. The overall intent of establishing this dispute resolution provision is to enable all interested funding parties an equal opportunity to influence the final resolution of the dispute without significantly impairing the efficiency, timeliness, and technical quality of the activity.

"(6) SUNSET.—The requirements of paragraphs (3) and (4) shall terminate for the particular relevant activity when the Commission determines that there are alternative sources of industry-wide standards, industry-wide generic requirements, or product certification for a particular class of telecommunications equipment or customer premises equipment available in the United States. Alternative sources shall be deemed to exist when such sources provide commercially viable alternatives that are providing such services to customers. The Commission shall act on any application for such a determination within 90 days after receipt of such application, and shall

receive public comment on such application.

"(7) ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY.—For the purposes of administering this subsection and the regulations prescribed thereunder, the Commission shall have the same remedial authority as the Commission has in administering and enforcing the provisions of this title with respect to any common carrier subject to this Act.

"(8) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this subsection:

"(A) The term 'affiliate' shall have the same meaning as in section 3 of this Act, except that, for purposes of paragraph (1)(B)—

"(i) an aggregate voting equity interest in Bell Communications Research, Inc., of at least 5 percent of its total voting equity, owned directly or indirectly by more than 1 otherwise unaffiliated Bell operating company, shall constitute an affiliate relationship; and

"(ii) a voting equity interest in Bell Communications Research, Inc., by any otherwise unaffiliated Bell operating company of less than 1 percent of Bell Communications Research's total voting equity shall not be considered to be an equity interest under this paragraph.

"(B) The term 'generic requirement' means a description of acceptable product attributes for use by local exchange carriers in establishing product specifications for the purchase of telecommunications equipment, customer premises equipment and software integral thereto

ises equipment, and software integral thereto.

"(C) The term 'industry-wide' means activities funded by or performed on behalf of local exchange carriers for use in providing wireline local exchange service whose combined total of deployed access lines in the United States constitutes at least 30 percent of all access lines deployed by telecommunications carriers in the United States as of the date of enactment.

"(D) The term 'certification' means any technical process whereby a party determines whether a product, for use by more than one local exchange carrier, conforms with the

specified requirements pertaining to such product.

"(E) The term 'accredited standards development organization' means an entity composed of industry members which has been accredited by an institution vested with the responsibility for standards accreditation by the industry.

#### [19. Electronic Publishing]

Page 64, after line 21, insert the following new subsection (and

redesignate the succeeding subsections accordingly):

"(d) BELL OPERATING COMPANY REQUIREMENT.—A Bell operating company under common ownership or control with a separated affiliate or electronic publishing joint venture shall provide network access and interconnections for basic telephone service to electronic publishers at just and reasonable rates that are tariffed (so long as rates for such services are subject to regulation) and that are not higher on a per-unit basis than those charged for such services to any other electronic publisher or any separated affiliate engaged in electronic publishing.

electronic publishing.

Page 69, line 4, strike "wireline telephone exchange service" and insert "any wireline telephone exchange service, or wireline telephone exchange service.

phone exchange service facility,".

#### [20. Alarm Monitoring]

Page 71, beginning on line 17, strike "1995, except that" and all that follows through line 21 and insert "1995.".

#### [21. CMRS Joint Marketing]

Page 78, line 17, strike the close quotation marks and following

period and after line 17, insert the following new subsection:

"(c) COMMERCIAL MOBILE SERVICE JOINT MARKETING.—Notwithstanding section 22.903 of the Commission's regulations (47 C.F.R. 22.903) or any other Commission regulation, or any judicial decree or proposed judicial decree, a Bell operating company or any other company may, except as provided in sections 242(d) and 246 as they relate to wireline service, jointly market and sell commercial mobile services in conjunction with telephone exchange service, exchange access, intraLATA telecommunications service, interLATA telecommunications service, and information services."

#### [22. Online Family Empowerment]

Page 78, before line 18, insert the following new section (and redesignate the succeeding sections and conform the table of contents accordingly):

# SEC. 104. ONLINE FAMILY EMPOWERMENT.

Title II of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 230 (as added by section 103 of this Act) the following new section:

"SEC. 231. PROTECTION FOR PRIVATE BLOCKING AND SCREENING OF OFFENSIVE MATERIAL; FCC CONTENT AND ECONOMIC REGULATION OF COMPUTER SERVICES PROHIBITED.

"(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

"(1) The rapidly developing array of Internet and other interactive computer services available to individual Americans represent an extraordinary advance in the availability of educational and informational resources to our citizens.

"(2) These services offer users a great degree of control over the information that they receive, as well as the potential for even greater control in the future as technology develops.

"(3) The Internet and other interactive computer services offer a forum for a true diversity of political discourse, unique opportunities for cultural development, and myriad avenues for intellectual activity.

"(4) The Internet and other interactive computer services have flourished, to the benefit of all Americans, with a mini-

mum of government regulation.

"(5) Increasingly Americans are relying on interactive media for a variety of political, educational, cultural, and entertainment services.

"(b) POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to—

"(1) promote the continued development of the Internet and other interactive computer services and other interactive media;

"(2) preserve the vibrant and competitive free market that presently exists for the Internet and other interactive computer

services, unfettered by State or Federal regulation;

"(3) encourage the development of technologies which maximize user control over the information received by individuals, families, and schools who use the Internet and other interactive computer services;

"(4) remove disincentives for the development and utilization of blocking and filtering technologies that empower parents to restrict their children's access to objectionable or inappropriate

online material; and

"(5) ensure vigorous enforcement of criminal laws to deter and punish trafficking in obscenity, stalking, and harassment

by means of computer.

"(c) PROTECTION FOR 'GOOD SAMARITAN' BLOCKING AND SCREENING OF OFFENSIVE MATERIAL.—No provider or user of interactive computer services shall be treated as the publisher or speaker of any information provided by an information content provider. No provider or user of interactive computer services shall be held liable on account of—

"(1) any action voluntarily taken in good faith to restrict access to material that the provider or user considers to be obscene, lewd, lascivious, filthy, excessively violent, harassing, or otherwise objectionable, whether or not such material is constitutionally protected; or

"(2) any action taken to make available to information content providers or others the technical means to restrict access

to material described in paragraph (1).

"(d) FCC REGULATION OF THE INTERNET AND OTHER INTERACTIVE COMPUTER SERVICES PROHIBITED.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to grant any jurisdiction or authority to the Commission with respect to content or other regulation of the Internet or other interactive computer services.

"(e) Effect on Other Laws.—

"(1) NO EFFECT ON CRIMINAL LAW.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to impair the enforcement of section 223 of this Act, chapter 71 (relating to obscenity) or 110 (relating to sexual exploitation of children) of title 18, United States Code, or any other Federal criminal statute.

(2) NO EFFECT ON INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or expand any law

pertaining to intellectual property.

"(3) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent any State from enforcing any State law that is consistent with this section.

"(f) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

"(1) INTERNET.—The term 'Internet' means the international network computer of both Federal and non-Federal

interoperable packet switched data networks.

"(2) INTERACTIVE COMPUTER SERVICE.—The term 'interactive computer service' means any information service that provides computer access to multiple users via modem to a remote computer server, including specifically a service that provides access to the Internet.

"(3) INFORMATION CONTENT PROVIDER.—The term 'information content provider' means any person or entity that is responsible, in whole or in part, for the creation or development of information provided by the Internet or any other interactive computer service, including any person or entity that creates or develops blocking or screening software or other techniques to permit user control over offensive material.".

# [23. Forbearance]

Page 77, line 20, strike "if the Commission" and insert "unless the Commission".

Page 77, line 23, and page 78, line 4, strike "is not necessary" and insert "is necessary"

Page 78, line 4, strike "and" and insert "or".

Page 78, line 6, strike "is consistent" and insert "is inconsistent".

#### [24. Pole Attachments]

Page 87, line 1, after "ensuring that" insert the following: , when the parties fail to negotiate a mutually agreeable rate,"

Page 87, line 9, insert "to" after "benefit", and on line 11, strike "attachments" and insert "attaching entities".

Page 87, line 16, strike "and"; on line 17, redesignate subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (D); and after line 16 insert the following new subparagraph:

"(C) recognize that the pole, duct, conduit, or right-of-way has a value that exceeds costs and that value shall be reflected in any rate; and

#### [25. Required Telecommunications Services]

Page 89, line 21, strike "A franchising" and insert "Except as otherwise permitted by sections 611 and 612, a franchising".

Page 89, line 23, before "as a condition" insert the following: ",

other than intragovernmental telecommunications services,".

#### [26. Facilities Siting]

Page 90, beginning on line 11, strike paragraph (7) through line

6 on page 93 and insert the following:

"(7) FACILITIES SITING POLICIES.—(A) Within 180 days after enactment of this paragraph, the Commission shall prescribe and make effective a policy to reconcile State and local regula-tion of the siting of facilities for the provision of commercial mobile services or unlicensed services with the public interest in fostering competition through the rapid, efficient, and nationwide deployment of commercial mobile services or unlicensed services.

"(B) Pursuant to subchapter III of chapter 5, title 5, United States Code, the Commission shall establish a negotiated rulemaking committee to negotiate and develop a proposed policy to comply with the requirements of this paragraph. Such committee shall include representatives from State and local governments, affected industries, and public safety agencies.

"(C) The policy prescribed pursuant to this subparagraph

shall take into account-

"(i) the need to enhance the coverage and quality of commercial mobile services and unlicensed services and foster competition in the provision of commercial mobile services

and unlicensed services on a timely basis;

"(ii) the legitimate interests of State and local governments in matters of exclusively local concern, and the need to provide State and local government with maximum flexibility to address such local concerns, while ensuring that such interests do not prohibit or have the effect of precluding any commercial mobile service or unlicensed service;

"(iii) the effect of State and local regulation of facilities

siting on interstate commerce;

"(iv) the administrative costs to State and local governments of reviewing requests for authorization to locate facilities for the provision of commercial mobile services or

unlicensed services; and

"(v) the need to provide due process in making any decision by a State or local government or instrumentality thereof to grant or deny a request for authorization to locate, construct, modify, or operate facilities for the provision of commercial mobile services or unlicensed services.

"(D) The policy prescribed pursuant to this paragraph shall provide that no State or local government or any instrumentality thereof may regulate the placement, construction, modification, or operation of such facilities on the basis of the environmental effects of radio frequency emissions, to the extent that such facilities comply with the Commission's regulations con-

cerning such emissions.

"(E) The proceeding to prescribe such policy pursuant to this paragraph shall supercede any proceeding pending on the date of enactment of this paragraph relating to preemption of State and local regulation of tower siting for commercial mobile services, unlicensed services, and providers thereof. In accordance with subchapter III of chapter 5, title 5, United States Code, the Commission shall periodically establish a negotiated rulemaking committee to review the policy prescribed by the Commission under this paragraph and to recommend revisions to such policy.

"(F) For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'unlicensed service' means the offering of telecommunications using duly authorized devices which do not require individual licenses.".

Page 94, line 2, strike "cost-based".

#### [27. Telecommunications Development Fund]

Page 101, after line 23, insert the following new section (and redesignate the succeeding section and conform the table of contents accordingly):

#### SEC. 111. TELECOMMUNICATIONS DEVELOPMENT FUND.

(a) DEPOSIT AND USE OF AUCTION ESCROW ACCOUNTS.—Section 309(j)(8) of the Act (47 U.S.C. 309(j)(8)) is amended by adding at

the end the following new subparagraph:

"(C) DEPOSIT AND USE OF AUCTION ESCROW ACCOUNTS.— Any deposits the Commission may require for the qualification of any person to bid in a system of competitive bidding pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in an interest bearing account at a financial institution designated for purposes of this subsection by the Commission (after consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury). Within 45 days following the conclusion of the competitive bidding—

"(i) the deposits of successful bidders shall be paid

to the Treasury;

"(ii) the deposits of unsuccessful bidders shall be re-

turned to such bidders; and

"(iii) the interest accrued to the account shall be transferred to the Telecommunications Development Fund established pursuant to section 10 of this Act.".

(b) ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATION OF FUND.—Title I of the Act is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

#### "SEC. 10. TELECOMMUNICATIONS DEVELOPMENT FUND.

"(a) PURPOSE OF SECTION.—It is the purpose of this section—

"(1) to promote access to capital for small businesses in order to enhance competition in the telecommunications industry;

"(2) to stimulate new technology development, and promote

employment and training; and

"(3) to support universal service and promote delivery of telecommunications services to underserved rural and urban areas.

"(b) ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.—There is hereby established a body corporate to be known as the Telecommunications Development Fund, which shall have succession until dissolved. The Fund shall maintain its principal office in the District of Columbia and shall be deemed, for purposes of venue and jurisdiction in civil actions, to be a resident and citizen thereof.

"(c) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—

- "(1) COMPOSITION OF BOARD; CHAIRMAN.—The Fund shall have a Board of Directors which shall consist of 7 persons appointed by the Chairman of the Commission. Four of such directors shall be representative of the private sector and three of such directors shall be representative of the Commission, the Small Business Administration, and the Department of the Treasury, respectively. The Chairman of the Commission shall appoint one of the representatives of the private sector to serve as chairman of the Fund within 30 days after the date of enactment of this section, in order to facilitate rapid creation and implementation of the Fund. The directors shall include members with experience in a number of the following areas: finance, investment banking, government banking, communications law and administrative practice, and public policy.
- "(2) TERMS OF APPOINTED AND ELECTED MEMBERS.—The directors shall be eligible to serve for terms of 5 years, except of the initial members, as designated at the time of their appointment—

"(A) 1 shall be eligible to service for a term of 1 year;

- "(B) 1 shall be eligible to service for a term of 2 years; "(C) 1 shall be eligible to service for a term of 3 years; "(D) 2 shall be eligible to service for a term of 4 years; and
- "(E) 2 shall be eligible to service for a term of 5 years (1 of whom shall be the Chairman).

Directors may continue to serve until their successors have

been appointed and have qualified.

- "(3) MEETINGS AND FUNCTIONS OF THE BOARD.—The Board of Directors shall meet at the call of its Chairman, but at least quarterly. The Board shall determine the general policies which shall govern the operations of the Fund. The Chairman of the Board shall, with the approval of the Board, select, appoint, and compensate qualified persons to fill the offices as may be provided for in the bylaws, with such functions, powers, and duties as may be prescribed by the bylaws or by the Board of Directors, and such persons shall be the officers of the Fund and shall discharge all such functions, powers, and duties.
- "(d) ACCOUNTS OF THE FUND.—The Fund shall maintain its accounts at a financial institution designated for purposes of this section by the Chairman of the Board (after consultation with the Commission and the Secretary of the Treasury). The accounts of the Fund shall consist of—

"(1) interest transferred pursuant to section 309(j)(8)(C) of his Act:

"(2) such sums as may be appropriated to the Commission for advances to the Fund;

"(3) any contributions or donations to the Fund that are ac-

cepted by the Fund; and

"(4) any repayment of, or other payment made with respect to, loans, equity, or other extensions of credit made from the Fund.

"(e) USE OF THE FUND.—All moneys deposited into the accounts

of the Fund shall be used solely for-

"(1) the making of loans, investments, or other extensions of credits to eligible small businesses in accordance with subsection (f);

"(2) the provision of financial advise to eligible small busi-

nesses;

"(3) expenses for the administration and management of the Fund:

"(4) preparation of research, studies, or financial analyses; and

"(5) other services consistent with the purposes of this section.

"(f) LENDING AND CREDIT OPERATIONS.—Loans or other extensions of credit from the Fund shall be made available to eligible small business on the basis of—

"(1) the analysis of the business plan of the eligible small

business;

"(2) the reasonable availability of collateral to secure the loan or credit extension;

"(3) the extent to which the loan or credit extension promotes

the purposes of this section; and

"(4) other lending policies as defined by the Board.

"(g) RETURN OF ADVANCES.—Any advances appropriated pursuant to subsection (b)(2) shall be upon such terms and conditions (including conditions relating to the time or times of repayment) as the Board determines will best carry out the purposes of this section, in light of the maturity and solvency of the Fund.

"(h) GENERAL CORPORATE POWERS.—The Fund shall have

power-

"(1) to sue and be sued, complain and defend, in its corporate name and through its own counsel;

"(2) to adopt, alter, and use the corporate seal, which shall

be judicially noticed;

"(3) to adopt, amend, and repeal by its Board of Directors, bylaws, rules, and regulations as may be necessary for the conduct of its business;

"(4) to conduct its business, carry on its operations, and have officers and exercise the power granted by this section in any State without regard to any qualification or similar statute in any State;

"(5) to lease, purchase, or otherwise acquire, own, hold, improve, use, or otherwise deal in and with any property, real, personal, or mixed, or any interest therein, wherever situated;

"(6) to accept gifts or donations of services, or of property, real, personal, or mixed, tangible or intangible, in aid of any of the purposes of the Fund;

"(7) to sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, and otherwise dispose of its property and assets;

"(8) to appoint such officers, attorneys, employees, and agents as may be required, to determine their qualifications, to define their duties, to fix their salaries, require bonds for them, and fix the penalty thereof; and

"(9) to enter into contracts, to execute instruments, to incur liabilities, to make loans and equity investment, and to do all things as are necessary or incidental to the proper management of its affairs and the proper conduct of its business.

"(i) ACCOUNTING, AUDITING, AND REPORTING.—The accounts of the Fund shall be audited annually. Such audits shall be conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by independent certified public accountants. A report of each such audit shall be furnished to the Secretary of the Treasury and the Commission. The representatives of the Secretary and the Commission shall have access to all books, accounts, financial records, reports, files, and all other papers, things, or property belonging to or in use by the Fund and necessary to facilitate the audit.

"(j) REPORT ON AUDITS BY TREASURY.—A report of each such

audit for a fiscal year shall be made by the Secretary of the Treasury to the President and to the Congress not later than 6 months following the close of such fiscal year. The report shall set forth the scope of the audit and shall include a statement of assets and liabilities, capital and surplus or deficit; a statement of surplus or deficit analysis; a statement of income and expense; a statement of sources and application of funds; and such comments and information as may be deemed necessary to keep the President and the Congress informed of the operations and financial condition of the Fund, together with such recommendations with respect thereto as the Secretary may deem advisable.

"(k) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

"(1) ELIGIBLE SMALL BUSINESS.—The term 'eligible small business' means business enterprises engaged in the telecommunications industry that have \$50,000,000 or less in annual revenues, on average over the past 3 years prior to submitting the application under this section.

"(2) FUND.—The term 'Fund' means the Telecommunications

Development Fund established pursuant to this section.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY.—The communications industry' means communications businesses using regulated or unregulated facilities or services and includes the broadcasting, telephony, cable, computer, data transmission, software, programming, advanced messaging, and electronics businesses.".

#### [28. Telemedicine Report]

Page 101, after line 23, insert the following new section (and redesignate the succeeding sections and conform the table of contents accordingly):

#### SEC. 112. REPORT ON THE USE OF ADVANCED TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES.

The Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and other appropriate departments and agencies, shall submit a report to the Committee on Commerce of the House

of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science and Transportation of the Senate concerning the activities of the Joint Working Group on Telemedicine, together with any findings reached in the studies and demonstrations on telemedicine funded by the Public Health Service or other Federal agencies. The report shall examine questions related to patient safety, the efficacy and quality of the services provided, and other legal, medical, and economic issues related to the utilization of advanced telecommunications services for medical purposes. The report shall be submitted to the respective Committees annually, by January 31, beginning in 1996.

Page 101, after line 23, insert the following new section (and redesignate the succeeding sections and conform the table of contents

accordingly):

# SEC. 113. TELECOMMUTING PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM.

(a) Telecommuting Research Programs and Public Information Dissemination.—The Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information, in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Labor, and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall, within three months of the date of enactment of this Act, carry out research to identify successful telecommuting programs in the public and private sectors and provide for the dissemination to the public of information regarding—

(1) the establishment of successful telecommuting programs;

and

(2) the benefits and costs of telecommuting.

(b) REPORT.—Within one year of the date of enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information shall report to Congress the findings, conclusions, and recommendations regarding telecommuting developed under this section.

#### [29. Video Platform]

Page 103, line 13, insert "(other than section 652)" after "part V". Page 104, strike lines 3 through 5 and insert the following:

"(iii) has not established a video platform in accordance with

section 653.".

Page 109, line 24, strike "shall" and insert "may".

Page 113, line 1, strike "15 months" and insert "6 months".

Page 113, line 25, after "concerning" insert the following: "sports exclusivity (47 C.F.R. 76.67),", and on page 114, line 1, after the close parenthesis insert a comma.

Page 115, beginning on line 20, strike paragraph (2) through page 116, line 4, and on page 116, line 5, redesignate subsection

(c) as paragraph (2).

Page 116, beginning on line 9, strike subsection (d) through line

Page 130, line 22, before "the Commission" insert "270 days have elapsed since".

# [30. Cable Complaint Threshold]

Page 127, line 4, strike "5 percent" and insert "3 percent".

## [31. Navigation Devices]

Page 136, beginning on line 24, strike "Such regulations" and all that follows through the period on page 137, line 2.

Page 137, line 7, strike "bundled with or".
Page 137, after line 8, insert the following new subsection (and

redesignate the succeeding subsections accordingly):

"(c) PROTECTION OF SYSTEM SECURITY.—The Commission shall not prescribe regulations pursuant to subsection (b) which would jeopardize the security of a telecommunications system or impede the legal rights of a provider of such service to prevent theft of service.

Page 137, line 10, strike "may" and insert "shall".

Page 137, line 13, strike "the introduction of a new" and insert "assist the development or introduction of a new or improved".

Page 137, line 14, insert "or technology" after "service".

Page 137, after line 14, insert the following new subsection (and redesignate the succeeding subsection accordingly):

"(e) Avoidance of Redundant Regulations.-

"(1) MARKET COMPETITIVENESS DETERMINATIONS.—Determinations made or regulations prescribed by the Commission with respect to market competitiveness of customer premises equipment prior to the date of enactment of this section shall fulfill the requirements of this section.

"(2) REGULATIONS.—Nothing in this section affects the Com-

mission's regulations governing the interconnection and competitive provision of customer premises equipment used in con-

nection with basic telephone service.

#### [32. Cable/Broadcast/MMDS Cross Ownership]

Page 154, lines 9 and 10, strike subsection (b) and insert the fol-

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 613(a) of the Act (47

U.S.C. 533(a)) is amended-

by striking paragraph (1);

(2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as subsection (a);

(3) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively; (4) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (1) (as so redes-

(5) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (2) (as so redesignated) and inserting "; and"; and

(6) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:(3) shall not apply the requirements of this paragraph in any area in which there are two or more unaffiliated wireline providers of video programming services."

# [33. Foreign Ownership]

Page 155, line 8, insert "held," after "granted,".

Page 155, beginning on line 12, strike subparagraph (A) through line 19 and insert the following:

"(A) the President determines—

'(i) that the foreign country of which such alien is a citizen, in which such corporation is organized, or in which the foreign government is in control is party to an international agreement which requires the United States to provide national or most-favored-nation treatment in the grant of common carrier licenses; and "(ii) that not applying subsection (b) would be consistent with national security and effective law enforcement; or

Page 155, beginning on line 23, strike paragraphs (2) through (5)

through page 157, line 21, and insert the following:

(2) COMMISSION CONSIDERATIONS.—In making its determination under paragraph (1), the Commission shall abide by any decision of the President whether application of section (b) is in the public interest due to national security, law enforcement, foreign policy or trade (including direct investment as it relates to international trade policy) concerns, or due to the interpretation of international agreements. In the absence of a decision by the President, the Commission may consider, among other public interest factors, whether effective competitive opportunities are available to United States nationals or corporations in the applicant's home market. Upon receipt of an application that requires a determination under this paragraph, the Commission shall cause notice of the application to be given to the President or any agencies designated by the President to receive such notification. The Commission shall not make a determination under paragraph (1)(B) earlier than 30 days after the end of the pleading cycle or later than 180 days after the end of the pleading cycle.

"(3) FURTHER COMMISSION REVIEW.—The Commission may determine that, due to changed circumstances relating to United States national security or law enforcement, a prior determination under paragraph (1) ought to be reversed or altered. In making this determination, the Commission shall accord great deference to any recommendation of the President with respect to United States national security or law enforcement.

If a determination under this paragraph is made then—

"(A) subsection (b) shall apply with respect to

"(A) subsection (b) shall apply with respect to such aliens, corporation, and government (or their representatives) on the date that the Commission publishes notice of its determination under this paragraph; and

"(B) any license held, or application filed, which could not be held or granted under subsection (b) shall be reviewed by the Commission under the provisions of para-

graphs (1)(B) and (2).

"(4) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—The President and the Commission shall notify the appropriate committees of the Congress of any determinations made under paragraph (1), (2), or (3).

"(5) MISCELLANEOUS.—Any Presidential decisions made under the provisions of this subsection shall not be subject to judicial review.".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATES.—The amendments made by this section shall not apply to any proceeding commenced before the date of enactment of this Act.

#### [34. License Renewal]

Page 161, beginning on line 18, strike "filed on or after May 31, 1995" and insert "pending or filed on or after the date of enactment of this Act".

# [35. Ship Distress and Safety Systems]

Page 162, beginning on line 1, strike section 307 through line 8 and insert the following:

# SEC. 307. AUTOMATED SHIP DISTRESS AND SAFETY SYSTEMS.

Notwithstanding any provision of the Communications Act of 1934 or any other provision of law or regulation, a ship documented under the laws of the United States operating in accordance with the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System provisions of the Safety of Life at Sea Convention shall not be required to be equipped with a radio telegraphy station operated by one or more radio officers or operators. This section shall take effect for each vessel upon a determination by the United States Coast Guard that such vessel has the equipment required to implement the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System installed and operating in good working condition.

#### [36. Certification and Testing of Equipment]

Page 162, after line 22, insert the following new section (and conform the table of contents accordingly):

# SEC. 310. DELEGATION OF EQUIPMENT TESTING AND CERTIFICATION TO PRIVATE LABORATORIES.

Section 302 of the Act (47 U.S.C. 302) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(e) Use of Private Organizations for Testing and Certifi-

CATION.—The Commission may-

"(1) authorize the use of private organizations for testing and certifying the compliance of devices or home electronic equipment and systems with regulations promulgated under this section;

"(2) accept as prima facie evidence of such compliance the

certification by any such organization; and

"(3) establish such qualifications and standards as it deems appropriate for such private organizations, testing, and certification.".

# [37. Supersession]

Page 163, beginning on line 4, strike subsection (a) through page

164, line 19, and insert the following:

(a) MODIFICATION OF FINAL JUDGMENT.—This Act and the amendments made by title I of this Act shall supersede only the following sections of the Modification of Final Judgment:

(1) Section II(C) of the Modification of Final Judgment, relating to deadline for procedures for equal access compliance.

(2) Section II(D) of the Modification of Final Judgment, relating to line of business restrictions.

(3) Section VIII(A) of the Modification of Final Judgment, relating to manufacturing restrictions.

(4) Section VIII(C) of the Modification of Final Judgment, relating to standard for entry into the interexchange market.

(5) Section VIII(D) of the Modification of Final Judgment, relating to prohibition on entry into electronic publishing.

(6) Section VIII(H) of the Modification of Final Judgment, re-

lating to debt ratios at the time of transfer.

(7) Section VIII(J) of the Modification of Final Judgment, relating to prohibition on implementation of the plan of reorganization before court approval.

Page 164, line 20, insert "or in the amendments made by this

Act" after "this Act".

Page 164, beginning on line 23, strike "Except as provided in paragraph (2), parts" and insert "Parts".

Page 165, beginning on line 3, strike paragraph (2) through line

6 and insert the following:

"(2) STATE TAX SAVINGS PROVISION.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), nothing in this Act or the amendments made by this Act shall be construed to modify, impair, or supersede, or authorize the modification, impairment, or supersession of, any State or local law pertaining to taxation, except as provided in sections 243(e) and 622 of the Communications Act of 1934 and section 402 of this Act.".

Page 166, after line 5, insert the following new subsection:

(g) ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the terms "Modification of Final Judgment" and "Bell operating company" have the same meanings provided such terms in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934.

#### [38. 1984 Consent Decree]

Page 165, beginning on line 7, strike subsection (d) through line

15 and insert the following:

(d) APPLICATION TO OTHER ACTION.—This Act shall supersede the final judgment entered December 21, 1984 and as restated January 11, 1985, in the action styled United States v. GTE Corp., Civil Action No. 83–1298, in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, and any judgment or order with respect to such action entered on or after December 21, 1984, and such final judgment shall not be enforced with respect to conduct occurring after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### [39. Wireless Successors]

Page 165, beginning on line 17, strike "subject to the provisions" and insert "considered to be an affiliate, a successor, or an assign of a Bell operating company under section III".

#### [40. DBS Taxation]

Beginning on page 166, strike line 6 and all that follows through line 20 of page 167, and insert the following:

# SEC. 402. PREEMPTION OF LOCAL TAXATION WITH RESPECT TO DBS SERVICE.

(a) PREEMPTION.—A provider of direct-to-home satellite service shall be exempt from the collection or remittance, or both, of any tax or fee imposed by any local taxing jurisdiction with respect to the provision of direct-to-home satellite service. Nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt from collection or remittance any tax or fee on the sale of equipment.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this section—

(1) DIRECT-TO-HOME SATELLITE SERVICE.—The term "direct-to-home satellite service" means the transmission or broadcasting by satellite of programming directly to the subscribers' premises without the use of ground receiving or distribution equipment, except at the subscribers' premises or in the uplink process to the satellite.

(2) PROVIDER OF DIRECT-TO-HOME SATELLITE SERVICE.—For purposes of this section, a "provider of direct-to-home satellite service" means a person who transmits, broadcasts, sells, or

distributes direct-to-home satellite service.

(3) LOCAL TAXING JURISDICTION.—The term "local taxing jurisdiction" means any municipality, city, county, township, parish, transportation district, or assessment jurisdiction, or any other local jurisdiction in the territorial jurisdiction of the United States with the authority to impose a tax or fee, but does not include a State.

(4) STATE.—The term "State" means any of the several States, the District of Columbia, or any territory or possession

of the United States.

(5) TAX OR FEE.—The terms "tax" and "fee" mean any local sales tax, local use tax, local intangible tax, local income tax, business license tax, utility tax, privilege tax, gross receipts tax, excise tax, franchise fees, local telecommunications tax, or any other tax, license, or fee that is imposed for the privilege of doing business, regulating, or raising revenue for a local taxing jurisdiction.

(c) PRESERVATION OF STATE AUTHORITY.—This section shall not be construed to prevent taxation of a provider of direct-to-home satellite service by a State or to prevent a local taxing jurisdiction from receiving revenue derived from a tax or fee imposed and col-

lected by a State.

#### [41. Protection of Minors]

Page 167, after line 20, insert the following new section (and conform the table of contents accordingly):

SEC. 403. PROTECTION OF MINORS AND CLARIFICATION OF CURRENT LAWS REGARDING COMMUNICATION OF OBSCENE AND INDECENT MATERIALS THROUGH THE USE OF COMPUTERS.

(a) PROTECTION OF MINORS.—

(1) GENERALLY.—Section 1465 of title 18, United States

Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"Whoever intentionally communicates by computer, in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce, to any person the communicator believes has not attained the age of 18 years, any material that, in context, depicts or describes, in terms patently offensive as measured by contemporary community standards, sexual or excretory activities or organs, or attempts to do so, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both."

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS RELATING TO FORFEITURE.—

(A) Section 1467(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "communicated," after "transported,".

(B) Section 1467 of title 18, United States Code, is amended in subsection (a)(1), by striking "obscene".

(C) Section 1469 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "communicated," after "transported," each place it appears.

(b) CLARIFICATION OF CURRENT LAWS REGARDING COMMUNICA-TION OF OBSCENE MATERIALS THROUGH THE USE OF COMPUTERS.—

(1) IMPORTATION OR TRANSPORTATION.—Section 1462 of title 18, United States Code, is amended-

(A) in the first undesignated paragraph, by inserting "(including by computer) after "thereof"; and

(B) in the second undesignated paragraph—

(i) by inserting "or receives," after "takes";

(ii) by inserting ", or by computer," after "common carrier"; and

(iii) by inserting "or importation" after "carriage".

(2) TRANSPORTATION FOR PURPOSES OF SALE OR DISTRIBU-TION.—The first undesignated paragraph of section 1465 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking "transports in" and inserting "transports

or travels in, or uses a facility or means of,";

(B) by inserting "(including a computer in or affecting such commerce)" after "foreign commerce" the first place it appears; and

(C) by striking ", or knowingly travels in" and all that follows through "obscene material in interstate or foreign commerce," and inserting "of".

#### [42. Cable Access]

Page 170, line 21, after the period insert the following: "For purposes of section 242, such term shall not include the provision of video programming directly to subscribers.".

#### PART 2

2-1. AN AMENDMENT TO BE OFFERED BY REPRESENTATIVE STUPAK OF MICHIGAN OR A DESIGNEE, DEBATABLE FOR 10 MINUTES

Page 14, beginning on line 8, strike section 243 through page 16, line 9, and insert the following (and conform the table of contents accordingly):

# SEC. 243. REMOVAL OF BARRIERS TO ENTRY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—No State or local statute or regulation, or other State or local legal requirement, may prohibit or have the effect of prohibiting the ability of any entity to provide interstate or intrastate telecommunications services.

(b) STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this section shall affect the ability of a State or local government to impose, on a competitively neutral basis and consistent with section 247 (relating to universal service), requirements necessary to preserve and advance universal service, protect the public safety and welfare, ensure the continued quality of telecommunications services, and safeguard the rights of consumers.

(c) LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this Act affects the authority of a local government to manage the public rights-of-way or to require fair and reasonable compensation from

telecommunications providers, on a competitively neutral and nondiscriminatory basis, for use of the rights-of-way on a nondiscriminatory basis, if the compensation required is publicly disclosed by such government.

(d) EXCEPTION.—In the case of commercial mobile services, the provisions of section 332(c)(3) shall apply in lieu of the provisions

of this section.

2-2. AN AMENDMENT TO BE OFFERED BY REPRESENTATIVE CON-YERS OF MICHIGAN OR A DESIGNEE, DEBATABLE FOR 30 MINUTES

Page 26, strike line 6 and insert the following:

"(c) COMMISSION AND ATTORNEY GENERAL REVIEW.—

Page 26, lines 8 and 10, page 27, lines 6 and 9, strike "Commission" and insert "Commission and Attorney General".

Page 27, line 12, insert "COMMISSION" before "DECISION". Page 27, after line 21, insert the following new paragraph:

"(5) STANDARD FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL DECISION.—The Attorney General shall approve such verification unless the Attorney General finds there is a dangerous probability that such company or its affiliates would successfully use market power to substantially impede competition in the market such company seeks to enter.

Page 29, line 8, insert "and the Attorney General's" after "the

Commission's".

2–3. AN AMENDMENT TO BE OFFERED BY REPRESENTATIVE COX OF CALIFORNIA OR REPRESENTATIVE WYDEN OF OREGON OR THEIR DESIGNEE, DEBATABLE FOR 20 MINUTES

Page 78, before line 18, insert the following new section (and redesignate the succeeding sections and conform the table of contents accordingly):

# SEC. 104. ONLINE FAMILY EMPOWERMENT.

Title II of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"SEC. 230. PROTECTION FOR PRIVATE BLOCKING AND SCREENING OF OFFENSIVE MATERIAL; FCC REGULATION OF COMPUTER SERVICES PROHIBITED.

"(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

"(1) The rapidly developing array of Internet and other interactive computer services available to individual Americans represent an extraordinary advance in the availability of educational and informational resources to our citizens.

"(2) These services offer users a great degree of control over the information that they receive, as well as the potential for even greater control in the future as technology develops.

"(3) The Internet and other interactive computer services offer a forum for a true diversity of political discourse, unique opportunities for cultural development, and myriad avenues for intellectual activity.

"(4) The Internet and other interactive computer services have flourished, to the benefit of all Americans, with a minimum of government regulation.

"(5) Increasingly Americans are relying on interactive media for a variety of political, educational, cultural, and entertain-

ment services.

"(b) POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to—

"(1) promote the continued development of the Internet and other interactive computer services and other interactive media;

"(2) preserve the vibrant and competitive free market that presently exists for the Internet and other interactive computer

services, unfettered by State or Federal regulation;

"(3) encourage the development of technologies which maximize user control over the information received by individuals, families, and schools who use the Internet and other interactive computer services;

"(4) remove disincentives for the development and utilization of blocking and filtering technologies that empower parents to restrict their children's access to objectionable or inappropriate

online material; and

"(5) ensure vigorous enforcement of criminal laws to deter and punish trafficking in obscenity, stalking, and harassment

by means of computer.

- "(c) PROTECTION FOR 'GOOD SAMARITAN' BLOCKING AND SCREEN-ING OF OFFENSIVE MATERIAL.—No provider or user of interactive computer services shall be treated as the publisher or speaker of any information provided by an information content provider. No provider or user of interactive computer services shall be held liable on account of—
  - "(1) any action voluntarily taken in good faith to restrict access to material that the provider or user considers to be obscene, lewd, lascivious, filthy, excessively violent, harassing, or otherwise objectionable, whether or not such material is constitutionally protected; or

"(2) any action taken to make available to information content providers or others the technical means to restrict access

to material described in paragraph (1).

"(d) FCC REGULATION OF THE INTERNET AND OTHER INTERACTIVE COMPUTER SERVICES PROHIBITED.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to grant any jurisdiction or authority to the Commission with respect to content or any other regulation of the Internet or other interactive computer services.

"(e) Effect on Other Laws.—

"(1) NO EFFECT ON CRIMINAL LAW.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to impair the enforcement of section 223 of this Act, chapter 71 (relating to obscenity) or 110 (relating to sexual exploitation of children) of title 18, United States Code, or any other Federal criminal statute.

"(2) NO EFFECT ON INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or expand any law

pertaining to intellectual property.

"(3) In GENERAL.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent any State from enforcing any State law that is consistent with this section.

"(f) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

"(1) INTERNET.—The term 'Internet' means the international computer network of both Federal and non-Federal

interoperable packet switched data networks.

"(2) INTERACTIVE COMPUTER SERVICE.—The term 'interactive computer service' means any information service that provides computer access to multiple users via modem to a remote computer server, including specifically a service that provides access to the Internet.

"(3) INFORMATION CONTENT PROVIDER.—The term 'information content provider' means any person or entity that is responsible, in whole or in part, for the creation or development of information provided by the Internet or any other interactive computer service, including any person or entity that creates or develops blocking or screening software or other techniques to permit user control over offensive material.

"(4) INFORMATION SERVICE.—The term 'information service' means the offering of a capability for generating, acquiring, storing, transforming, processing, retrieving, utilizing, or making available information via telecommunications, and includes electronic publishing, but does not include any use of any such capability for the management, control, or operation of a telecommunications system or the management of a telecommunications service."

2–4. An Amendment To Be Offered by Representative Markey of Massachusetts or Representative Shays of Connecticut or Their Designee, Debatable for 30 Minutes

Page 126, after line 16, insert the following new subsection (and redesignate the succeeding subsections accordingly):

(f) STANDARD FOR UNREASONABLE RATES FOR CABLE PROGRAM-MING SERVICES.—Section 623(c)(2) of the Act (47 U.S.C. 543(c)) is

amended to read as follows:

"(2) STANDARD FOR UNREASONABLE RATES.—The Commission may only consider a rate for cable programming services to be unreasonable if such rate has increased since June 1, 1995, determined on a per-channel basis, by a percentage that exceeds the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (as determined by the Department of Labor) since such date."

Page 127, line 4, strike "or 5 percent" and all that follows

through "greater," on line 6.
Page 129, strike lines 16 through 21 and insert the following:

"(d) UNIFORM RATE STRUCTURE.—A cable operator shall have a uniform rate structure throughout its franchise area for the provision of cable services.".

Page 130, line 16, insert "and" after the semicolon, and strike line 20 and all that follows through line 2 on page 131 and insert the following:

directly to subscribers in the franchise area and such franchise area is also served by an unaffiliated cable system.".

Page 131, strike line 6 and all that follows through line 21, and insert the following:

"(m) SMALL CABLE SYSTEMS.—

"(1) SMALL CABLE SYSTEM RELIEF.—A small cable system shall not be subject to subsections (a), (b), (c), or (d) in any franchise area with respect to the provision of cable programming services, or a basic service tier where such tier was the only tier offered in such area on December 31, 1994.

"(2) DEFINITION OF SMALL CABLE SYSTEM.—For purposes of this subsection, 'small cable system' means a cable system

that—

"(A) directly or through an affiliate, serves in the aggregate fewer than 250,000 cable subscribers in the United States; and

"(B) directly serves fewer than 10,000 cable subscribers

in its franchise area.".

2–5. An Amendment To Be Offered by Representative Markey of Massachusetts or a Designee, Debatable for 30 Minutes

Page 150, beginning on line 24, strike paragraph (1) through line

17 on page 151 and insert the following:

"(1) NATIONAL AUDIENCE REACH LIMITATIONS.—The Commission shall prohibit a person or entity from obtaining any license if such license would result in such person or entity directly or indirectly owning, operating, or controlling, or having a cognizable interest in, television stations which have an aggregate national audience reach exceeding 35 percent. Within 3 years after such date of enactment, the Commission shall conduct a study on the operation of this paragraph and submit a report to the Congress on the development of competition in the television marketplace and the need for any revisions to or elimination of this paragraph.

Page 150, line 4, strike "(a) AMENDMENT.—".

Page 150, line 9, after "section," insert "and consistent with section 613(a) of this Act,".

Page 154, strike lines 9 and 10.

2–6. An Amendment To Be Offered by Representative Markey of Massachusetts or Representative Burton of Indiana or Their Designee, Debatable for 30 Minutes

Page 157, after line 21, insert the following new section (and redesignate the succeeding sections and conform the table of contents accordingly):

SEC. 304. PARENTAL CHOICE IN TELEVISION PROGRAMMING.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Television influences children's perception of the values and behavior that are common and acceptable in society.

(2) Television station operators, cable television system operators, and video programmers should follow practices in con-

nection with video programming that take into consideration that television broadcast and cable programming has established a uniquely pervasive presence in the lives of American children.

(3) The average American child is exposed to 25 hours of television each week and some children are exposed to as much

as 11 hours of television a day.

(4) Studies have shown that children exposed to violent video programming at a young age have a higher tendency for violent and aggressive behavior later in life that children not so exposed, and that children exposed to violent video programming are prone to assume that acts of violence are acceptable behavior.

(5) Children in the United States are, on average, exposed to an estimated 8,000 murders and 100,000 acts of violence on television by the time the child completes elementary school.

(6) Studies indicate that children are affected by the pervasiveness and casual treatment of sexual material on television, eroding the ability of parents to develop responsible attitudes and behavior in their children.

(7) Parents express grave concern over violent and sexual video programming and strongly support technology that would give them greater control to block video programming in the home that they consider harmful to their children.

(8) There is a compelling governmental interest in empowering parents to limit the negative influences of video program-

ming that is harmful to children.

(9) Providing parents with timely information about the nature of upcoming video programming and with the technological tools that allow them easily to block violent, sexual, or other programming that they believe harmful to their children is the least restrictive and most narrowly tailored means of achieving that compelling governmental interest.

(b) ESTABLISHMENT OF TELEVISION RATING CODE.—Section 303 of the Act (47 U.S.C. 303) is amended by adding at the end the follow-

ing:
"(v) Prescribe-

"(1) on the basis of recommendations from an advisory committee established by the Commission that is composed of parents, television broadcasters, television programming producers, cable operators, appropriate public interest groups, and other interested individuals from the private sector and that is fairly balanced in terms of political affiliation, the points of view represented, and the functions to be performed by the committee, guidelines and recommended procedures for the identification and rating of video programming that contains sexual, violent, or other indecent material about which parents should be informed before it is displayed to children, provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to authorize any rating of video programming on the basis of its political or religious content; and

"(2) with respect to any video programming that has been rated (whether or not in accordance with the guidelines and recommendations prescribed under paragraph (1)), rules requiring distributors of such video programming to transmit such rating to permit parents to block the display of video programming that they have determined is inappropriate for their children."

(c) REQUIREMENT FOR MANUFACTURE OF TELEVISIONS THAT BLOCK PROGRAMS.—Section 303 of the Act, as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"(w) Require, in the case of apparatus designed to receive television signals that are manufactured in the United States or imported for use in the United States and that have a picture screen 13 inches or greater in size (measured diagonally), that such apparatus be equipped with circuitry designed to enable viewers to block display of all programs with a common rating, except as otherwise permitted by regulations pursuant to section 330(c)(4).".

(d) SHIPPING OR IMPORTING OF TELEVISIONS THAT BLOCK PRO-

GRAMS.

(1) REGULATIONS.—Section 330 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 330) is amended-

(A) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(B) by adding after subsection (b) the following new sub-

section (c):

"(c)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), no person shall ship in interstate commerce, manufacture, assemble, or import from any foreign country into the United States any apparatus described in section 303(w) of this Act except in accordance with rules prescribed by the Commission pursuant to the authority granted by that section.

"(2) This subsection shall not apply to carriers transporting appa-

ratus referred to in paragraph (1) without trading it.

"(3) The rules prescribed by the Commission under this subsection shall provide for the oversight by the Commission of the adoption of standards by industry for blocking technology. Such rules shall require that all such apparatus be able to receive the rating signals which have been transmitted by way of line 21 of the vertical blanking interval and which conform to the signal and blocking specifications established by industry under the supervision of the Commission.

"(4) As new video technology is developed, the Commission shall take such action as the Commission determines appropriate to ensure that blocking service continues to be available to consumers. If the Commission determines that an alternative blocking tech-

nology exists that—

"(A) enables parents to block programming based on identify-

ing programs without ratings,

(B) is available to consumers at a cost which is comparable to the cost of technology that allows parents to block program-

ming based on common ratings, and

"(C) will allow parents to block a broad range of programs on a multichannel system as effectively and as easily as technology that allows parents to block programming based on common ratings,

the Commission shall amend the rules prescribed pursuant to section 303(w) to require that the apparatus described in such section be equipped with either the blocking technology described in such section or the alternative blocking technology described in this

paragraph.".".

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 330(d) of such Act, as redesignated by subsection (a)(1), is amended by striking "section 303(s), and section 303(u)" and inserting in lieu thereof "and sections 303(s), 303(u), and 303(w)".

(e) APPLICABILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATES.—

- (1) APPLICABILITY OF RATING PROVISION.—The amendment made by subsection (b) of this section shall take effect 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, but only if the Commission determines, in consultation with appropriate public interest groups and interested individuals from the private sector, that distributors of video programming have not, by such date—
  - (A) established voluntary rules for rating video programming that contains sexual, violent, or other indecent material about which parents should be informed before it is displayed to children, and such rules are acceptable to the Commission; and

(B) agreed voluntarily to broadcast signals that contain

ratings of such programming.

- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE OF MANUFACTURING PROVISION.—In prescribing regulations to implement the amendment made by subsection (c), the Federal Communications Commission shall, after consultation with the television manufacturing industry, specify the effective date for the applicability of the requirement to the apparatus covered by such amendment, which date shall not be less than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- 2-7. AN AMENDMENT TO BE OFFERED BY REPRESENTATIVE COBURN OF OKLAHOMA OR A DESIGNEE AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR THE AMENDMENT NUMBERED 2-6. OFFERED BY REPRESENTATIVE MARKEY, DEBATABLE FOR 30 MINUTES

Page 157, after line 21, insert the following new section (and redesignate the succeeding sections and conform the table of contents accordingly):

# SEC. 304. FAMILY VIEWING EMPOWERMENT.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Television is pervasive in daily life and exerts a powerful influence over the perceptions of viewers, especially children, concerning the society in which we live.

(2) Children completing elementary school have been exposed to 25 or more hours of television per week and as many as 11

hours per day.

(3) Children completing elementary school have been exposed to an estimated average of 8,000 murders and 100,000 acts of violence on television.

(4) Studies indicate that the exposure of young children to such levels of violent programming correlates to an increased tendency toward and tolerance of violent and aggressive behavior in later years.

(5) Studies also suggest that the depiction of other material such as sexual conduct in a cavalier and amoral context may undermine the ability of parents to instill in their children responsible attitudes regarding such activities.

(6) Studies also suggest that a significant relationship exists between exposure to television violence and antisocial acts, in-

cluding serious, violent criminal offenses.

(7) Parents and other viewers are increasingly demanding that they be empowered to make and implement viewing choices for themselves and their families.

(8) The public is becoming increasingly aware of and con-

cerned about objectionable video programming content.

(9) The broadcast television industry and other video programmers have a responsibility to assess the impact of their work and to understand the damage that comes from the incessant, repetitive, mindless violence and irresponsible content.

(10) The broadcast television industry and other video programming distributors should be committed to facilitating viewers' access to the information and capabilities required to prevent the exposure of their children to excessively violent and otherwise objectionable and harmful video programming.

(11) The technology for implementing individual viewing choices is rapidly advancing and numerous options for viewer control are or soon will be available in the marketplace at af-

fordable prices.

(12) There is a compelling national interest in ensuring that parents are provided with the information and capabilities required to prevent the exposure of their children to excessively violent and otherwise objectionable and harmful video programming.

(b) POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to—

(1) encourage broadcast television, cable, satellite, syndication, other video programming distributors, and relevant related industries (in consultation with appropriate public interest groups and interested individuals from the private sector) to—

(A) establish a technology fund to encourage television and electronics equipment manufacturers to facilitate the development of technology which would empower parents to block programming they deem inappropriate for their children;

(B) report to the viewing public on the status of the development of affordable, easy to use blocking technology;

and

- (C) establish and promote effective procedures, standards, systems, advisories, or other mechanisms for ensuring that users have easy and complete access to the information necessary to effectively utilize blocking technology; and
- (2) evaluate whether, not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, industry-wide procedures, standards, systems, advisories, or other mechanisms established by the broadcast television, cable, satellite, syndication, other video programming distribution, and relevant related industries—

(A) are informing viewers regarding their options to utilize blocking technology; and

(B) encouraging the development of blocking tech-

nologies. (c) GAO AUDIT.—

(1) AUDIT REQUIRED.—No later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress an evaluation of—

(A) the proliferation of new and existing blocking tech-

nology;

(B) the accessibility of information to empower viewing choices; and

(C) the consumer satisfaction with information and technological solutions.

(2) CONTENTS OF EVALUATION.—The evaluation shall—

(A) describe the blocking technology available to viewers including the costs thereof; and

(B) assess the extent of consumer knowledge and atti-

tudes toward available blocking technologies;

(3) describe steps taken by broadcast, cable, satellite, syndication, and other video programming distribution services to inform the public and promote the availability of viewer empowerment technologies, devices, and techniques;

(4) evaluate the degree to which viewer empowerment tech-

nology is being utilized;

(5) assess consumer satisfaction with technological options; and

(6) evaluate consumer demand for information and technological solutions.

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# Document No. 5